

Trend of Today's Markets  
Stocks firm. Bonds strong. Curb steady.  
Foreign exchange mixed. Cotton steady.  
Wheat higher. Corn firm.  
DOL. 90. NO. 149.

## BRITISH SEND TWO PATROL FLEETS TO CAPTURE SPANISH REBEL SUBMARINE

Warships Steam Out After English Steamer Eudymon Is Torpedoed, With 11 Lost, Off Coast Near Cartagena.

## UNBOATS PREPARED TO USE DEPTH BOMBS

Destroyers Ordered to Attack If Insurgent's Craft Resists—Sea Lord Takes Up Sinking in House of Commons.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The British steamer Eudymon was torpedoed off Cape Tinoos, near Cartagena, in southeastern Spain, according to an announcement made last night by the British Admiralty. The 887-ton vessel was on a voyage from Gibraltar to the Canary Islands. The Spanish Government announced that the ship was carrying 11 crew members and was carrying a cargo of coal. The British Admiralty said that the ship was sunk by a submarine. The British Government has ordered the destruction of the ship and the capture of the submarine. The British Government has also ordered the destruction of the ship and the capture of the submarine. The British Government has also ordered the destruction of the ship and the capture of the submarine.

## SENATE COMMITTEE DELAYS FINAL ACTION ON JACKSON

Nominee for Solicitor-General to Be Asked About His Anti-Monopoly Beliefs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Senate Judiciary Committee delayed final action today on the nomination of Robert H. Jackson to be Solicitor-General, pending completion of hearings by a subcommittee Monday.

Chairman McGill (Dem., Kan.), said Jackson would be called before the subcommittee to answer questions of Senators Klop (Dem., Utah), and Austin (Rep., Vermont), about anti-monopoly speeches he made early this month. Jackson now is Assistant Attorney-General in charge of the anti-trust division. McGill indicated that there was little doubt the full committee would report the nomination favorably.

## EUGENE DU PONT APPEALS \$63,000 CLAIM FOR TAXES

Father-in-Law of F. D. Roosevelt Jr. Denies Deficiency and Says He Overpaid by \$102,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Eugene du Pont, father-in-law of Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr., denied today he owed the Government more taxes for 1935 and said that on the contrary he overpaid \$102,000.

Du Pont appealed to the Board of Tax Appeals for a \$63,382 deficiency claimed by the Internal Revenue Bureau on gifts to his daughters and the Christiana Securities Co., a personal holding company. Du Pont contended the deductions for gifts to his daughters were proper and said other stock gifts to his personal holding company had been overvalued to the extent of about \$300,000.

## CORTES KEEPS MEETING PLACE SECRET TO PREVENT AIR RAID

Spanish Parliament Holds Session in Monastery, Votes Confidence in Legal Government.

BARCELONA, Spain, Feb. 1.—The Spanish Parliament voted confidence tonight in the Madrid-Barcelona Government.

It met in a monastery at Montserrat, about 25 miles from here. The session was not announced in advance. Authorities had postponed a meeting scheduled for Barcelona yesterday in fear that a session of the Cortes might attract insurgent air raiders.

## BRITISH TROOPS AND PLANES FIGHT LARGE BAND OF ARABS

Two Soldiers Killed, Two Wounded in Northern Palestine; Bedouin Casualties 15.

JERUSALEM, Feb. 1.—Troops assisted by Royal Air Force planes fought a large band of Arabs in the Northern Palestine district today. Two British soldiers were killed and two wounded in fighting yesterday. Arab casualties were put at 15.

The troops were on the trail of raiders who threw two bombs into the Nabulus Police Station Sunday.

## Justice Black, Minority of One, Attacks Supreme Court's Settled Stand on States and Corporations

New Member Holds Property-Protecting Clause of 14th Amendment May Be Invoked Only by Natural Persons.

By RAYMOND P. BRANDT, A Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

## CLOUDY, ABOUT 32 TONIGHT; WARMER, RAIN TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Cloudy tonight; warmer tomorrow; rain tomorrow. Temperature tonight about 32. Missouri: Mostly cloudy, probably snow or rain in northwest portion tonight and tomorrow, and in east and south portions tomorrow; rising temperature tonight, and in east and south portions tomorrow; rising temperature.

## SENATE COMMITTEE DELAYS FINAL ACTION ON JACKSON

Nominee for Solicitor-General to Be Asked About His Anti-Monopoly Beliefs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Senate Judiciary Committee delayed final action today on the nomination of Robert H. Jackson to be Solicitor-General, pending completion of hearings by a subcommittee Monday.

## EUGENE DU PONT APPEALS \$63,000 CLAIM FOR TAXES

Father-in-Law of F. D. Roosevelt Jr. Denies Deficiency and Says He Overpaid by \$102,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Eugene du Pont, father-in-law of Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr., denied today he owed the Government more taxes for 1935 and said that on the contrary he overpaid \$102,000.

## CORTES KEEPS MEETING PLACE SECRET TO PREVENT AIR RAID

Spanish Parliament Holds Session in Monastery, Votes Confidence in Legal Government.

BARCELONA, Spain, Feb. 1.—The Spanish Parliament voted confidence tonight in the Madrid-Barcelona Government.

## BRITISH TROOPS AND PLANES FIGHT LARGE BAND OF ARABS

Two Soldiers Killed, Two Wounded in Northern Palestine; Bedouin Casualties 15.

JERUSALEM, Feb. 1.—Troops assisted by Royal Air Force planes fought a large band of Arabs in the Northern Palestine district today. Two British soldiers were killed and two wounded in fighting yesterday. Arab casualties were put at 15.

## SENATE COMMITTEE DELAYS FINAL ACTION ON JACKSON

Nominee for Solicitor-General to Be Asked About His Anti-Monopoly Beliefs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Senate Judiciary Committee delayed final action today on the nomination of Robert H. Jackson to be Solicitor-General, pending completion of hearings by a subcommittee Monday.

## EUGENE DU PONT APPEALS \$63,000 CLAIM FOR TAXES

Father-in-Law of F. D. Roosevelt Jr. Denies Deficiency and Says He Overpaid by \$102,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Eugene du Pont, father-in-law of Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr., denied today he owed the Government more taxes for 1935 and said that on the contrary he overpaid \$102,000.

## CORTES KEEPS MEETING PLACE SECRET TO PREVENT AIR RAID

Spanish Parliament Holds Session in Monastery, Votes Confidence in Legal Government.

BARCELONA, Spain, Feb. 1.—The Spanish Parliament voted confidence tonight in the Madrid-Barcelona Government.

## BRITISH TROOPS AND PLANES FIGHT LARGE BAND OF ARABS

Two Soldiers Killed, Two Wounded in Northern Palestine; Bedouin Casualties 15.

JERUSALEM, Feb. 1.—Troops assisted by Royal Air Force planes fought a large band of Arabs in the Northern Palestine district today. Two British soldiers were killed and two wounded in fighting yesterday. Arab casualties were put at 15.

## CASHIER WULLER SURRENDERS ON STATE WARRANT

Goes to Sheriff's Office to Give Bond on Embezzlement Charge in Belleville Bank Thefts.

## BAIL FOR RELEASE FIXED AT \$25,000

Examiners Continue Audit; They Think They Have Found All, or Nearly All, of Defalcations.

George E. Wuller, cashier of the Belleville Bank & Trust Co., surrendered at the St. Clair County Sheriff's office there at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon on a warrant charging him with embezzling \$175,000 from the bank.

## NINE CONVICTED OF THE WOMACKS' MAIL FRAUD PLOT

Eight of Family of Accident Fakers and Woman Friend Found Guilty in U. S. Court.

## 13 OTHER COUNTS AGAINST 3 OF THEM

Judge Allows Three Days for Motions—Offenses Punishable by Fines and Prison Terms.

The failing Womacks, rubber-legged East St. Louis family of eight, and their friend, Miss Margaret Robertson, also a member of the Womack family, were found guilty of conspiracy to use the mails to defraud in fake accident claims in a sealed verdict returned before United States District Judge Fred L. Wham in East St. Louis today.

In addition, Mrs. Bertha Womack, the star tumbler of the gang; her husband, John Womack, an insurance agent and his daughter, Mrs. Mildred Wells, a pretty good tumbler herself, were found guilty on all 13 counts of the indictment charging use of the mails to defraud. In the process of collecting fake damage claims, the evidence showed, they had been so injudicious as to use the mails in trying to collect indemnities from insurance companies for faked falls.

Esides Womack, his wife, Mrs. Bertha, and Miss Robertson, the other defendants are Mrs. Joe Miller and Mrs. John Ehrman, also daughters of Womack; their husbands and Mrs. Felix's husband, Thomas Felix.

After the verdict had been read, Judge Wham informed defense counsel that he would have three days within which to file a motion for a new trial, and that arguments would be heard next Tuesday, with sentence to be passed immediately if the motion is overruled.

Maximum Penalties. Conspiracy to defraud is a crime under federal law, punishable by a fine of \$10,000; for mail fraud, five years and \$10,000 fine.

D. J. Behl, shoe factory foreman of Pittsburg, who was foreman of the jury, told a Post-Dispatch reporter that on the first ballot the jury was unanimous in finding Womack, his wife and Mrs. Felix guilty on all of the 13 counts of the indictment. There was disagreement as to the others, however, and the jury was unable to reach a verdict on the remaining two counts, reaching the final verdict, which Behl described as a compromise.

Some of the jurors, he said, had maintained that the other defendants also were guilty of mail fraud. The verdict was reached at 12:10 a. m. today after six hours of deliberation and was returned in court at 9:15. The jury received the case at 4:45 p. m. yesterday after an afternoon of argument of counsel followed by instructions of the court, to which the Womacks, their relatives and Miss Robertson listened intently.

Their air of light-hearted unconcern, diminishing steadily since the trial began Jan. 24, disappeared finally yesterday afternoon as Assistant United States Attorney Ray Foreman, in his closing address to the jury, summarized the amazing career of the family, which made a specialty of falling anywhere and everywhere, and collecting for faked injuries by the damage claim route.

Summary of 66 Cases. It was a damning summary, 66 cases in which the four women had aided on unseen pencils, tripped on light cords, fallen in buses, tumbled out of taxicabs, or otherwise faked injuries with the object of collecting from insurance companies. In 39 of these instances, the prosecutor recalled, they had collected \$2085. In several of the cases they had used the mails in the course of settlement negotiations. All of the defendants, he declared, were involved in the conspiracy by which the damage settlements were made.

Harold Bandy, the ruddy-faced defense lawyer, didn't have as much to work with. Admitting that his clients had participated in frauds, he pictured them as "poor persecuted people" and leveled much of his fire on the "big insurance companies," and the "big corporations," which, he intimated rather broadly, wanted his clients sent to the penitentiary.

Once during the argument he was interrupted by Judge Wham, who reminded him that the United States, not the insurance companies, was prosecuting the case. The lawyer appeared to agree with this, and closed his argument with the statement that he would call for a new trial.

Earlier he conferred with United Automobile Workers' officers on unemployment problems. They urged him to recommend an immediate federal appropriation of \$120,000, 600 to provide employment and direct relief in Michigan.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt said at his press conference today that a White House conference would be held soon on ways to help the railroads.

He said Walter M. W. Splawn, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, had suggested the railroad meeting and was arranging for various people to attend. No date has been set.

Subjects to be discussed, the President said, include financing, but rate increases will be excluded. The Commerce Commission now has pending before it an application by all roads for a 15 per cent freight rate increase.

The President, in response to a question, said loans for small businesses and industries was another early subject which would be given preliminary study by the administration.

Earlier he conferred with United Automobile Workers' officers on unemployment problems. They urged him to recommend an immediate federal appropriation of \$120,000, 600 to provide employment and direct relief in Michigan.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

## Convicted of Faking Accidents

MRS. BERTHA WOMACK. MRS. JOE MILLER.



MRS. THOMAS FELIX. MARGARET ROBERTSON.

## PLEA BY FRANCE TO END BOMBING OF CIVILIANS

Premier Calls on Other Powers to Join in Seeking Agreement in Spain.

By the Associated Press. PARIS, Feb. 1.—Premier Chauvignat announced tonight he had sent an appeal to governments of other powers to join with France in putting an end to "murderous bombardments" of Spanish civil populations.

The French Government considers itself duty bound to do everything possible to bring an agreement between the Spanish Government and insurgents to end their air bombings of open cities, he said in a statement to the press.

With M. Delbos (Foreign Minister Yvon Delbos) I have begun conference to secure the help of other powers in this initiative, the statement continued. "We have addressed an urgent appeal to the humanitarian instincts of governments and peoples."

"Bombing operations from the air directed against civil populations rather than military objectives have greatly increased. There is not a man with any heart in the world who does not have a feeling of revolt against these massacres."

The Barcelona Government, in pointing out that it acts only in reprisal, has declared it was ready to renounce these bombardments if the same disposition was manifested at Salamanca (the insurgent capital)."

## ROOSEVELT WILL CONFER ON WAYS TO AID RAILROADS

Financing and Rates to Be Discussed, He Announces at Press Conference.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt said at his press conference today that a White House conference would be held soon on ways to help the railroads.

He said Walter M. W. Splawn, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Commission, had suggested the railroad meeting and was arranging for various people to attend. No date has been set.

Subjects to be discussed, the President said, include financing, but rate increases will be excluded. The Commerce Commission now has pending before it an application by all roads for a 15 per cent freight rate increase.

The President, in response to a question, said loans for small businesses and industries was another early subject which would be given preliminary study by the administration.

Earlier he conferred with United Automobile Workers' officers on unemployment problems. They urged him to recommend an immediate federal appropriation of \$120,000, 600 to provide employment and direct relief in Michigan.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

## JAPANESE ADVANCE ON FRONT SOUTH OF SUCHOW

Force From Nanking Takes Linhaiwan After Heavy Fighting, Drives Nearer Pengpu on Tientsin-Pukow Railway.

## CHINESE PUT UP STUBBORN BATTLE

They Admit "Strategic Withdrawal" to West Side of River at Mingkwang—Northern Sector in Shantung Quiet.

By the Associated Press. SHANGHAI, Feb. 1.—The Japanese army announced tonight it had smashed through desperate Chinese resistance northwest of Nanking and opened the way for fresh advances toward Suchow, junction of the important east-west Lungai Railway.

The Japanese reported they had occupied Linhaiwan, about 100 miles northwest of Nanking, and advanced along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway to within less than 100 miles of Suchow. They said their forces were within striking distance of Pengpu, where the Tientsin-Pukow railway crosses the Hwai River, next formidable barrier to their drive northward.

Chinese Admit Reverse. Chinese admitted they had given ground on this front, reporting a "strategic withdrawal" to the west bank of a river at Mingkwang, where for several days fighting had continued at close quarters, with each side reporting the other had suffered heavy losses. Mingkwang is 25 miles southeast of Linhaiwan.

Two Japanese armies, the one driving toward Pengpu and another striving to narrow the corridor of Chinese-held territory dividing the two main areas of Japanese conquest, North China and the lower Yangtze Valley. The corridor, roughly paralleling the Lungai Railway, which crosses the Tientsin-Pukow at Suchow, is about 25 miles wide.

The northern border of the corridor, on Southern Shantung Province, apparently was quiet. At least 800,000 Chinese and Japanese troops are engaged in the struggle for the area.

Inquiry Into Nanking Conditions. Japanese officials in Shanghai prepared to press their investigation of conditions at Nanking which have drawn protests from the United States Government. Major-General Masaharu Homma arranged to join Acting Ambassador Shiro Kuro Hideo at the former Chinese capital for a survey.

The United States embassy at Nanking, since the opening of the United States Embassy there following Japanese conquest of the city, was to leave for Shanghai for fuel and supplies.

Original conditions in Shanghai from Nanking said conditions in the conquered capital were improving slowly, with Japanese military authorities attempting to restore order. They added that "the troops were not yet entirely under control."

Two Americans, Dr. Fred E. Brown and Mrs. Wesley May, sailed up the Yangtze on board a Japanese vessel to resume their work at the General Hospital at Wuhu, 60 miles upstream from Nanking. Wuhu has been the base for Japanese attempts to advance up stream and has been subjected to several Chinese bombing raids.

Chinese Refugee Situation. Japanese authorities at Nanking attempted to persuade some 200,000 Chinese refugees to an improvised safety zone to return to their homes. In Shanghai, the Japanese spokesman reported, the situation of the refugees was not good. There were now 55,000 in a refugee camp in the area had 100,000.

Welsh Tug Defense Shanghai. A Welsh tug, the "Hawthorn," was reported to have been sunk by Japanese bombs in the Yangtze River.

Disorder in Shanghai. Disorder in Shanghai was reported to have been caused by Japanese troops.

Chinese Refugee Situation. Japanese authorities at Nanking attempted to persuade some 200,000 Chinese refugees to an improvised safety zone to return to their homes. In Shanghai, the Japanese spokesman reported, the situation of the refugees was not good. There were now 55,000 in a refugee camp in the area had 100,000.

Welsh Tug Defense Shanghai. A Welsh tug, the "Hawthorn," was reported to have been sunk by Japanese bombs in the Yangtze River.

Disorder in Shanghai. Disorder in Shanghai was reported to have been caused by Japanese troops.

Chinese Refugee Situation. Japanese authorities at Nanking attempted to persuade some 200,000 Chinese refugees to an improvised safety zone to return to their homes. In Shanghai, the Japanese spokesman reported, the situation of the refugees was not good. There were now 55,000 in a refugee camp in the area had 100,000.

Welsh Tug Defense Shanghai. A Welsh tug, the "Hawthorn," was reported to have been sunk by Japanese bombs in the Yangtze River.

Disorder in Shanghai. Disorder in Shanghai was reported to have been caused by Japanese troops.

Chinese Refugee Situation. Japanese authorities at Nanking attempted to persuade some 200,000 Chinese refugees to an improvised safety zone to return to their homes. In Shanghai, the Japanese spokesman reported, the situation of the refugees was not good. There were now 55,000 in a refugee camp in the area had 100,000.

Welsh Tug Defense Shanghai. A Welsh tug, the "Hawthorn," was reported to have been sunk by Japanese bombs in the Yangtze River.

Disorder in Shanghai. Disorder in Shanghai was reported to have been caused by Japanese troops.

Chinese Refugee Situation. Japanese authorities at Nanking attempted to persuade some 200,000 Chinese refugees to an improvised safety zone to return to their homes. In Shanghai, the Japanese spokesman reported, the situation of the refugees was not good. There were now 55,000 in a refugee camp in the area had 100,000.

## W P A TO PROVIDE WORK FOR 82,500 MORE PERSONS

Halls to Be Increased This Month Because of Layoffs and Drop in Private Employment.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Works Progress Administration announced today it was preparing to increase its rolls by 82,500 during February because of seasonal layoffs and drops in private employment.

Officials said the increase, if all tentative quotas were filled in February, would increase the total W. P. A. employment to 1,314,461, compared with 1,231,961 employed on Jan. 22.

Mrs. Roosevelt in Horse Show. By the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt will attend a horse show at Mount Vernon, Va., tonight, in which he is expected to ride. The show is a benefit performance to raise funds for the infantile paralysis campaign.



## ATE PASSES HOUSING BILL; VOTE 42 TO 40

Adopts Conference Report  
After Green of A. F. L.  
Wired "Insisting" That  
It Be Sent Back.

## PREVAILING WAGE PROVISO REJECTED

Proposal Lodge Slipped In  
Turned Down by Con-  
ference — Measure Now  
Goes to White House.

By MARQUESS W. CHILDS  
A Staff Correspondent of the  
Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—By the narrow margin of two votes the administration today defeated a move that would have sent back to conference and indefinite delay the administration measure to stimulate private construction of dwellings. The fight was over a prevailing wage amendment which was struck out in conference. The conference report was approved by a final vote of 42 to 40.

The Senate took this action despite a direct plea from William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, to send the measure back to a new conference committee and restore the wage amendment. Green's telegram "insisting" upon this action was read on the floor of the Senate by Senator Henry Cabot Lodge Jr., author of the wage amendment.

New Goes to White House.  
The housing bill now goes to the White House for the President's signature as the House has already adopted the conference report. It provides for loans by private mortgage associations at 5 1/2 per cent, to be guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration.

Many Democrats deserted on today's vote. But the measure was finally put over by the votes of Southerners who are not troubled by the warfare in labor ranks between the C. I. O. and A. F. of L. Even loyal supporters of the administration went against the administration. Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, a State in which the Federation has long been a political power, voted for the Lodge amendment, although he has consistently fought for New Deal legislation.

Senator Clark (Dem.), Missouri, voted with the administration to accept the conference report. He announced that Senator Truman (Dem.), Missouri, was absent, but had arranged a pair with Senator McCarran (Dem.), Nevada, and would also have voted final passage for the measure if he had been present.

Lodge Slips in Amendment.  
It was not until just before the floor vote to come to a vote on the floor of the Senate that Lodge adroitly slipped in an amendment which would have required builders to pay the wage prevailing in the community before loans could be made. Private mortgage associations could be guaranteed by Government agencies. The amendment caught administration and pro-labor Senators off guard. It was approved with scarcely a dissenting voice. Then Lodge, having accomplished his purpose, proceeded when the bill, as amended, came to vote to vote against it.

Obviously he was making political capital with the building trades unions in the A. F. of L. That approved of a prevailing wage amendment which would insure high hourly wages in these areas where building workers are organized. Yesterday, as proof of the success of his strategy, Lodge put into the record a number of letters and telegrams of congratulation from building trades councils and officials.

Chief opposition to the prevailing wage clause came from the White House itself. President Roosevelt hopes it will be possible to work out a plan to guarantee an annual wage to building trades workers. This would mean a reduction of hourly rates but, according to the President, an increase in the annual wages received by those in the building trades.

Copeland "Friend of Labor."  
When the debate was resumed today Senator Royal S. Copeland (Dem.), New York, recently denounced by the C. I. O. Maritime Union, described himself as a "friend of labor in all walks of life." Copeland was speaking in reply to a statement by Senator Robert F. Wagner (Dem.), Ohio, one of the administration's strongest supporters, who declared against the prevailing wage bill itself.

His condition has improved steadily since he received a blood transfusion from a man who recovered from a similar infection. Bass also was treated with a newly developed serum. He is 34 years old, lives at 423 Middlesex drive, Brentwood, and was on the editorial staff of the New Yorker until recently.

## Where Japan Seeks to Close Gap



ARROWS indicate the focal points of the Japanese offensive from the north and from the south along the Tientsin-Pukow railroad in an attempt to close the 175-mile corridor which separates their forces on the northern and southern fronts.

## On behalf of the prevailing wage amendment and urged a new conference report on the bill.

Stewart McDonald, administrator of the Federal Housing Administration, and George D. Kelly, Solicitor of the Department of Labor, in letters read into the record by Senator Wagner declared that if the prevailing wage clause were put back into the bill, it would be practically impossible to get private mortgage associations to lend any volume of money for housing. The provision would have the effect, according to McDonald, of making the measure practically inoperative.

Wagner was under some embarrassment in his effort to explain why he had changed his stand on the amendment. The fact is, of course, that he did not realize its implications until it was too late. The same is true of another administration supporter, Senator Robert J. Bulkley (Dem.), Ohio, who also took part in the hearings on the bill.

It was particularly embarrassing when Democratic Senators favoring the prevailing wage clause, such as Senator Russell of Georgia, pointed out that in the President's message calling on Congress for a housing bill he had more or less specifically declared against a prevailing wage provision and had suggested the possibility of a plan for guaranteed annual wages with a reduction in hourly rates.

## 8 BRITISH WARSHIPS SENT AFTER SPANISH REBEL SUBMARINE

Continued From Page One.

Italian Government is giving to the Spanish rebels in patent violation of international pledges. The Italian Government has given to the Spanish insurgents the destroyers Aquila and Falco which now sail under the Spanish Monarchist flag with the names of Velasco-Ceuta and Velasco-Mellilla. These destroyers are mine-layers of 1400 tons with 12-centimeter artillery and speeds of 14 knots.

Under identical conditions, the rebels have received the destroyers Alessandro Paoletti and Guglielmo Pepe. They were built in 1914. These are "mers" with speeds of 22 knots and 10-centimeter guns. It is not known what names the insurgents have given them.

"Also, two Italian submarines have been assigned to the rebel naval base at Soler, Mallorca. They have rebel flags and crews, and are named the Mola and San Jurjo."

## PHILIPPINE SOLDIERS KILL 4 MORE OUTLAWS IN FIGHT

Steel-Helmeted Troops Attack Fort in Lanao Province With Aid of Artillery.

MANILA, Feb. 1.—Four more outlaws were killed and four Philippine army soldiers wounded late yesterday when 140 steel-helmeted troops, supported by artillery, attacked a Moro fort in Lanao province, officials announced here today.

Fighting continued until nightfall with the soldiers only 120 feet from the main part of the fort. Ten outlaws were killed Saturday in Lanao province, when they clashed with constabularymen.

## TRANSFUSION HELPS PATIENT

Man With Staphylococcus Infection Better.

Horace Bass, a patient at Missouri Baptist Hospital suffering from a staphylococcus blood transfusion from a man who recovered from a similar infection. Bass also was treated with a newly developed serum. He is 34 years old, lives at 423 Middlesex drive, Brentwood, and was on the editorial staff of the New Yorker until recently.

## FRANCE, BRITAIN WIN LEAGUE FIGHT OVER SANCTIONS

Neutral Bloc Agrees There  
Shall Be No Unilateral  
Denunciation of Such  
Measures.

By the Associated Press.  
GENEVA, Feb. 1.—France and Great Britain today won their fight to keep the punitive machinery of the League of Nations intact. Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, The Netherlands and Switzerland—formed a League committee there would be no unilateral denunciation of the sanctions provisions.

Understand he had been reassured by the declaration of Joseph Paul-Boncour of France that the League covenant of sanctity had been increased by practice in recent years. With Germany, Japan and Italy no longer members of the League, the smaller powers had demanded freedom from obligatory sanctions. Great Britain and France had struggled to repel attacks against Article 16, the sanctions clause, by telling smaller nations they could find freedom within its framework.

Viscount Cranborne of Great Britain had supported the assurance of Paul-Boncour "that counter-security for the danger of applying sanctions is the rule of unanimity by which sanctions must be adopted."

The proposed resolution on aid to China was held up at least another day by a wrangle today within the Council over charges of steam-roller tactics.

Poland and Peru objected in a secret Council meeting to being declared they would abstain from voting in protest against the way the larger Powers—Britain, France and Russia—had drawn up the resolution among themselves for submission to the Council.

The meeting was adjourned after Dr. A. S. Quevedo of Ecuador said it would be necessary to ask his Government for new instructions. The resolution now is expected to reach the Council in public session tomorrow.

Authoritative sources said the present draft calls members' attention to the League Assembly resolution last October condemning Japan, expresses regret over the war in China, and contemplates action by interested nations to arrange a just peace.

Joseph Paul-Boncour of France and Viscount Cranborne of Great Britain denied the charges of pressure methods. Both said they had no hold on the League's resolution through the Council.

Maxim Litvinov of Soviet Russia declared today that "without coercive measures the League of Nations can not retain its being."

He told the League's Eastern Advisory Committee that opponents of the system of economic sanctions to curb warring Powers "would like to see the League a purely ornamental body like the French Academy."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

## LOYALISTS REPEL REBEL THRUST AT MINES IN SOUTH

Armies Deadlocked After  
Two-Day Battle Fails to  
Break Government Front  
in Badajoz and Cordoba.

By the Associated Press.  
HENDAYE, France, at the Spanish Frontier, Feb. 1.—Stubborn Government defense turned back the insurgent offensive in the Penarroya sector of southwestern Spain today, leaving the armies deadlocked generally after a year and a half of war.

Following two days of battle in the rugged regions dividing Badajoz and Cordoba Provinces, Government advisers say, the sudden insurgent attempt to break the front was repulsed and operations reduced to demeritary firing.

Insurgent dispatches acknowledge the advance is halted, and say troops are burying enemy dead and fortifying new positions. Just a year ago, the insurgents tried unsuccessfully to drive through the area and capture the Alameda mercury mining region.

A lull prevails around Teruel, typical of the general standstill since the Government conquest of the eastern city in December and the failure of the insurgents' counter-offensive.

The Government army tried one major attack yesterday, blowing up two mines in the Carabanchel sector and storming insurgent trenches. More than 250 insurgents were killed, Government dispatches say, but insurgent advisers report the attackers were beaten back with heavy losses.

Behind the insurgent lines, meanwhile, Generalissimo Francisco Franco's new ministry gathered at Burgos to assume its functions.

Francisco constituted the new government by decree, with himself as President-Dictator and Gen. Fidel Davila, chief of the insurgent Northern army, as National Defense Minister.

The reorganized government supplements the National Council with which Franco has ruled since last October.

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

## What Is Country's Foreign Policy, What Does Quarantine Mean? Asks Senator Johnson

Californian Says United States Is in "Pusillanimous Position of Having Threatened and Not Carried Through."

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A defense of American foreign policy by Chairman Pittman (Dem.), Nevada, of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, drew from Senator Johnson (Rep.), California, today an assertion that the United States was "in the pusillanimous position of having threatened a nation and not carried through."

Johnson, addressing the Senate, referred to President Roosevelt's Chicago speech hinting of a "quarantine" of war-making nations, and the subsequent Brussels conference which he said had failed to find an answer to the situation.

Pittman had taken the floor first to respond to Johnson's criticism of yesterday of American foreign policy.

The Nevada said the nation's foreign policy was that enunciated by President Roosevelt when he was inaugurated—"non-interference, non-intervention in the affairs of other governments."

Johnson had demanded from the administration yesterday a statement of what the American foreign policy was.

Pittman said the Senate should be advised on foreign policy from time to time, but asserted the administration's foreign policy was "distinct" and that there had been no divergence from it, since the President enunciated it at his inauguration.

"No man could any longer be in doubt as to the foreign policy," Pittman said.

But then Johnson asked whether the foreign policy was the one referred to by Pittman, or the one outlined by the President in his Chicago speech.

"He says," Johnson asserted, referring to Pittman, "that the foreign policy has continually been one of non-interference under any circumstances."

Asks What Is U. S. Foreign Policy.  
"What did it mean when the President said nations should be quarantined? It was said in the press at the time that the Secretary of State's office had worked for a week finding the appropriate word. The appropriate word was found to be quarantined."

"When that word is used by the responsible head of a nation, what was meant? Only one thing—and then, after that, we send an Ambassador to Belgium to meet with various other Governments to do or die."

He told the League's Eastern Advisory Committee that opponents of the system of economic sanctions to curb warring Powers "would like to see the League a purely ornamental body like the French Academy."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

He was discussing action by representatives of small nations yesterday in asking that the Covenant article providing for sanctions be abolished. "The slogan of such people," Litvinov said, "is everyone for himself and God for us all."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

Litvinov spoke following an address by Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo of China, who has fought for a week to have the Council provide aid for China against Japan. Dr. Koo said the League's troubles had been due chiefly "to a lack of support for the Covenant by those best able to give it."

## CLAIMANT Suing GRAND NATIONAL CROSS-EXAMINED

Admits Similarity in  
Amounts He Says He Put  
in Deposit Box and En-  
tries in Another Bank.

CHARGES \$7400 WAS  
LOST IN ROBBERY

L. Probst Confronted  
With Vandeventer Na-  
tional Records by At-  
torney Defending Case.

A jury in Federal Judge Charles J. Davis' court will pass on Robert L. Probst's claim against the Vandeventer National Bank for \$7400 which Probst says was part of the \$10,000 loot in the safe deposit robbery of the bank's quarters at Grand boulevard and Olive street. Trial of the suit was set for its second day today.

After Probst had testified yesterday that he put various sums of cash, amounting to \$4400, in the safe deposit box in 1923, and that the money, with \$3000 Liberty bonds, was there at the time of the robbery, the recorder's attorney, Hubert Hulen, questioned him.

Hulen brought out, in cross examination of Probst, the admission that in eight cases, he had deposited in the Vandeventer National Bank a sum exactly the same as that which he had testified to putting in the deposit box, and on the same day, or not more than two days after, the date which he had given.

"How did it happen," Hulen asked in each instance, "that you deposited in the Vandeventer Bank, on the same day, or a day or two later, a sum of money exactly equaling that which he was receiving at the time, which he did not appear on the books of the business."

Probst's testimony.  
Probst testified that in his direct testimony that he put \$300 in the box on Oct. 23, 1927. Hulen obtained his statement that, as shown by the Vandeventer Bank's records, he put \$300 in the box on Oct. 23, 1927, and \$100 on Nov. 13. Hulen got him to state that he had deposited \$200 in the Vandeventer Bank Oct. 26, and \$100 on Nov. 13.

To five other sums which Probst said he put in the box in 1923, Hulen got his statement that, in each case, he deposited an identical sum on the same day or not more than two days later in the Vandeventer Bank. The sums, with the dates given by Probst as to his placing them in the box, were: Jan. 13, 1923, \$200; Feb. 10, \$300; March 6, \$300; March 14, \$500; and Dec. 14, 1923, \$500.

Turns other sums which Probst said he put in the box had no corresponding entries in the bank records. These were \$950.30 on July 23, 1927; and sums of \$500 and \$200, which Probst told of having put in the box, though they were not listed on his original memorandum.

Entries in Firm's Books.  
Probst showed entries in the books of his business of withdrawal of the funds of the business, equal in amount to the sums which he said he had placed, at the same time, in the deposit box. Hulen asked him to look in the books, in each instance, for any other withdrawal of equal sums, within 60 days before or after each of the sums. No record of such withdrawals was found.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

## CLAIMANT Suing GRAND NATIONAL CROSS-EXAMINED

Admits Similarity in  
Amounts He Says He Put  
in Deposit Box and En-  
tries in Another Bank.

CHARGES \$7400 WAS  
LOST IN ROBBERY

L. Probst Confronted  
With Vandeventer Na-  
tional Records by At-  
torney Defending Case.

A jury in Federal Judge Charles J. Davis' court will pass on Robert L. Probst's claim against the Vandeventer National Bank for \$7400 which Probst says was part of the \$10,000 loot in the safe deposit robbery of the bank's quarters at Grand boulevard and Olive street. Trial of the suit was set for its second day today.

After Probst had testified yesterday that he put various sums of cash, amounting to \$4400, in the safe deposit box in 1923, and that the money, with \$3000 Liberty bonds, was there at the time of the robbery, the recorder's attorney, Hubert Hulen, questioned him.

Hulen brought out, in cross examination of Probst, the admission that in eight cases, he had deposited in the Vandeventer National Bank a sum exactly the same as that which he had testified to putting in the deposit box, and on the same day, or not more than two days after, the date which he had given.

"How did it happen," Hulen asked in each instance, "that you deposited in the Vandeventer Bank, on the same day, or a day or two later, a sum of money exactly equaling that which he was receiving at the time, which he did not appear on the books of the business."

Probst's testimony.  
Probst testified that in his direct testimony that he put \$300 in the box on Oct. 23, 1927. Hulen obtained his statement that, as shown by the Vandeventer Bank's records, he put \$300 in the box on Oct. 23, 1927, and \$100 on Nov. 13. Hulen got him to state that he had deposited \$200 in the Vandeventer Bank Oct. 26, and \$100 on Nov. 13.

To five other sums which Probst said he put in the box in 1923, Hulen got his statement that, in each case, he deposited an identical sum on the same day or not more than two days later in the Vandeventer Bank. The sums, with the dates given by Probst as to his placing them in the box, were: Jan. 13, 1923, \$200; Feb. 10, \$300; March 6, \$300; March 14, \$500; and Dec. 14, 1923, \$500.

Turns other sums which Probst said he put in the box had no corresponding entries in the bank records. These were \$950.30 on July 23, 1927; and sums of \$500 and \$200, which Probst told of having put in the box, though they were not listed on his original memorandum.

Entries in Firm's Books.  
Probst showed entries in the books of his business of withdrawal of the funds of the business, equal in amount to the sums which he said he had placed, at the same time, in the deposit box. Hulen asked him to look in the books, in each instance, for any other withdrawal of equal sums, within 60 days before or after each of the sums. No record of such withdrawals was found.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.

Probst testified that he and his partner, W. H. McGord, his partner, who said he was dissolved in 1923, at the time of the dissolution, he had \$15,000. Probst said he used \$10,000 of his share to pay off a mortgage, and kept the remaining \$5000 bonds in the box. Hulen asked if the car had not been bought on time payments, and whether the mortgage had not been paid off earlier than the time mentioned, but the witness stuck to his statements.







New United Fruit Co. President, ceeds Francis R. Hart, who died Jan. 18. Forty years ago, as an immigrant boy of 11 he bought a discharged cargo of ripe bananas and sold it to a dealer at a profit.

# KLINE'S Fashions

308-308 WASHINGTON AVE. THROUGH TO SIXTH ST.

Tomorrow at 10 a.m.

## Your CHOICE! UNRESTRICTED!

ENTIRE STOCK OF WINTER FUR-TRIMMED SUITS

\$89.95 SUITS  
\$79.95 SUITS  
\$69.95 SUITS  
\$59.95 SUITS  
\$49.95 SUITS

\$39

ALL GO TOMORROW AT —

Three-Piece Wardrobe Suits Trimmed With Fox ... Lynx ... Raccoon ... Canadian Wolf! Two-Piece Dress Suits Trimmed With Persian ... Beaver and Krimmer!

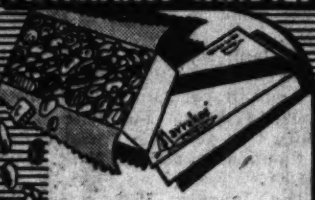
IMPORTED FABRICS! SMART SWAGGER TOPPERS!  
HAIR CLOTHS! BROAD SHOULDERS!  
SOFT FLEECES! SLIM SKIRTS!  
BROWN ... WINE ... GREEN ... WELL FITTED JACKETS!  
... BLACK ... GRAY! MISSES' SIZES ONLY!

KLINE'S—Suits Shop, Third Floor

### BANK AT LATHROP, MO., CLOSED BY DIRECTORS

\$123,000 of Deposits Reported Dec. 31; Member of Federal Insurance Corporation.  
By the Associated Press.  
JEFFERSON CITY, Feb. 1.—The First State Bank of Lathrop, Clinton County, has been closed by order of the board of directors, R. Waldo Holt, State Finance Commissioner, was notified today.  
A member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the bank had \$123,000 in deposits Dec. 31, its last report stated.

### MAVRAKOS CANDIES



"Good Taste" has an EXTRA Meaning!

Not only do we use choicest ingredients and blend them for superlative taste goodness. In addition, we package Mavrakos Candies in boxes of charming dignity—boxes of rare good taste—boxes that bespeak the quality of their contents. It's a pleasure to give—and receive—Mavrakos Candies.

#### THE GIFT BOX

A three pound assortment of choicest candies, beautifully packaged, for birthdays, anniversaries, and other gift occasions when only the very best is good enough. \$2.75

AT THE SWEETEST SPOTS IN TOWN  
Open Evenings and Sundays

Mavrakos CANDIES

### WRIGHT TELLS JURY OF NERVOUS SPELLS AT NIGHT

Talked and Screamed, He Testifies at Los Angeles Trial for Killing Wife and Man.

By the Associated Press.  
LOS ANGELES, Feb. 1.—Paul A. Wright testified in his own defense today at his trial for the killing of his wife and John Kimmel, whom he has described as his best friend. The State charges that he murdered them deliberately. He appeared twice to be near collapse and once was in tears. Kimmel's widow heard him testify.

The former airport executive was the only witness to the tragedy in his home, near dawn Nov. 9, when Mrs. Wright and Kimmel were shot to death.

The first time Wright mentioned the name of his wife—Evelyn—he almost collapsed. Then, faltering, he continued his story.

Wright gave his age as 38 and his birthplace as Milwaukee, Wis. He said he was a Sergeant in an American World War artillery unit in Alameda-Lorraine.

When Attorney Jerry Giesler asked him to speak above the din in the crowded courtroom, Wright, told how, in 1918, when at the University of Wisconsin, he woke up often at night screaming and talking in his sleep. He said that, on these occasions, his brother would make him get up and drink warm milk or read.

"How long did this persist?" asked Giesler. Wright replied: "Evelyn used to make me get up when I would talk and scream at night."

After making that answer, Wright apparently became greatly upset. Then, partially regaining his composure, he said that, when he left school, he weighed only 110 pounds in contrast to his normal 180.

Pains and War Experience.  
"Mother used to tell me not to let things bother me so," he testified. "Later, I got a T. B. diagnosis and Dad sent me to a sanitarium and paid for it. I was getting \$50 a month from the Government, which I still receive."

Wright said that until recently he had stabbing pains in his back and chest and that he thought it was pleurisy. "The pains I had used to frighten Evelyn terribly," he went on. "I first thought it was my heart."

Wright previously had told of his trying experiences in France under heavy fire, as the defense sought to show its effect on the defendant's nervous system.

"One night they shelled us out with a combination of high explosives and gas. We had to put on gas uniforms ... and a few weeks afterwards I was sick and felt very nauseated."

Wright was done solely to avert the danger of possible childbirth to Mrs. Wright.

"Was that the only reason for the operation?" Giesler asked. "Yes," Wright answered, "it was."

Six days ago the prosecution introduced a photograph showing Wright in the center of a group of Hollywood film players. In it Wright showed a slight smile, and the State's contention was that he apparently was not haggard and downcast early in 1936, as several defense witnesses have declared.

Giesler brought that picture back today and asked Wright about it. "It was a publicity stunt," Wright said. "United Airlines flew some people to Palm Springs and when they returned ... the picture was taken."

"This lady at your right," said Giesler, "who has her arm around your shoulder—had you ever seen her before?" "No, nor since," Wright answered.

In reading the list of names of those in the picture, Giesler said, "the lady on your right seems to be Miss Farmer." He referred to Frances Farmer of the movies, who had her arm hooked through Wright's. Sitting next to Miss Farmer was Buster Keaton. Others in the group included Louise Latimer, Marshall Duffield, Irene Ware and Nancy Carroll, all of Hollywood.

The defense moved toward completing its picture of Wright as a devoted husband through his testimony that they moved to their Verdugo Vista road home in Glendale at Mrs. Wright's request.

"Why did you move?" "Because Evelyn did not like the apartment; there was no place for the baby to play except on the roof."

Besides, we often had discussed bringing Mrs. Wright's little girl, Joan, by another marriage, to live with us."

Friendship With Kimmel.  
Then questioning turned toward Kimmel.

"When did you first meet Johnny Kimmel?" "In December of 1934," Wright said. "Did you become friendly with one another?" "Yes, sir."

"Were you very friendly?" "Yes, sir."

Wright said they visited back and forth a great deal and had lunch-dinners together, but added his position as an airport executive gave him no jurisdiction over his friend. He avoided the eyes of Mrs. Marlene Kimmel, who was in the courtroom, as he told of being a guest at her home. "Mrs. Kimmel was good enough to invite me there for dinners while Evelyn and I were separated," he said.

Only 18 Marriage Licenses Issued in East St. Louis during the past month, compared to 74 issued there in January, 1937, according to Thomas W. Murphy, Marriage License Clerk. A new Illinois law, effective last July, requires a medical examination by license applicants to show freedom from venereal disease and a three-day notice of intention to marry. The majority of persons living in the vicinity of East St. Louis desiring to get married go to St. Louis and St. Charles to obtain licenses.

Only 18 Marriage Licenses Issued in East St. Louis during the past month, compared to 74 issued there in January, 1937, according to Thomas W. Murphy, Marriage License Clerk. A new Illinois law, effective last July, requires a medical examination by license applicants to show freedom from venereal disease and a three-day notice of intention to marry. The majority of persons living in the vicinity of East St. Louis desiring to get married go to St. Louis and St. Charles to obtain licenses.

### WANTED

Experienced Salesgirls

With good following! Unless you have had more than one year of experience, do not apply!

4914 Maryland

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

### FREE LECTURE ON Emanuel Swedenborg

The MAN and HIS WORK

By DIRK DIEPHUIS

on Wednesday, Feb. 2, 8 P. M.

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

CRYSTAL ROOM CHASE HOTEL

### WANTED

Experienced Salesgirls

With good following! Unless you have had more than one year of experience, do not apply!

4914 Maryland

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES

CHURCH NOTICES



examination by license applicants to show freedom from venereal disease and a three-day notice of intention to marry. The majority of persons living in the vicinity of East St. Louis desiring to wed now go to St. Louis and St. Charles to obtain licenses.

## WANTED

Experienced Salesgirls

With good following! Unless you have had more than one year of experience, do not apply!

### CHURCH NOTICES

LECTURE ON  
Swedenborg

and HIS WORK

By  
DIEPHUIS

y, Feb. 2, 8 P. M.

CHASE HOTEL

RN

NG

D!

### TRADE-INS

Custom Built  
Studio Couches  
\$29.50 Values!  
**\$19.75**

Just a limited number  
of these fine Couches.  
They open to full or  
twin beds.  
50c a Week\*

Week Coll Springs, \$6.95  
Crib Pads — \$3.49  
able Crib Pads — \$2.95  
Walnut Finish — \$9.95  
B't Stud. Couches, \$25  
Studio Couches, \$29.75

ieces

Chairs — \$3.95  
Various Styles — \$3.49  
Armchair — \$3.29  
Willows, Per Pair — 98c  
Wardrobes — \$6.95  
Chairs — \$4.95

9 O'CLOCK

ERN

616-20 FRANKLIN AVE.  
206 N. 12TH ST.

**FORD EMPLOYEES FINED**  
**HAVING WEAPONS IN AUTO**  
One of Them Testifies Pistol, Billy and Gas Pipe Were for Protection.  
John Morley and Albert White, employees of the Ford assembly plant, who were arrested last Wednesday night when Maj. Albert Lambert, president of the Ford Board, stopped their automobile and found a revolver, a billy

**SHELL COKE**  
Smokeless  
Compare with All Smoke Lovers  
That First Ash for \$25.00, 100 lbs. \$10.00. Also AS Dealers in  
**E. J. WALLACE COAL CO.**

## Loans on Diamonds

Watches, Clothing, Furs, Shotguns, Golf Clubs, Microscopes, Cameras, etc.  
**DUNN'S**  
The City's Largest and Oldest Loan Co.  
65 Years at 212-14 Franklin Ave.



## CRAZY

It's crazy not to pay attention to a cough due to a cold. Get relief for just 5¢ with Smith Brothers Cough Drops—(Black or Menthol).  
**Smith Bros. Cough Drops are the only drops containing VITAMIN A.**  
This is the vitamin that raises the resistance of the mucous membranes of the nose and throat to cold and cough infections.

## BOYD'S SUBWAY

## CLEAN-UP SALE!

The Subway's semi-annual sale to clear stocks quickly. Every department offers extreme values! Here are a few of the big bargains:

**\$30, \$35 2-Trouser SUITS** Extra quality worsteds, good looking, well fitting, long wearing. Wide selection of colors and patterns. **\$22**

**\$25, \$30 Topcoats, OVERCOATS** This season's styles. Choice qualities, but broken selection. Topcoats included at this low sale price. **\$18**

**\$25, \$30 1-Trouser SUITS** Good quality worsteds nicely tailored in a choice selection of colors and patterns. Real finds at this clean-up price. **\$18**

**\$1.65, \$2.50 SHIRTS** Collar-attached shirts in all the popular collar styles. Broadcloths, oxford and madras. Few slight seconds. **\$1.15**

**\$1.95 and \$2.50 PAJAMAS** Better quality samples and seconds. **\$1.20**

**\$2.50 and \$2.95 SWEATERS** Wool pullovers in choice colors and patterns. Surplus stocks of several fine makers. Real bargains. **\$1.65**

**\$3.50, \$3.95 HATS** Broken selection and colors. Special purchase from good makers. **\$1.97**

**\$5, \$6.50 SHOES** Blacks, tans and patent leathers. Broken lots and seconds. **\$3.45**

**25c, 35c HOSIERY** Rayons and lilies in black and patterns. Irregulars. **17c**

**50c, 65c HOSIERY** Blacks and neat patterns. Wools, silks, rayons, lilies. Irregulars. **27c**

**50c, 65c TIES** Many are handmade. Broken selection of patterns. Some are seconds. **19c**

**50c, 65c SHORTS** Broadcloth shorts. Knit athletic shirts at same price. Some are seconds. **32c**

**\$1.50 UNION SUITS** Knit and athletic models. Some are seconds. **74c**

**\$1, \$1.50 TIES** All are handmade. Broken selection of colors and patterns. **44c**

**\$2.50, \$2.65 GLOVES** Capes and pigskins. Some are lined. Excellent values. **\$1.55**

**\$1.50, \$1.65 SHIRTS** Samples, seconds and broken lots. **88c**

**\$3.50, \$3.95 SWEATERS** Excellent quality cost sweaters. Broken color selection. **\$2.15**

**SPECIAL SALE SMALL LOTS** Broken lots, seconds and soiled merchandise, grouped by price. No exchanges or refunds.

**50c Tie Holders** **23c**  
Collar Pins  
35c Handkerchiefs  
Odd Sizes of Underwear

**\$1.50 Mufflers** **58c**  
\$1 Belts  
Odd Lots of Shirts  
Pajamas, Underwear  
Boys' Wear

**\$1 Cuff Buttons, 65c** **37c**  
Handkerchiefs, 75c  
Suspenders, 75c  
Belts, Odd lot of Underwear, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Boys' Wear

**\$1.50 Knit Gloves** **74c**  
\$1.45 Shirts  
\$1.65 Mufflers  
\$1.50 Boys' Shirts  
Sweaters

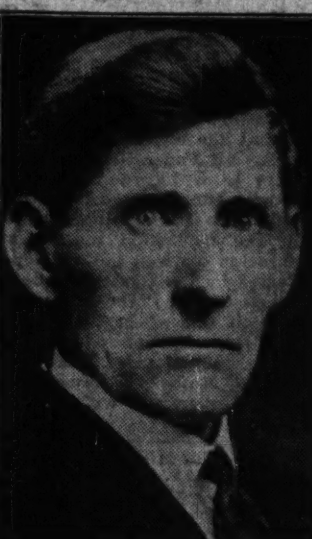
**3-Star Suits With 2 Trousers \$25**

Choice selection always available featuring styles, quality and value.

*Boyd's*

BOYD-RICHARDSON OLIVE AT SIXTH

## Two Held in His Death



JOHN C. CONNOR.

## MAN STRUCK BY AUTO DIES

Driver, Student at Missouri U., Ordered to Appear at Inquest.  
William Oshershaw, a Negro, died yesterday at Homer G. Phillips Hospital of injuries suffered last Saturday night when he was struck by an automobile driven by Omar Faulkner Jr., 50084, Olethia avenue, a student at the University of Missouri.  
Faulkner was driving his father's automobile north in Spring avenue and said he did not see Oshershaw, who was crossing the street about 50 feet north of Wyoming street. Oshershaw, 62 years old, was the janitor at an apartment house at 8890 Junata street, where he resided. Faulkner was notified to appear at an inquest tomorrow.

## HOMICIDE VERDICT IN DEATH OF MAN RUN DOWN BY AUTO

Before Dying, J.C. Connor Said Roland Kamp, 19, and David Bornhauser, 17, Hit Him on Purpose.

A Coroner's verdict of homicide was returned today against Roland Kamp, 19 years old, and David Bornhauser, 17, in the death yesterday of John C. Connor, an egg salesman, who told police he was run down deliberately by an automobile occupied by the two on Christmas day. There was conflicting testimony as to which youth drove the machine, owned by Kamp, and the verdict did not designate the driver.

An autopsy showed that Connor's death, at City Hospital, was caused by blood poisoning resulting from a fractured leg suffered when he was struck by the automobile in front of 2912 North Vandeventer avenue at 1:10 a. m. Dec. 25. He was 63 years old and resided at 3830 Greer avenue.

Following the verdict Kamp and Bornhauser were ordered held for the grand jury under \$10,000 bond each. Neither testified.  
Several witnesses agreed that the machine was being driven on a zig-zag course and swerved from the center of the street to where Connor was standing about two feet from the curb. The machine sped on, but returned and the young men "acted like it was all very funny," one witness testified.  
Connor had walked to Vandeventer and St. Louis avenues to mail a Christmas card, and witnessed a minor collision between Kamp's automobile and another machine. Peter Higgins, 14 years old, 3860 Cottage avenue, who was at the corner, testified that Connor struck Bornhauser during an altercation which followed the collision. The youths drove around the block, with Bornhauser at the wheel, Higgins testified, and stopped to threaten Connor, who had remained at the scene. "The car circled the block again and it was after this trip that Connor was hit."

"This Is Christmas Eve."  
Mrs. Lynn Smith, 2915 North Spring avenue, who was waiting for a street car at the next corner with her husband and sister-in-law, said she noticed the machine driving from the center of the street toward the curb and hit Connor. Her husband ran after the car when it sped past them, she said. She ran to where Connor was lying and was there when the youths returned. Mrs. Smith quoted Kamp as saying: "This is Christmas eve, what do we care? If the old man wants to die, let him lie down on the curb and do it."

Mrs. Joyce Rutheski, 4810 Washington boulevard, corroborated the testimony of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Smith, and quoted one of the young men as declaring, "Yes, we ran him down, so what? He's not hurt bad." Police told Deputy Coroner A. J. Perry that when Bornhauser was arrested he was too drunk to make a coherent statement. The officers added that Connor had been drinking, but that Kamp was sober. Kamp told them he was driving the machine when Connor was hit, the officers said. The police report quoted Kamp as saying Bornhauser "jerked the steering wheel just before Connor was struck. Bornhauser denied his friend's accusation."

Bornhauser, residing at 2239 Montgomery street, remarking following Higgins' testimony, "I did not drive that car." Kamp, a laborer, lives at 2540 West Sullivan avenue. The case will be presented to the grand jury next Tuesday.

## J. EDGAR HOOVER COMPARES CRIME IN ENGLAND AND U. S.

Says American Has 12 Times As Many Chances of Violent Death As Englishman.

By the Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1. — An American, says J. Edgar Hoover, has 12 times as many chances as an Englishman of dying a violent death.

Hoover, chief of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, has received reports showing 312 murders and manslaughters were committed in Great Britain in 1936, against 12,741 in the United States. Justifiable homicides were not included. America had 10 times as many robberies and aggravated assaults as England, Hoover estimated. In general, he added, the rate of minor crimes in the United States was double that of England. In his estimate he allowed for population differences.

Roofing Contractors' Convention.  
The United Roofing Contractors' Association of North America will open a three-day convention at the Coronado Hotel tomorrow, with about 250 contractors expected to attend. Speakers will include Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Danielson of Washington, Excise Commissioner Lawrence McDaniel and A. P. Greenstader, vice-president of the Construction Association of the United States.

Dies After Fall Down Cellar Steps.  
Carlo Farrinello, a laborer, 5923 Louisa avenue, died at Christian Hospital yesterday of a fractured skull, suffered earlier in the day when he fell down steps leading to the basement of his home. He was 75 years old.

## STIX, BAER & FULLER

# BETTER COATS

TRIMMED WITH EXPENSIVE FURS—GREATLY

# REDUCED

ORIGINALLY \$100 TO \$150

# \$66

6—ORIGINALLY \$150, NOW \$66  
10—ORIGINALLY \$139, NOW \$66  
10—ORIGINALLY \$119, NOW \$66  
15—ORIGINALLY \$100, NOW \$66

Here are the most outstanding values you've seen in many a moon! This Season's important fitted and boxy silhouettes—tailored with high flattery — and lavishly trimmed with expensive furs. Misses', women's sizes.

PERSIAN LAMB SILVER FOX  
CROSS FOX  
SKUNK MARTEN MINK  
(Coat Shop—Third Floor.)

## THIS WEEK ONLY!



Reg. \$3.85 Jar

FRANCES DENNEY  
TISSUE CREAM

# \$2

A marvelous value in a Tissue Cream that every woman knows is wonderful.

(Toiletries and Thrift Ave.)

## CHENILLE SPREADS



THE SEASON'S MOST POPULAR DESIGN **\$5.98**

Fancy white chenille centers and fancy colored borders create the patterns on soft quality sheeting. Brown, blue, red, green, gold, orchid, rust, wine, rose borders or all-white. Full and twin bed sizes.

(Second Floor & Thrift Ave.)

49c AND 59c  
WASHABLE  
RAYON  
FABRICS

39c YD.

A timely sale of Rayons, ideal for Spring and Summer.

• Printed Rayon French Crops  
• Printed Rayon Linens  
• Rayon Satins, Solid Shades  
• Rayon Taffetas, Solid Shades

ALL 39 INCHES' WIDE

CELANESE RAYON NIN-ON, 39 inches, 39c yd.

(Second Floor and Thrift Ave.)

MAKER'S ENTIRE SAMPLE STOCK OF \$1.69 TO \$2.49

## SPRING WOOLENS

TAKE YOUR CHOICE NOW AT ONLY **\$1.09 YD.**



An event that home-sewers have been waiting for... a big opportunity to select Fine Woollens in new Spring shades and weaves at remarkable savings. Suiting, Coating and Dress weights in plain and mixtures. High shades, beiges, grays, navy and black. They're part bolts and ends of bolt lengths. All 54-inches wide.

(Second Floor.)



## Two Killed in Auto Collision.

By the Associated Press.  
STANBERRY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Glenn Summa, 40 years old, and Reuben McCampbell, 43, both of Gentry, Mo., were killed in a motor car collision near Gentry last night. Edward and Claude Hazelwood and Raymond Osborn, riding in the car with Summa and McCampbell, escaped serious injury when their car collided with a truck driven by Charles Mandlin of Adolphus, Ia.

St. Louis' Greatest Credit Jeweler  
**ARONBERG'S**  
6th & St. Charles

**10-Diamond Bridal COMBINATION**  
14-Kt. solid gold mounting, richly engraved and chased. This is a VALUE and note the low terms.  
**\$24.85**  
50c Down, 50c Week

Save 25% on Fur Repairs for Limited Time Only

**KLINE'S Fashions**  
606-608 WASHINGTON AVE. THROUGH TO SIXTH ST

Tomorrow at 10 a.m.

**Your CHOICE! UNRESTRICTED!**

Our Finest Boulevard Shop Winter

**DRESSES**

PLUS More Than 75 From Our Exclusive Gown Room!

\$29.95 Dresses

\$25.00 Dresses

\$22.95 Dresses

\$19.95 Dresses

\$16.95 Dresses

\$14.95 Dresses

All Go Tomorrow at..

RAYON SLIPPER SATINS... RAYON NETS... RAYON CHIFFONS... RAYON CREPES... RAYON VELVETEENS... WOOLS... KNITS... RAYON MATELASSES and VELVETS!

- EVENING GOWNS!
- TWO-PIECE DRESSES!
- AFTERNOON DRESSES!
- LACE AND BRAID ACCENTS!
- STREET DRESSES!
- BEAD AND SEQUIN TRIMS!
- SPORTS DRESSES!
- DINNER DRESSES!
- WHITE... BLACK... WINE
- SIZES 10-20!
- GREEN... GRAY!

KLINE'S... Boulevard Shop, Fourth Floor

**SPECIAL! 43 REGULAR \$16.95 to \$29.95 CASUAL**

**COATS**

**\$12**

These are smart... practical Coats that you will wear and wear! The kind that are warm enough for all winter! In fine fleeces... Camel Shags... Plaid Backs and Monotones! Swaggers! Fitted belted types! Wanted colors in sizes for misses and women.

KLINE'S—Coat Shop, Third Floor

## WOMAN SAYS SHE WAS WITH HARDY BEFORE HE WAS SHOT

Justice Department Law Clerk Tells of Auto Ride; Did Not Witness Attack.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Elizabeth Connor Buchanan, a law clerk at the Justice Department, identified herself yesterday as the woman who had accompanied Russell Hardy on an automobile ride before Hardy was shot Saturday night.

In a statement to reporters, she said the situation was "commonplace and unremarkable" and that there was "not the slightest reason to be secretive."

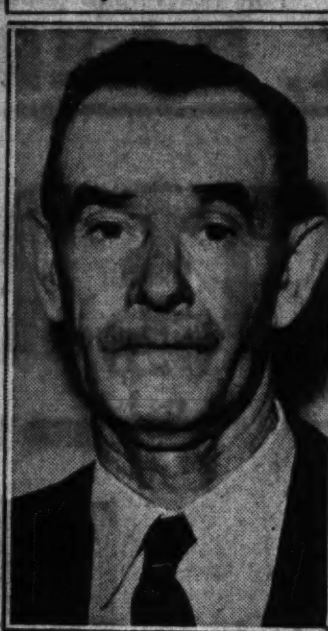
Hardy, a special assistant to the Attorney-General, is convalescing from a flesh wound in the hip, inflicted, he said, by a panhandler to whom he refused to give money. Police said he told them that a woman attorney from New York had been with him prior to the shooting.

Hardy is married. His wife visited him at the hospital after the shooting.

Mrs. Buchanan, widow of an army officer, said she and Hardy had worked on a Department of Justice matter most of Saturday afternoon and that he had offered to drive her home. They decided, however, to "take a short drive out the Mount Vernon Memorial highway."

She said she did not witness the shooting, which took place later in front of a hotel.

## Guilty on 14 Counts



—By a Post-Dispatch Staff Photographer.  
**JOHN WOMACK.**

## FALLING WOMACKS FOUND GUILTY OF MAIL FRAUD PLOT

Continued From Page One.

observation that the Government had failed to prove the essentials of its indictment, namely, the use of the mails in furtherance of frauds, and the existence of a conspiracy among all the defendants to perpetrate the frauds by use of the mails.

Pretty Serious Business. While all this was going on, the five woman defendants listened moodily. There was no sign of the apparent amusement with which they had heard the evidence earlier in the case. It had got to be a pretty serious business.

The four men appeared equally subdued and for the most part sat motionless, except for Joe Miller, a short but burly wrestler. Joe was nervous and showed it by pulling at his cauliflower ear and running his huge fingers across his corrugated forehead as the case proceeded.

One of the features of Foreman's argument which seemed to add substantially to the gloom of the defendants was the summary of their operations sketched for the jury. Especially embarrassing was the recital of the cases in which Mrs. Womack and her three daughters represented themselves as expectant mothers in setting forth false accident claims.

If what they told the insurance companies and for the most part sat motionless, except for Joe Miller, a short but burly wrestler. Joe was nervous and showed it by pulling at his cauliflower ear and running his huge fingers across his corrugated forehead as the case proceeded.

At Head of the List. Unctuously the prosecutor placed Mrs. Womack at the head of the list of the defendants in the matter of making false claims. The Government had shown, he said, that she had tumbled, tripped or otherwise set the stage for a damage collection in 18 cases, in which she claimed to have been hurt eight times in buses or street cars, twice by taxicabs, five times in falls in stores and three times in misadventures in elevators. In four of these cases she stated under oath she never had made a damage claim before, and in two she maintained that she was with child. Actually, she wasn't.

Mrs. Fells and Mrs. Miller were tied for second place in the damage claim list with 15 each. Mrs. Fells was ahead in the expectant motherhood column, however, with six such representations. Mrs. Miller claimed to be awaiting the blessed event in three cases. Mrs. Fells asserted in seven cases that she never before had prosecuted a personal injury claim, while Mrs. Miller again was behind with only four of such representations.

Mrs. Ehrman was shown in evidence to have presented seven false damage claims, in two of which she said she was with child. Miss Robertson was at the foot of the list with only four claims.

## \$150,000 MISSOURI DISPLAY AT NEW YORK FAIR APPROVED

State Commission Decides on Expenditure for Building and Exhibit.

An expenditure of \$150,000 for the construction and maintenance of a building and exhibit at the New York World's Fair in 1939 was approved today by the Planning Committee of the Missouri Commission, appointed last July by Gov. Stark to arrange for the State's participation in the New York and San Francisco expositions.

The Planning Committee also approved contracts for the acquisition of 35,000 square feet of land at the exposition's site on Long Island. Of this 18,000 will be occupied by the building; the rest will be landscaped.

State Senator Albert M. Clark of Richmond, chairman of the Planning Committee, said \$135,000 was spent in 1933 for the setting up and supervision of an exhibit at the Chicago World's Fair, but Missouri did not construct its own building. There will be no state building at the San Francisco exposition.

The total sum appropriated by the Legislature at its last session for participation in the 1939 expositions was \$225,000. A committee will be chosen to go to San Francisco and confer with fair authorities there about a Missouri exhibit.

Three Boys Killed by Auto Fumes. CLARESHOLM, Alta., Feb. 1.—Playing in a closed garage where they started the motor of an automobile, three boys were asphyxiated by exhaust fumes yesterday. They were Jackie Yokom, 15 years old; Lawrence Williams, 11, and Tommy Foxcroft, 8.

## MINERS VOTE CENSURE OF TWO-JOB LEADERS

Convention, Overriding Committee, Condemns Officers Drawing Political Salaries.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Delegates at the United Mine Workers convention refused today to vote down a resolution against union officers holding union and political jobs at the same time, and drawing salaries from each. The Resolutions Committee, headed by Patrick J. Fagan, had recommended the defeat of the resolution.

John L. Lewis, head of the union, after hearing one delegate assail the practice of holding two salaries, announced that the resolution had been placed in the hands of the wrong committee and ordered it sent to the Constitutional Committee.

The resolution, introduced by the Central City (Pa.) local, said that "throughout the organization there are a great number of men holding two, or more, jobs, with a high salary in the union and politics." It asked the convention to "condemn such practice and have the international and district officers stop it within the organization." It also asked for rules "to prohibit anyone, man or woman, to hold more than one salaried job."

After the vote the Constitutional Committee recommended that the resolution be referred to the union's Executive Board.

Jonathan Brough, delegate from Bicknell, Ind., protested, saying that he thought the previous vote "settled the issue."

"There's no question in the minds of the delegates that there have been too many times in the past

that men have been collecting two salaries," he said.

Union officers said they could think of only three of their number who held important political positions. Thomas Kennedy, international secretary-treasurer, and Lieutenant-Governor of Pennsylvania, Frank Hefferty, international representative and Lieutenant-Governor of Colorado, and Fagan, who is a member of the Pennsylvania Labor Relations Board as well as president of the union's Western Pennsylvania district.

Senator Neely (Dem.), West Virginia, a convention speaker, praised Lewis and other union leaders for their efforts in behalf of the miners.

The convention also voted in favor of increased appropriations for the Senate Civil Liberties Committee and for a Federal tax on fuel oil and on natural gas.

Previously the delegates had voted unanimously to oppose amendment of the Wagner Labor Disputes Act and any investigation of the National Labor Relations Board. They criticized the board, however, for recent decisions which they said had favored American Federation of Labor craft unions.

## LABOR LEAGUE OFFICER REPLIES TO A. F. OF L. HEAD

Says His Group Never Has Been Out of Harmony With Army of Unionists.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—R. L. Oliver, executive vice-president of Labor's Non-Partisan League, said today that the request of William Green for all Federation of Labor members to withdraw from the league was "unfortunate."

"International unions and locals within the federation understand the situation too well to be seriously affected by the (Green) declaration," said Oliver. "The league has never been out of harmony with the political aspirations of the great army of trade unionists, A. F. of L. C. I. O. and Railway Brotherhoods, who are organized within the league."

Convicted of Killing Woman. By the Associated Press. CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—J. C. Scott, 22 years old, a Negro, was convicted of murder last night. The jury recommended the death penalty. The State charged he fatally beat Mrs. Mary Ely, 52, during a robbery last Dec. 18. Scott was arrested in his former home, Greer, S. C.

## Have Your Children's Eyes Examined!

**YOUNG EYES ARE SENSITIVE**

1. We Examine Your Eyes
2. Write Your Prescription
3. We Furnish Lenses
4. We Include the Frames

Terms as Low as 50c DOWN

St. Louis' Greatest Credit Jeweler

**ARONBERG'S**

6th & St. Charles

TERMS AS LOW AS 50c WEEK



Frames at \$2.85

Dr. Buechner, O. D.

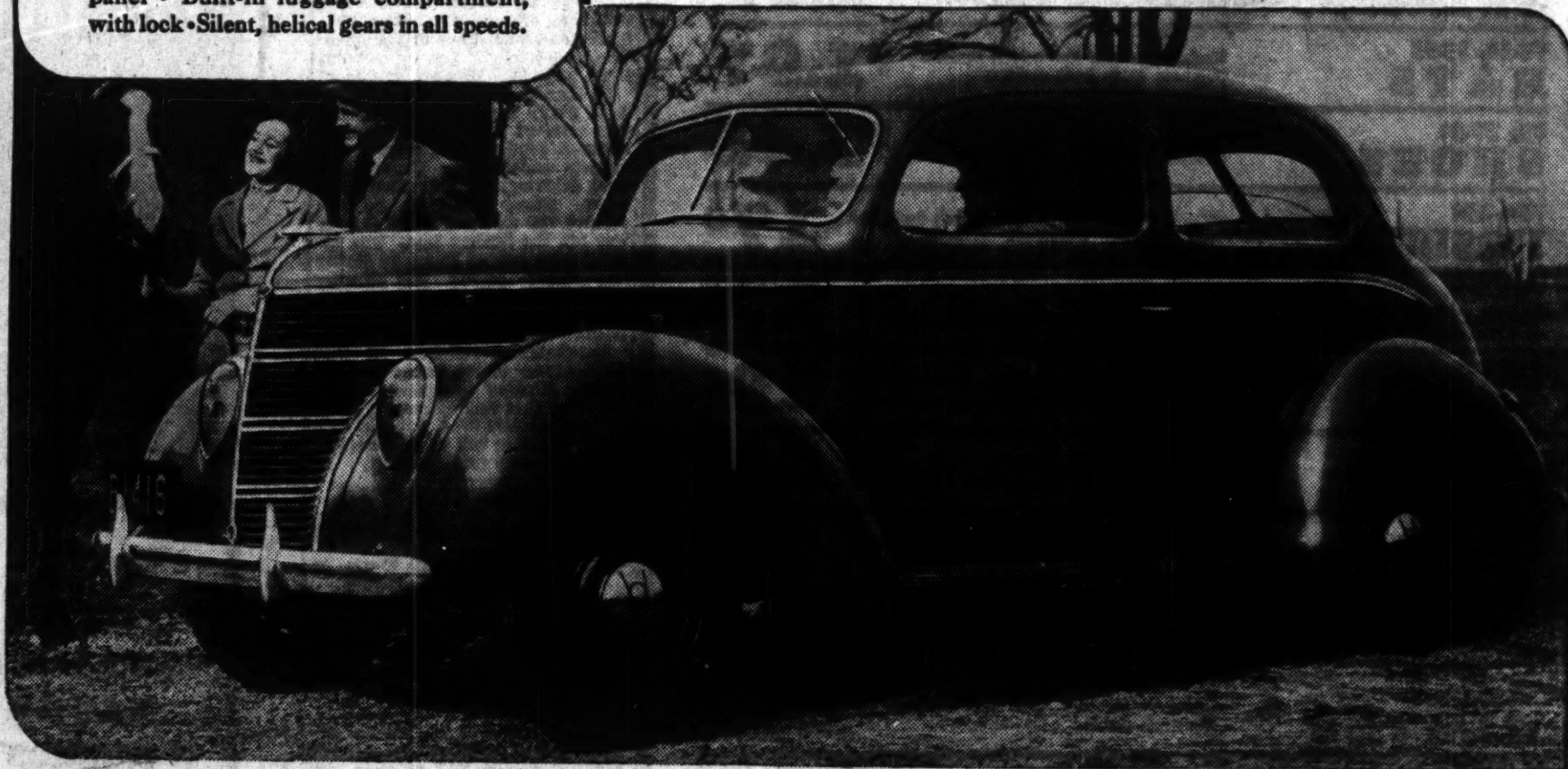
DELIVERED IN DETROIT

**\$644.00**

EQUIPMENT INCLUDED

Detroit delivered price of the thrifty "60" Tudor Sedan illustrated (Federal and State taxes not included) with all the following equipment:

2 bumpers, with 4 bumper guards • Spare wheel, tire, tube and lock • 2 matched vibrator type horns • Cigar lighter and ash tray • Heat indicator • Speedometer with trip odometer • Foot control for headlight beams with indicator on instrument panel • Built-in luggage compartment, with lock • Silent, helical gears in all speeds.



**LONGER HOOD—BIG BUILT-IN LUGGAGE SPACE—RICH NEW INTERIORS**

Owners report 22 to 27 miles per gallon —and it's a car you'll drive with pride!

LOW PRICE is only part of the story of this year's Thrifty "60" Ford V-8. It is a bigger-looking car with more graceful lines and fresh styling inside and out. It is a roomy, easy-handling car that makes the most of every penny you spend for gasoline and oil and gives you all these modern features besides—

112-in. wheelbase; 123-in. springbase; V-8 smoothness and Ford handling ease. Silent, helical gears in all speeds. New seat backs that swing inward as well as forward for easier entrance in Tudor Sedan. 3 body types, a choice of 3 colors: Low price that includes equipments Continued low operating costs. Torque-Tube Drive and Radius Rods.



The low floor and large door of this big, built-in compartment make it easy to load and remove luggage.

The New THRIFTY "60"

**FORD V-8**

**Helps PREVENT COLDS**  
Specially designed for the nose and upper throat, where 3 out of 4 colds start. Use it at the first sneeze.  
**VICKS VA-TRO-NOL**

**Stewarts**  
Washington Ave. and Broadway  
SIZES 12 TO 52

\$16.75 Fur-Trim Suits	—	\$5
\$15 Pile Fabric Coats	—	
\$10 Fleece Sport Coats	—	
\$10 Mannish Suits	—	
\$10-\$15 Fur-Trim Coats	—	

**\$15 TO \$40 FUR-TRIM COATS**  
**\$6.99 \$10 & \$20**

**Distressed Prices On FUR COATS**  
Fitch, Muskrat, Caracul, Pony, Black and Brown Seals — **\$39**

**46 FUR COATS**  
ALL KINDS, BLACK AND COLORS. SOME SOLD AT \$39 UP TO \$69 — **\$20**

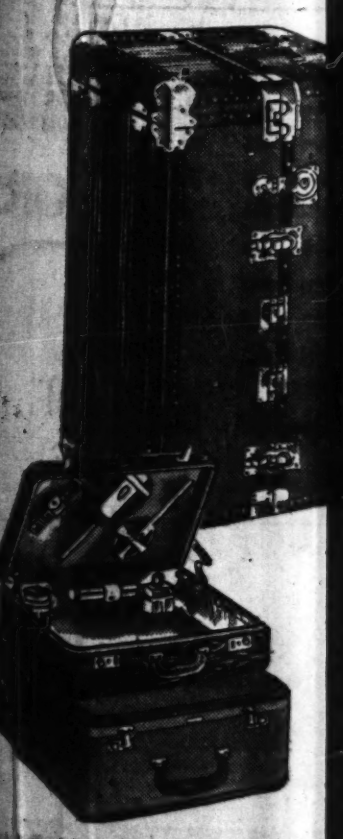
February Value



\$3.95 SLEEPWELL PILLS

\$2.49 Ea.

Have new comfort with these Sleepwell Pills made with all the finest filling. Floral tick cover either rose or blue. Size 20x20. Enjoy the comfort of these Pills.





# February at Vandervoort's... A Month of Good Values... A Time to Save as You Spend!

## Vandervoort's Complete Shopping Service

Shoppers' Aid is a Vandervoort Service that brings you whatever you desire from our store without any more trouble than a telephone call. When in doubt what to select for a gift... when your time is too fully occupied to permit a trip downtown... when illness prevents your leaving home for some personal errand... when a forgotten necessity pops into your mind... call our efficient Shoppers' Aid Bureau! A courteous representative, thoroughly familiar with everything in the store, will give you exact information, make your purchase, and follow through to prompt delivery. If you wish, your purchase will be wrapped attractively, addressed properly, and forwarded anywhere in the world. Try this convenient time-saver! Put "Vandervoort's Shoppers' Aid—CE. 7450" on your telephone pad, now!

Give This Value a Smart Hand!

Sale! 2300 Pairs  
Soft Washable Capeskin

Gloves  
\$3.00 Values \$1.00

A glorious opportunity to add chic to your finger tips at a remarkable saving! Smart, good-looking Gloves in the slip-on style well-dressed women love to wear. In beige, acorn, light gray, eggshell, black and tan—leading fashion shades of the season! Choose several pairs—buy hose in "blending" shades with your savings—and accent your stunning daily outfits with these "selected" accessories. We can't say too much about this "selected" value. The workmanship and detail are superior... the washability a fact you'll appreciate. Make a note now to come in early Wednesday for your share of these fashion-right bargains. Sizes 5½ to 7½.

No. 8 in a Series of Outstanding Values

Gloves—Aisle Tables, First Floor



**Imported Shetland Suits**  
3 Stunning Models! Notable Fashion Values at  
**\$29.95**

Smart women the country over find literally seasons of smart enjoyment from a good Shetland Suit. These are superior in every respect. Each has a "pure wool" label! Each is superbly tailored, perfectly finished! Each has Earl-glo rayon lining! Choose yours now in two glorious tones—strawberry with navy, navy with Como blue, black with beige... or wear a solid color in navy, brown or black... still another choice is solid skirt with striped jacket. Sizes 12 to 20. Add one to your Spring wardrobe now!

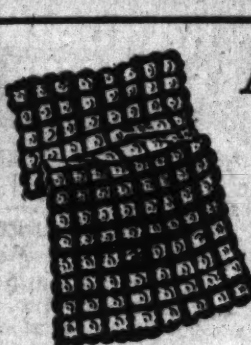
Suit Shop—Third Floor



## Shetland Yarn

Make your own lovely, soft powdery pastel or rich dark knitted fashions for Spring and Summer from this chiffon-weight yarn. 1-Oz. Ball

Nubby Spring Silk and Rayon Twist Mixture  
Lovely for feathering on Spring and Summer knits and for dresses and blouses. In two-tone or solid colors. A glossy mixture!  
35c 55c 60c



## Afghan Wool

Regularly 35c

28c Ball

Soft Germantown wool in all of the popular colors for roman stripe and two-tone effects. 1-ounce balls at this low price.  
Aisle Needlework—Second Floor

**Bed Pillows**  
Add to the comfort of your beds with new, plump, softly springy Pillows, to perk them up in daytime and make your slumbers oh, so deep! Here are the finest money can buy, in each grade. Save now!

\$3.95 SLEEPWELL PILLOWS

\$2.49 Ea.

Have new comfort with these specially made Pillows made with all prime goose feather filling. Floral tick coverings in either rose or blue. Size 20x26 inches. Enjoy the comfort of these Pillows.

\$6.95 VANDERVOORT VALUE

\$3.98 Ea.

Rest soundly every night on these well-made Pillows filled with 100% white goose down and 50% white goose feathers. Linen finish tickings. Welt finish edges. 20x27. Blue, green, tan, rose and orchid.

\$8.95 "SELECT" PILLOWS

\$5.50 Ea.

Know the ultimate in peaceful, deep slumber with these all-white goose down Pillows... as soft as clouds look. Linen finish striped tickings. Welt edges. 20x27. Choose from rose, blue, orchid and green.

Order by Mail or Phone If You Can't Come in Person; Call CE. 7450

Vandervoort's Domestic—Second Floor

Complete Your Spring Travel Equipment! Save on  
**Smart Luggage**  
Sturdy Pieces for Every Member of the Family

We've carefully gone through our luggage stocks selecting odd pieces from broken lines. Here we present a dramatic clearance, every piece in perfect condition and most of it, if bought today, would cost considerably more than our original selling price. Come in tomorrow and select the travel goods you need at a saving!

Special Group Women's, Men's Hand Luggage 20% to 50% Off  
Pullman Wardrobe Cases, \$20.00 to \$35.00 \$15.95 to \$25.00  
Wardrobe Trunks, \$41.50 to \$125.00, now \$31.50 to \$125.00  
Rawhide Luggage, \$26.50 to \$60.00, now \$16.67 to \$40.00  
Ladies' Wardrobe Cases, Regularly \$13.98, choice now \$10.98  
Men's Cowhide and Pigskin Cases, \$19.95, choice now \$15.00  
Pullman Wardrobe Cases, Regularly \$25.00, now priced \$19.75  
Special Group of Brief Cases, \$7.00, choice now at \$4.95

Vandervoort's Luggage—Fourth Floor

Annual Sale for You Thrifty Mothers!  
**Boys' Vanfield Shirts-Blouses**  
Regular \$1.15 to \$1.50 89c

The sale you thrifty mothers have waited for! Fine quality Shirts in smart woven madrases, broadcloths and sturdy woven sharkskins with stand-up, sports, regular or button-down collars. Long or short sleeves. The blouses have Eton, sports or regular collars in your choice of soft blue, tan and white, plus many rich new patterns.

Shirt Sizes—Junior, 8 to 14—Prep, 13 to 15.  
Blouse Sizes—4 to 10.  
Boys' Shop—Second Floor

Now... Lowest Price in History  
On the Marvelous, New, Improved  
**RCA-VICTOR**  
Radio With Electric Tuning

All These Features!  
Magic Eye Innovation  
Straight-Line Dial  
Phonograph Connection  
Beautiful Cabinet  
Foreign-Amer. Reception

Enjoy all of the most recent tuning improvements which make radio listening 10 times more enjoyable now at this low price. Electric tuning... always \$1.90 or more. We have only a limited quantity... so select one of these marvelous new Radios for your home immediately! Liberal trade-in allowance.

"Push a Button—There's Your Station"

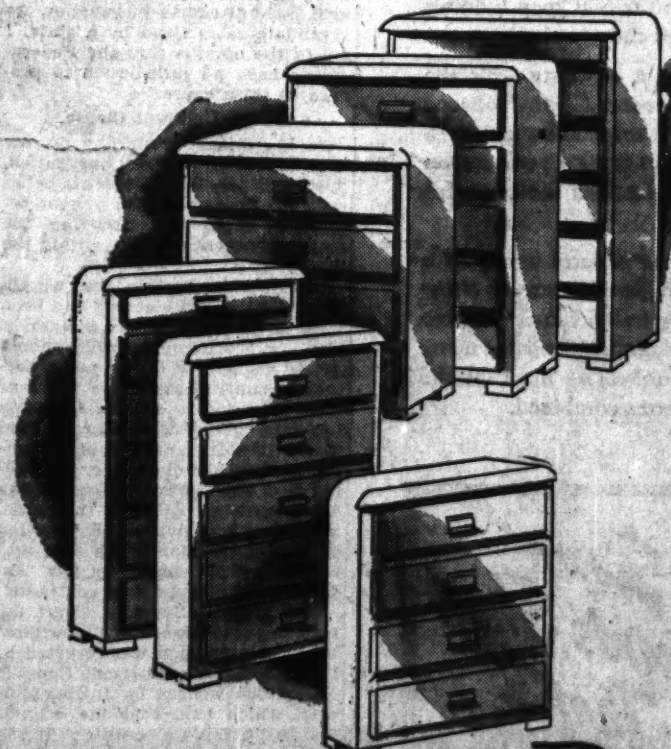
SPECIAL TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE ON THESE OTHER RCA RADIO VALUES IF YOU ACT NOW!

Number	Reg. Price	Allowance	You Pay
Model 85K	\$42.95	\$13	\$29.95
Model 85E	\$47.95	\$18	\$29.95
Model 86K	\$64.95	\$20	\$44.95
Model 86K7	\$74.95	\$25	\$49.95

Easy Deferred Payments, Small Carrying Charge  
Vandervoort's Radios—Fourth Floor

We Bought a Carload to Bring You These Extreme Values! Well-Known

## Pondorosa Knotty Pine Unpainted Utility Chests



Paint Them Gaily and Use Them in Kitchen, Nursery, Bedrooms, Bathroom

Have all of the drawer space you need now at a minimum price. These finely constructed Chests will be brightening, enlivening influences in your home with the addition of a little enamel. They're sanded smooth to give you a good start! The sides of these Chests are of 1-in. lumber, free from warping. Simplify your housekeeping... have additional drawer space... have a place for everything NOW!

16-in. wide, 26½-in. high, and 11-in. deep, \$2.98  
16-in. wide, 32½-in. high, and 11-in. deep, \$3.98  
16-in. wide, 34½-in. high, and 11-in. deep, \$4.98  
24-in. wide, 26½-in. high, and 12-in. deep, \$5.98  
24-in. wide, 32½-in. high, and 12-in. deep, \$6.98  
24-in. wide, 34½-in. high, and 12-in. deep, \$7.98

\$1.15 4-Hour Drying Enamel in a Choice of Sixteen Lovely Colors and Stains, to Match Your Color Schemes, Etc.

Housewares—Fourth Floor

**Scruggs Vandervoort Barney**  
Ninth and Olive Store Hours: 9:30 to 5:30—Phone Orders: CE. 7450—Other Services: CH. 7500

An Important Sale of Old and Modern Paintings

A \$32,000 Collection of paintings from noted European art centers—1½ less and more. Visit the Baker Galleries—Vandervoort's Fifth Floor.



## NLRB REPORT AGAINST REPUBLIC STEEL PLANT

Examiner's Findings Favor  
C I O Union in Dispute at  
Beaver Falls, Pa.

The re-employment of five workers with back pay by the Republic Steel Corporation in its Union Drawn Steel Co. plant at Beaver Falls, Pa., was recommended today

in an intermediate report made to the National Labor Relations Board by T. Dudley, NLRB trial examiner, who last December conducted hearings on charges of unfair labor practices against the corporation, and who now is hearing similar charges against the management of the St. Louis plant of the Ford Motor Co.

The charges against the Union Drawn Steel Co., a subsidiary that was merged with the Republic Corporation about Nov. 1, were an outgrowth of the C I O strike against "Little Steel" last summer. They included accusations of fostering a company union in the two plants of the company, discouraging membership in the Steel Workers' Organizing Committee's Amalgamated Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, and circulating a pamphlet that accused

the C I O of fostering a "Red revolution." Employees of the company joined the S W O C when it declared a general strike against the Republic Steel Corporation, Dudley reported, but later joined in a "back-to-work" movement that was led by James Meadows, who was transferred from Republic's subsidiary Trotter Coal Mine at Uniontown, Pa., for the purpose. Dudley recommended that Meadows be discharged.

In addition to recommending the re-employment of the five men, who Dudley found had not been permitted to return to their jobs because of their prominence in the C I O union and its picket line, he urged that the disestablishment of the company union be commanded and that the usual cease and desist orders be issued against the other unfair labor practices.

Dudley said that testimony disclosed that the police at New Brighton and Beaver Falls had intimidated workers, but he absolved the Republic Co. of responsibility for their action. He also held that, while the testimony disclosed that the corporation had sent a force of special police to the plant, their presence had no effect on union activities and therefore was not an unfair labor practice. On the other hand, he overruled the corporation's counter charge that the C I O strike had been an illegal combination in restraint of trade.

The hearings held at Beaver, Pa., and Pittsburgh, were concluded Dec. 18.

## STOUT WOMEN! WOMEN! MISSES!

EVERY Important New Advance  
Fashion Is in This Sale of 800  
SPRING DRESSES

Boleros! Redingote Effects!  
Pleats! New Wider Skirts!  
Swing Prints and Others!

Actual  
\$3.95 EACH  
\$5.95 EACH  
Values!

25

A Fashion Parade! A Value Scoop! A  
Bargain Festival! Included Are New

- EMBROIDERED RAYON CREPES!
- GAY NEW PRINTS!
- GAMMA RAYON CREPES!
- LACE COMBINATIONS!
- FAILLIE RAYON CREPES!
- PRINT COMBINATIONS!
- NOVELTY RAYON CREPES!

New colors, zipper  
openings. New neck-  
lines, new trimmings.  
Sizes 14 to 20, 16 1/2  
to 30 1/2 and 38 to 56

Reg. \$16.95 to \$10.95 WINTER  
SPORTS COATS

PRINCESSES! • SWAGGERS!  
• MAN - TAILORED!  
• BELTED MODELS! • Single  
and Double Breasted! Fleeces!  
Tweed! Plain! Backs! Sizes 12  
to 20 and 38 to 52!

5

Lane Bryant Basement SIXTH  
and LOCUST

## HE SELLS TOBACCO TO THEM ALL



But Branch Bobbitt,  
like so many other  
independent experts,  
prefers Luckies...

"AT AUCTIONS in my warehouse  
in Farmville, North Carolina,"  
says Mr. Branch Bobbitt, "Lucky  
Strike buyers know what tobacco  
they want and they'll keep bidding  
right up until they get it."

"Well—in a cigarette—it's the  
tobacco that counts. I know tobacco  
and I know what tobacco is in  
what cigarettes. So that's one reason  
I've smoked Luckies for over five  
years now."

Many other experts agree with  
Mr. Bobbitt. Sworn records show  
that, among independent tobacco  
experts, Luckies have twice as many  
exclusive smokers as have all the  
other cigarettes combined.



Sworn  
Records Show  
That...

WITH MEN WHO KNOW TOBACCO  
BEST-IT'S LUCKIES 2 TO 1

HAVE YOU HEARD "THE CHANT OF THE  
TOBACCO AUCTIONEER" ON THE RADIO?  
When you do, remember that Luckies are the  
finest tobacco. And also that the "Tasting"  
Process removes certain harsh irritants found in  
all tobacco. So Luckies are kind to your throat.

## Justice Black Dissents To Court's Settled Stand

Continued From Page One

is wrong should not stand. I believe this court should now overrule previous decisions which have permitted the States to amend their constitutions to include corporations.

For Protection of the Negro. Justice Black quoted the 1873 opinion in the Slaughterhouse Cases to substantiate his point that the fourteenth amendment was originally intended to protect the liberated Negroes.

"Certainly," he said, "when the fourteenth amendment was submitted for approval, the people were not told that the states of the South were to be denied their normal relationship with the Federal Government unless they ratified an amendment granting new and revolutionary powers to corporations. The history of the amendment proves that the people were told that its purpose was to protect weak and helpless human beings and were not told that it was intended to remove corporations in any fashion from the control of state government."

Instead of being used primarily for the protection of Negroes, Justice Black continued, the fourteenth amendment was extended to the advantage of corporations. "Of the cases in this court in which the fourteenth amendment was applied during the first 50 years after its adoption," he observed, "less than 1/10 of 1 per cent invoked it in protection of the Negro race, and more than 50 per cent asked its benefits be extended to corporations."

"If the people of this nation wish to deprive the states of their sovereign rights to determine what is a fair and just tax upon corporations doing a purely local business within their own state boundaries, there is a way provided by the Constitution to accomplish this purpose. That way does not lie among the course of judicial amendment to that fundamental charter. An amendment having that purpose could be submitted by Congress and provided by the Constitution. I do not believe that the fourteenth amendment had that purpose, nor that the people believed it had that purpose, nor that it should be construed as having that purpose. I believe the judgment of the Supreme Court of California should be sustained."

Dissent of Four Weeks Ago. The dissent four weeks ago was to a per curiam opinion of the court that a United States District Court in Indiana had erred when it placed a valuation on the Indianapolis Water Co., by applying a 1933 valuation in a 1936 decision. The Supreme Court's opinion was a reprimand to the trial judge, the court pointing out that "a decree speaking as of the later date and operating thereafter should have a basis of evidence."

Justice Black, however, took the unusual course of dissenting at length on the facts of the case, whereas his colleagues had decided on procedural grounds, namely that the District Judge had reached a decision without a basis of evidence. In this dissent, the new Justice announced his belief in the prudent investment theory of valuation, as against the court's precedents for considering a number of other factors as well in determining valuations for rate-making purposes.

"For the first 100 years of this nation's history," he said, "Federal courts did not interfere with State legislation fixing maximum rates for public services performed within the states. The State Legislatures, according to a custom which this court declared had existed from time immemorial, decided what those rates should be. It was not until 1890 that a 'divide' court finally repudiated its earlier constitutional interpretation and declared that due process of law required judicial invalidation of legislative rates which the courts believe confiscatory."

"I believe the State of Indiana has the right to regulate the price of water in Indianapolis free from interference by Federal courts. The courts did not deny this right to the states for the first 100 years after the adoption of the Constitution. But even under the comparatively recent doctrine purporting to give Federal courts jurisdiction to invalidate rates fixed by a state, I am of the opinion that the Federal courts have no jurisdiction to proceed in this case."

On the Contract Clause. In his dissent yesterday on the contract clause of the Constitution, Justice Black announced his belief that the Supreme Court cannot set aside a State law changing the status of school teachers within the State.

The question involved was whether Indiana school teachers had been given a contract by the enactment of a law providing that they should not be discharged except under certain circumstances. This law was later amended to exclude township teachers. A township teacher filed suit in the Indiana courts protesting against her discharge, contending that the original law had given her a contract, and that the subsequent law had violated that section of the Constitution which says that no state shall enact any law "impairing the obligation of contracts."

The Indiana Supreme Court upheld the amendment of the original law. This decision was reversed by the United States Supreme Court in an opinion written by Justice Roberts, which held that the original law had created a contract. It was this opinion that Justice Black entered his dissent.

Denies Law Created Contract. Justice Black denied that the original law had created a contract between the State and the township teachers, and held that the Legislature had not surrendered its con-

tinuing power to change the State's educational policies.

"We are dealing," he said, "with the constitutional right of the people of a sovereign state to control their own public school system as they deem best for the public welfare."

The Indiana constitution gives the State Legislature complete authority to control the public school system. The State Supreme Court declares that under this authority the Legislature can change school plans as often as it believes a change will promote the interest of education, and for mistakes or abuses it is answerable to the people, but not to the court. "I cannot agree that the constitutional prohibition against impairment of contracts was intended to—or does—transfer in part the determination of fiscal and monetary policy of Indiana from the Legislature of that state to this court."

## LETTER CARRIER DISCHARGED FOR DRINKING KILLS HIMSELF

Henry A. Kemper, 36, Ends Life  
With Knife at Home; Despondent,  
Wife Says

Henry A. Kemper, a discharged letter carrier, shot and killed himself last night in a bedroom at his home, 4831 Adkins avenue. His wife, Augusta, heard him fall and found the body on the floor, a bullet wound in the head and a rifle lying nearby.

Mrs. Kemper told police her husband, who was 38 years old, was discharged a month ago for excessive drinking. He had since been despondent and said he would end his life, she said.

He had been assigned to the Tower Grove postal branch office at 3612 Hartford street.

Anglican Primates of Ireland Die. By Associated Press. BELFAST, Northern Ireland, Feb. 1.—Dr. Charles Frederick D'Arcy, 78 years old, Archbishop of Armagh and primate of all Ireland (Protestant), Church of Ireland, died yesterday at his Armagh home.

Real  
CLEANERS INC.  
3 PLAIN  
GARMENTS  
Cleaned  
and  
Pressed  
FREE CALL & DELIVERY  
Main Office: North & N. West  
St. Louis 4546 GRAVOIS EV. 4900

MT. AUBURN MARKET  
5125 Easton Ave.—Wellston—Prices for Wednesday  
STEAK Tenderloin, Porterhouse, Sirloin, Lb. 16c  
CHUCK Center Cuts Lb. 13c  
NECK BONES Lb. 5c  
FRANKFURTERS BOLOGNA Lb. 10c  
VEAL Leg Lb. 15c  
Loin Lb. 15c  
Santos Coffee, Lb. 15c  
Fancy Mixed DRIED FRUIT 2 Lb. 25c  
PURE EGG NOODLES, Lb. 10c  
SALT, 1 1/2-Lb. Box 3 for 10c

95 YEARS OF LIFE INSURANCE  
Security and Service  
IN publishing its annual Balance Sheet for the year 1937, The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York observes the 95th Anniversary since its first policy was issued on February 1, 1843.

The Assets of this Company on December 31, 1937 were \$1,349,057,256, an increase of \$40,778,437 over 1936. New insurance for the year amounted to \$269,154,537, bringing the total insurance in force at the close of 1937 to \$3,758,762,033.

Payments in 1937 to Policyholders and their Beneficiaries under their contracts, amounted to \$134,212,373 and the Trustees have set aside \$22,781,795 for Dividends in 1938, after establishing the Fund for Depreciation of Securities and General Contingencies at \$44,270,997.

BALANCE SHEET, DECEMBER 31, 1937	
ASSETS	LIABILITIES AND RESERVES
Cash . . . . . 4.21	Policy Reserves . . . . . \$1,183,724,084.00
United States Government bonds . . . . . 23.23	Supplementary Contract Reserves . . . . . 75,257,497.99
State, County and Municipal bonds . . . . . 4.24	Other Policy Liabilities . . . . . 13,384,646.36
Canadian Government, Provincial and Municipal bonds . . . . . .59	Premiums, Interest and Rents paid in advance . . . . . 4,583,979.29
Other Foreign Government bonds . . . . . .06	Miscellaneous Liabilities . . . . . 3,941,864.66
Railroad, Public Utility and Industrial bonds . . . . . 31.12	Reserve for Taxes . . . . . 3,042,432.77
Preferred and Guaranteed stocks . . . . . 1.29	Set aside for Dividends in 1938 . . . . . 22,781,794.38
Mortgage Loans (at cost) . . . . . 16.62	Reserve for Future Deferred Dividends . . . . . 70,020.07
Real Estate (at cost or less) . . . . . 4.25	Fund for Depreciation of Securities and General Contingencies . . . . . 44,270,996.85
Policy Loans . . . . . 12.11	Total Liabilities and Reserves . . . . . \$1,349,057,255.98
Premiums in course of Collection and Reinsurance due from other Companies . . . . . 1.16	
Interest and Rents due and accrued . . . . . 1.12	
Total Admitted Assets . . . . . \$1,349,057,255.98	

Bonds subject to amortization under Section 18 of the New York Insurance Law were taken at their amortized, i.e., their book values. Non-amortized bonds and preferred stocks were taken at market values at December 31, 1937, published under the auspices of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York  
RUTLEDGE H. DEAS, Manager  
DAVID F. HOUSTON, President  
31 Nassau Street, New York



## BROOKINGS ECONOMIST ON BUSINESS DILEMMA

Dr. L. S. Lyon Says Govern-  
ment Should Clarify Policy  
on Anti-Trust Laws, Prices.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Dr. Lavett S. Lyon, economist and executive vice-president of the Brookings Institution in Washington, said yesterday "one outstanding need in the present relationship of Government and business is clarification of Government policy."

In an address at the convention of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, Dr. Lyon said the Government "has a duty under the law to attack monopoly and keep competition open," adding: "But it also has a duty, and this is an immediate issue in connection with its administration of the anti-trust laws, to have a definite policy, a policy which is announced, which is pursued and which is clearly stated. In connection with the anti-monopoly laws, I believe there is a crying need for a clear statement as to what administration of the anti-trust laws is intended."

"Another matter in which clarification is needed has to do with the relationship of fiscal and monetary situation in this country is now such that Government action with reference to prices is of primary importance. There is much concern as to what Government will do regarding prices and what the direction of its action will be."

"The definition of the dollar, the increase in wage rates under N. R. A., the Agricultural Adjustment Act—all the policies of four years ago were policies looking toward the increase of prices."

"Indeed, that the raising of prices to the definite level of an earlier period was believed important was frequently declared. But more recently official moves have been in the other direction. Federal Reserve action has been taken to check rising prices. Business is attacked as holding prices too high."

"In an atmosphere of uncertainty regarding prices or the actions which Government will take to increase or depress them, business hesitates and is 'inactive.'"

Lyon said he looked "hopefully" at the "newly revitalized business council" which conferred recently with President Roosevelt.

"We need in America," he said, "a rethinking of the areas in which the system of private enterprise may best be employed. Insofar as it is employed we need a new understanding of what is necessary to make that business system work in the public interest."

Man Gravely Hurt by Auto. A man identified through papers in his possession as Nick Pozarich, 2738 Rutgers street, was injured at noon today when struck by an automobile as he was crossing Market street in front of City Hall. At City Hospital, where he was taken for treatment of a skull injury, his condition was said to be grave. The driver, Clarence Bowman, 4 Greenwood place, Rock Hill Village, told police he didn't see the man in time to avoid striking him. Witnesses said Pozarich walked into the street from between parked automobiles.

PAIR FOUND SHOT TO DEATH. Pistol Near Bodies of Kansas City Man and Wife. By the Associated Press. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Both shot near the heart, the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiswell were found in bed today in their third-floor apartment. A pistol was found near the body of Wiswell.

ADVERTISING. SORE MUSCLES ACHES PAINS OMEGA OIL It Brings Results

Here's a low priced remedy that is powerful yet harmless—that is highly medicated and swiftly penetrating—it's good for aches, pains, soreness and lameness—it's effective—it gets results—Get a 35 cent bottle of Omega Oil and you'll know all this millions already know it.

Put it in good for backache—for sprains and strains—for stiff neck and sore arms—for painful burning feet and all aches and pains—you'll feel better—quickly.

For relief of the pains of rheumatism, sciatica, neuritis, neuralgia and lumbago, it is famous all over America.

Get cash for articles not in use. Sell them economically through the Post-Dispatch For Sale Columns.

HAVE YOUR EYES Scientifically Tested BY EXPERTS

"Many years ago we had to tell people how good our eye-glasses were. Now they're telling us. We have unsolicited testimonial letters will sing our praises. You, too, will."

CALL FOR COMPLETE EYE TEST

DR. N. SCHEAR DR. V. H. WEHMUELLER Optometrists—Opticians

2 DOCTORS 314 NORTH 6th STREET

PAY ONLY 50¢ A WEEK

NEW YORK CENTRAL Travel Bargain TO CLEVELAND \$9.00 ROUND TRIP

NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT Leave 6:00 p. m. Returning leave Cleveland 6:10 p. m. or 9:45 p. m. Sunday. Coach service.

Full particulars at 320 North Broadway, Main 4288, Union Station, Garfield 6600.

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM

NEW LOW PRICES ON LARGER SIZES OF ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN

Get relief from the discomfort of pain and colds with St. Joseph Aspirin... Accept no substitute. Demand it by name, "St. Joseph."

HERE'S REAL ECONOMY 1 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 10¢ 3 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 20¢ 8 DOZEN ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 35¢

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE St. Joseph GENUINE PURE ASPIRIN

ADVERTISING

IT FEELS GREAT! TRY IT FOR MUSCULAR PAINS AND ACHES

Try the warming, massaging, soothing action of a Johnson's Red Cross Plaster for backache, rheumatic pains and soreness. Economical—easy to use and remove. No fuss or odor. Look for the name Johnson's and the Red Cross on every plaster you buy. Accept no substitutes. Made by Johnson & Johnson, the world's largest makers of surgical dressings. For sale at all drug stores.



Pistol Near Bodies of Kansas City Man and Wife.  
By the Associated Press.  
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Both shot near the heart, the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Wier were found in bed today in their third-floor apartment. A pistol was found near the body of Wier.

ADVERTISEMENT.

**SORE MUSCLES  
ACHES PAINS  
OMEGA OIL**

It Brings Results

Here's a low priced remedy that is powerful, yet harmless—that is highly medicated and swiftly penetrating—it's good for aches, pains, soreness and lameness—effective—it gets results—Get a 35-cent bottle of Omega Oil and you'll know all this—millions already know it.

Use it in good for backache—for sprains and strains—for stiff necks and sore arms—for painful burning feet and all aches and pains—you'll feel better—quick.

For relief of the pains of rheumatism, sciatica, neuritis, neuralgia and lumbago, it is famous all over America.

Get cash for articles not in use. Sell them economically through the Post-Dispatch For Sale Columns.



Years ago we had to go to the doctor for every little ailment. Now we can file hundreds of testimonials and letters from people who tell us how good our medicine is. You, too, can praise it.

**PAY ONLY  
50¢  
A WEEK**

DR. N. SCHWARZ  
DR. V. H. WEHMEISTER  
Optometrists—Opticians

314 NORTH  
6th STREET

**ANCE**

Life Insurance  
Policy was issued

\$6, an increase  
\$269,154,537,  
53.

their contracts,  
for Dividends  
General Con-

**RESERVES**

...\$1,181,724,084.00  
... 75,257,437.99  
... 13,384,646.36  
... 4,883,978.39  
... 3,941,864.66  
... 3,042,452.77  
... 22,781,794.58  
... 70,020.07  
... 44,270,996.85  
... \$1,349,057,255.58

Non-annuitized funds and  
of Insurance Commissioners

Olive Street, St. Louis

Try the warming, massaging,  
soothing action of a Johnson's Red  
Cross Plaster for backache, rheumatic  
pains and soreness. Economical—  
easy to use and remove. No fuss or  
odor. Look for the name Johnson's  
and the Red Cross on every plaster  
you buy. Accept no substitutes.  
Made by Johnson & Johnson, the  
world's largest makers of surgical  
dreadnoughts. For sale at all drug stores.

**RAILWAY TRACK IMPROVEMENT**

Expenditures for Missouri Pacific Texas Lines Approved.  
Expenditure of \$1,769,000 for rail, bridge and road bed improvements on the Gulf Coast Lines and the International-Great Northern, Texas subsidiaries of the Missouri Pacific Railroad, was authorized yesterday by Federal Judge George H. Moore. Judge Moore approved plans last week for the expenditure of \$7,821,000 for improvements on the Missouri Pacific, exclusive of the Texas lines. None of the outlay is for new equipment.

**HELPS YOU BAKE  
A BETTER CAKE**

**AMERICAN  
BEAUTY  
FLOUR**

**NEW YORK CENTRAL  
Travel Bargain  
TO  
CLEVELAND  
\$9.00 ROUND  
TRIP**

**NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT**  
Leave 6:00 p. m. Returning  
leave Cleveland 6:10 p. m. or  
9:45 p. m. Sunday.  
Coach service.

Full particulars at 320 North  
Broadway, Main 4288, and  
Union Station, Garfield 6600.

**NEW YORK CENTRAL  
SYSTEM**

**NEW  
LOW PRICES  
ON LARGER SIZES OF  
ST. JOSEPH  
ASPIRIN**

Get relief from the discomfort  
of pain and colds with St. Joseph  
Aspirin... Accept no substitute.  
Demand it by name, "St. Joseph."

**HERE'S  
REAL ECONOMY**

1 DOZEN  
ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 10¢

3 DOZEN  
ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 20¢

8 DOZEN  
ST. JOSEPH ASPIRIN 35¢

**SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE**

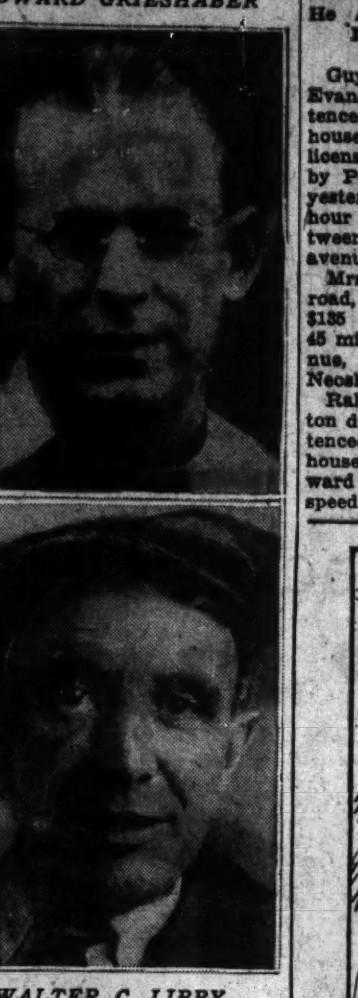
**St. Joseph  
GENUINE PURE ASPIRIN**

**IT FEELS  
GREAT!  
TRY IT FOR  
MUSCULAR  
PAINS AND  
ACHES**

Try the warming, massaging,  
soothing action of a Johnson's Red  
Cross Plaster for backache, rheumatic  
pains and soreness. Economical—  
easy to use and remove. No fuss or  
odor. Look for the name Johnson's  
and the Red Cross on every plaster  
you buy. Accept no substitutes.  
Made by Johnson & Johnson, the  
world's largest makers of surgical  
dreadnoughts. For sale at all drug stores.

**Auto Accident Victims**

**EDWARD GRIESHABER**



WALTER C. LIBBY

**TWO FOUND DROWNED  
IN CREEK WITH AUTO**

Coroner Says Men Were Not  
Killed by 50-Foot Plunge Off  
Highway in County.

Two men whose bodies were found with a wrecked automobile in Coldwater Creek beside Highway 90, St. Louis County, yesterday, met death by drowning rather than from injuries in the accident, Coroner John O'Connell concluded today.

They were Walter C. Libby, unemployed painter and decorator, 1101 Bittner street, and Edward Grieshaber, 1828 Coleman street, driver for the Green Valley Dairy Co., Carrollton, Ill.

The coroner announced that cursory examination showed both men had suffered concussion of the brain as the car tumbled 50 feet down a sharp bank. Minor cuts were the only other injuries. The coroner surmised that the accident occurred Saturday night. Accident verdicts were returned at the inquest today.

The manner in which the car, a coupe of medium weight belonging to Libby, lay on its roof indicated it had been traveling north on the two-lane concrete road. The road curves approaching the creek bridge from either direction. William Linck, proprietor of a garage at 8005 North Broadway, who identified the bodies, told State highway patrolmen the men had left his establishment about 10 p. m. Saturday, saying they were going for a ride. He did not know who was driving.

When the car was removed from the partially frozen creek, Libby's body was in it near the right side, and the left door was open, leading police to conclude Grieshaber was driving. Grieshaber's body was found in the creek a few feet from the car, after a brief search. Mrs. W. H. Quarry of Carrollton, wife of Grieshaber's employer, chanced to pass as the car was being removed and told police he was missing.

The car was in about three feet of water, west of the highway bridge. It was noticed Sunday afternoon by Harold Draper of St. Charles, worker at a quarry in the vicinity, but he assumed the authorities knew about it. Seeing it again yesterday, he had the State police notified. The police arrived at 9:30 a. m., but it was 2 p. m. before the machine could be drawn out to a level place for removal of Libby's body.

Libby's family was not worried over his absence over the weekend as he sometimes accompanied dairy drivers on trips into Illinois and Missouri. Grieshaber's family was not alarmed either, as he often spent the night away from home.

Libby, who until last summer was employed at his trade by a Hollywood movie studio, was 45 years old and resided with his wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Jessie W. Reilly, Grieshaber, 20. He survived by his father, two brothers and three sisters.

Constable Andrew T. Sears of St. Ferdinand Township announced today that his deputies would resume patrolling of Highways 90 and 96. The wrecked car would have been discovered sooner if his patrol had been on duty, he said. Prosecuting Attorney M. Ralph Walsh recently ordered Constables to stop patrolling State roads, as a result of complaints about unjustified arrests.

**WOMAN WHO TOOK POISON DIES**

Mrs. Margaret Wigger Said She Did It Because She Felt Ill.  
Mrs. Margaret Wigger, 3339A Wisconsin avenue, died in City Hospital yesterday of poison which she took Jan. 10 in Benton Park, Jefferson avenue and Arsenal street. She told police she sought to end her life because she felt ill after having mistakenly taken iodine instead of medicine at her home. She was 40 years old.

**DRIVER GETS 45-DAY TERM  
FOR GOING 45 MILES AN HOUR**

He Also Is Fined \$45 and His License Suspended for 45 Days; to Appeal.  
Guy W. Dungey, a chauffeur, 908 Evans avenue, Kirkwood, was sentenced to 45 days in the Workhouse, fined \$45 and his driver's license was suspended for 45 days by Police Judge James F. Nangle yesterday for speeding 45 miles an hour Jan. 13 on Kingshighway between Potomac street and Mardel avenue.

Mrs. Myrtle Gelsler, 408 Glen road, Webster Groves, was fined \$125 by Judge Nangle for driving 45 miles an hour on Hampton avenue, between Milents avenue and Neacho street, Jan. 17.

Ralph H. Brueser, 7328 Huntington drive, Pasadena Hills, was sentenced to five days in the Workhouse and fined \$50 by Judge Edward M. Ruddy on conviction of speeding 50 miles an hour Dec. 18 on Goodfellow boulevard, between Harris and Laura avenues.

Dungey and Mrs. Gelsler had previously been convicted of speeding. All three defendants will appeal.

**Wife Sues Walter Wanger.**  
LOS ANGELES, Feb. 1.—Walter Wanger, movie producer, was sued for divorce yesterday by his wife. She charges extreme cruelty. Mrs. Wanger, the former Justine Johnston of the movies, says that for the last three years Wanger paid scant attention to her, refusing to speak to her or accompany her to social functions. The Wangers were married in 1919.

**BERT F. FENN REJOINDER  
IN DISBARMENT SUIT FILED**

He Replies to Bar Committee's Answer to His Denials of Charges of Misconduct.  
Issues in the disbarment suit against Bert F. Fenn, an attorney, were joined in the St. Louis Court of Appeals yesterday with the filing of Fenn's rejoinder to the State Bar Committee's reply to his denials of charges of misconduct.

In his rejoinder, Fenn, who had denied charged he had solicited personal injury damage claims and said that other charges of moral turpitude were not proper ground for disbarment since they concerned personal matters not connected with his law practice, contended that he could not be held guilty of moral turpitude since he had committed no crime.

As to the charge that he had been fined \$100 in United States District Court on his plea of no contest to an indictment charging he had distributed a contraceptive preparation by mail, Fenn made the technical argument that a plea of no contest was not equivalent to a plea of guilty. Insisting he had not been convicted in the legal sense, he said he now denied he was guilty of misusing the mails.

**A GOOD FUEL IN ANY WEATHER**

**CARBONITE**

**SMOKELESS FUEL**

**SEIDEL**

Clean and Easy to Handle, Economical and Economical Fuel.

COAL & COKE CO.  
Franklin 4800  
DUNCAN AT VANDEVENTER

**ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH**

Boy on Bicycle Hurt in Collision, Edward Schott Jr., 7234 Normandy place, Normandy, suffered a skull injury last night when he collided with a small automobile truck trailer while riding a bicycle in the 8000 block of Natural Bridge road. The car was driven by J. C. Schmuck, an interior decorator, 7229 St. Andrews road, who told a deputy sheriff the accident occurred when he passed the boy on the road. Edward, 13 years old, was taken to Dr. L. B. Tiernon's Hospital in Pine Lawn by Schmuck.

**Candid Camera Fans and Others  
ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO OUR  
LEICA CAMERA EXHIBIT  
Tomorrow, Wednesday, February 2**

Mr. A. B. Carlson of the E. Leitz Co. will be in our store all day. See the complete line of Leica Cameras and equipment and discuss your problems with this expert.

Complete Stock Cameras and Supplies—Easy Terms—12 Months to Pay

**AMERA EXCHANGE**  
1650 PARK AV. (PARKING SPACE)  
CAMERAS BOUGHT, SOLD, TRADED

**A GOOD FUEL IN ANY WEATHER**

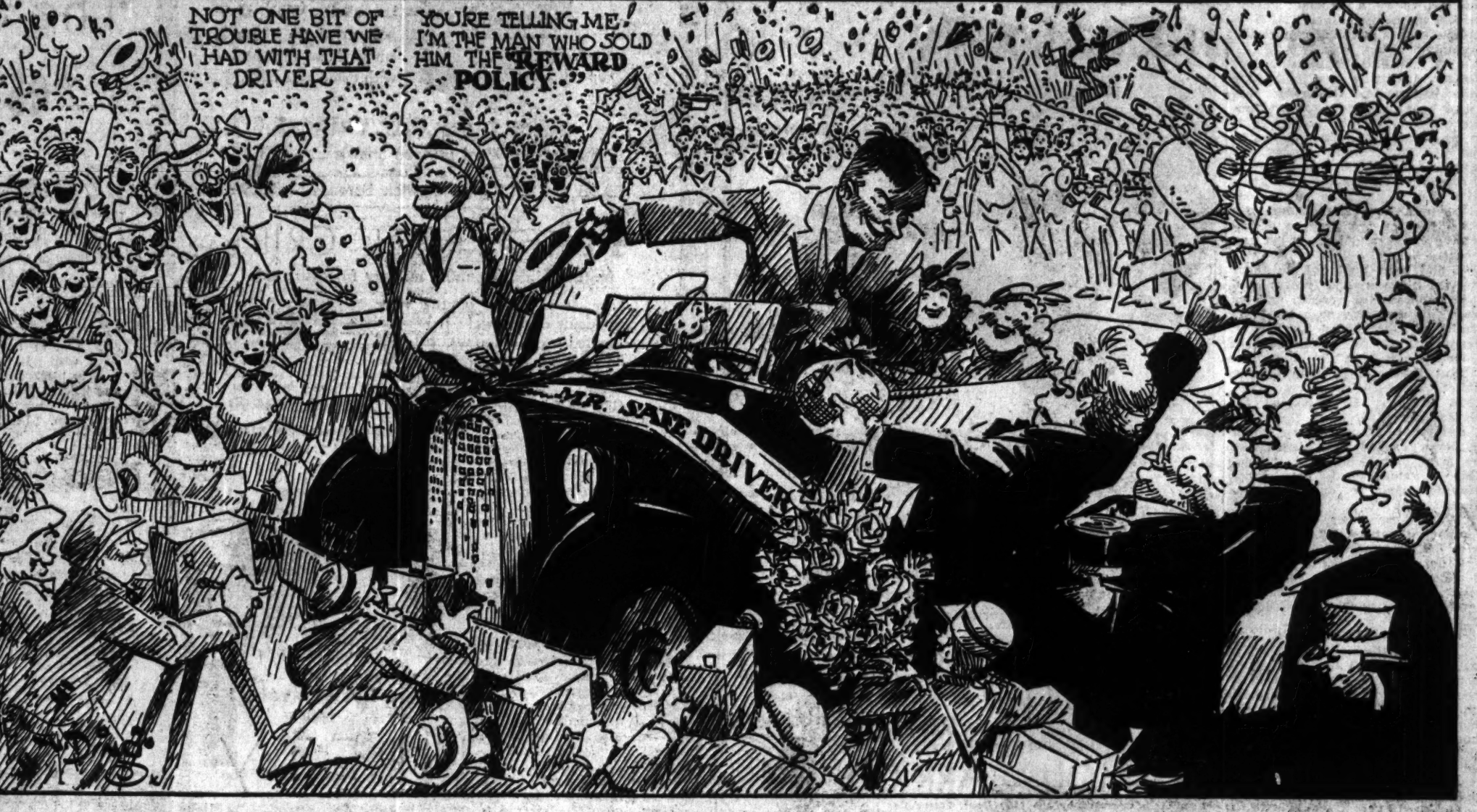
**CARBONITE**

**SMOKELESS FUEL**

**SEIDEL**

Clean and Easy to Handle, Economical and Economical Fuel.

COAL & COKE CO.  
Franklin 4800  
DUNCAN AT VANDEVENTER



**Announcing a new Reward for the  
Safe Driver—this one in dollars!**

The unspoken gratitude of youngsters and old people... every one—of all living things along our highways—has always been the reward of careful driving.

Now something more definite has been added to this: MILLIONS OF DOLLARS to be rewarded to insured motorists presenting a perfect record as safe drivers!

THIS CAMPAIGN FOR SAFETY—the greatest joint effort of its kind—is undertaken by 31 leading stock casualty insurance companies listed herewith, and over 90,000 agents and brokers who are co-operating in this plan.

A guaranteed reward  
The Safe Driver Reward Plan provides for a return of 15 per cent of the annual premium, provided no loss occurs under a policy during the 12 months it is in force. This applies to policies written and renewed in this state on or after February 1, 1938.

This reward is available to all private passenger car owners insured for both bodily injury and property damage liability with

any one of the companies listed herewith.\*  
It is a guaranteed reward—included in the contract.

See your local insurance adviser for details

The 31 companies listed on the right, which, with their representatives, have launched this plan, have already gained the confidence of American motorists by together writing more bodily injury and property damage liability insurance than any other group of companies in the world!

Their agents and brokers are in every city and town in the country. They offer you not only expert advice based on your personal needs, but immediate service in times of emergency.

Any one of these local representatives can give you full particulars of the Safe Driver Reward Plan. Join this campaign for safer driving... and make yourself a candidate for the money reward. See your local representative today!

\*It does not apply to automobiles subject to the automobile loan plan, experience rating plan or any other rating plan, or to owners of whom certificates of financial responsibility are required.

**THIS NEW PLAN FOR SAFE DRIVING IS ANNOUNCED  
BY THE FOLLOWING STOCK CASUALTY COMPANIES**

- Aetna Casualty and Surety Company
- Aetna Life Insurance Company
- American Surety Company
- Bankers Indemnity Insurance Company
- Century Indemnity Company
- Columbia Casualty Company
- Eagle Indemnity Company
- Fidelity & Casualty Company
- Fireman's Fund Indemnity Company
- Glens Falls Indemnity Company
- Globe Indemnity Company
- Great American Indemnity Company
- Hartford Accident & Indemnity Company
- London Guarantee & Accident Company, Ltd.
- London & Lancashire Indemnity Company
- Maryland Casualty Company
- Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Company
- New Amsterdam Casualty Company
- New York Casualty Company
- Occidental Indemnity Company
- Ocean Accident & Guarantee Corporation, Ltd.
- Phoenix Indemnity Company
- Royal Indemnity Company
- Standard Accident Insurance Company
- Standard Surety & Casualty Company
- Sun Indemnity Company
- Travelers Indemnity Company
- Travelers Insurance Company
- United States Casualty Company
- United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company
- Zurich General Accident & Liability Insurance Co., Ltd.

Ask your insurance agent or broker about the

**SAFE DRIVER REWARD PLAN**



## STORE OWNER ADMITS MISLEADING CREDITORS

I. A. Gascovitz, in Bankruptcy Suit Says Financial Statement Was Inaccurate.

Isidore A. Gascovitz, operator of Gast Department Store, 2501 North Grand boulevard, testified yesterday in Bankruptcy Court that a financial "memorandum" given creditors, listing his firm's assets at \$94,137 as of Jan. 1, 1937, was inaccurate. He said he did not know what his company's actual financial condition was at that time.

The testimony was given at a hearing in connection with an involuntary petition in bankruptcy pending in Federal Court against the former dry goods merchant. The financial statement, which he referred to as a "memorandum," showed his company had \$52,625 in merchandise and \$2512 cash at the beginning of last year.

Admits False Statement. After admitting the statement was inaccurate, Gascovitz was asked by an attorney for petitioning creditors why he had given it to creditors. "The purpose was to continue in business," the witness explained. "We had to give them a financial memorandum or otherwise they would have put us out of business. The memorandum was not given for the purpose of obtaining credit, and I didn't get any credit."

"I had been buying from those firms for years and years; and they cut down our credit, and we were forced to pay cash for practically all merchandise we bought. They wanted some figures that looked pretty good."

"But they wanted true figures, didn't they?" the attorney asked. "Not the way I understood it," Gascovitz replied.

Referee in Bankruptcy Elmer E. Peary asked the witness who he meant when he said "they." Gascovitz mentioned the Elder Manufacturing Co. and Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co.

"Well, those firms did not ask for padded figures, did they?" Referee Peary inquired. The witness said none of the firms he had been dealing with had made such a request, and that if he had given that impression he wished to withdraw it.

Worked on Cash Basis. Earlier in the hearing Gascovitz testified that from June to November, 1937, he did not have a bank account and conducted his business on a cash basis. He said he did not keep large amounts of cash on hand, however, because he had to purchase merchandise from the wholesalers from day to day with cash. Although there was a safe in the store, what cash he kept overnight he hid in a shoe box, he said.

He related that in 1932 he owed

Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co. about \$17,000 for merchandise. An arrangement was made whereby the dry goods concern took a second mortgage on Gascovitz's store building for that amount, and the debt was to be paid at the rate of \$100 a week.

Gascovitz testified that he still owed Ely & Walker \$7000 on the mortgage and an additional \$5000 for merchandise purchased since then, and although an offer was made for the retirement of the entire debt by the payment of \$3000 cash, he was unable to raise the money. After an inventory of the stock in his department store, made several weeks ago, disclosed he had merchandise with a market value of only about \$6000, he then decided to make an assignment of assets for the benefit of his creditors.

The three creditors who filed the bankruptcy petition against Gascovitz cited the assignment as one of acts of bankruptcy. The petitioning creditors, with claims totaling \$908, are: J. R. Bissell Dry Goods Co., British-American Rub-

**666 COLDS AND FEVER**

LIQUID TABLETS Headache, 30 minutes

Try "Baby-Fin"—World's Best Unimist

**SPECIALTY BABY CUTICURA SOAP and OINTMENT**



**Let Your Picture Speak for You!**

Remember your Valentine with a splendid new photograph of yourself. Taken our PhotoReflex Mirror-Camera way your picture will speak for you most satisfactorily. They'll be just the special sort you want because you will see what you will look like before your picture is taken.

**ONE OF OUR VALENTINE SPECIALS**

Three 5x7 pictures of you in lovely opal silk finish

ONE IN A FINE FRAME

Regularly \$10.95

No Appointment Needed PhotoReflex Studio—Third Floor

**FAMOUS-BARR CO.**

Operated by the May Dept. Stores Co. We Give and Redeem Eagle Stamps

**EVERY WEDNESDAY BABY DAY Specials**

Have Your Baby's Picture Taken by Photo-Reflex, Third Floor

**ROBE-N-HOODS**

\$2.98 value

**\$2.44**

Beautifully tailored of soft, fleecy cotton blanket cloth. With zip fastener. Satin ribbon trimmed and applied with detachable hood.

**other baby day values!**

\$2.59 Zephyr Wool Fringed Shawls — \$1.88

\$5.98 Chenille Play Pen Rugs — \$3.88

\$3.98 and \$4.98 Candlewick Spreads — \$2.94

**\$19.98 KROLL CRIBS**

featured in our annual nursery furniture sale!

Save \$5.08! One of the value standouts of the sale! It has aluminumized sagless springs, patented knee action, dropside lock. Finished in maple, ivory or walnut.

**\$14.90**

\$29.98 Matching Chiffonrobe — \$24.90

Infants' Department—Fifth Floor

**SURETY THRIFTS**

wednesday only, at **69c**

Signal for savings... whether you come in, mail or phone your order! Our exclusive Surety everyday ringless chiffrons that wear so satisfactorily! Of flattering sheer silk from picot top to plaited feet. Wanted shades; 8 1/2 to 10 1/2.

Hosiery—Main Floor

**Today! Opening Our New WOMEN'S Thrift Dress SHOP**

devoted exclusively to smart, flattering fashions for women!

presenting among outstanding fashions

**The Jacket Dress**

**\$6.49 .. \$14.95**

Lower Right—Frock with flower print top, pattern repeated in the border on the bolero. Navy or black \$6.49

Lower Left—Colorful print top frock with plain navy or black skirt and bolero. Bolero smartly stitched. Posy trim. \$14.95



Large Figure—That perennial Spring favorite, a navy or Clipper Blue rayon sheer. This one has flattering yoke of lace and boxy jacket. \$9.95

Women's Thrift Dress Shop—Fourth Floor

Welcome news for style and value conscious St. Louis women! An entire thrift department, ready to cater entirely to women! Newest styles that look young, adapted to fit and flatter you who wear women's sizes. The jacket and bolero frocks shown are typical of the fashion-right dresses you'll find here!

ANNUAL FEBRUARY SALE

brings notable savings on smart fabric

**GLOVES**

from two of america's leading makers!

**58c PR.**

\$1 and \$1.25 values start wednesday at

Nationally advertised and known to every smart woman for their fashion and quality... you'll recognize the makers' names at first glance! A dozen delightfully different styles... colors for now and Spring including black, navy, beiges, greens, brown. All made to keep their smartness through many wearings, many washings. Anticipate future needs... Wednesday at remarkable savings!

Gloves—Main Floor

**FAMOUS-BARR CO.**

OPERATED BY THE MAY DEPT. STORES CO. WE GIVE AND REDEEM EAGLE STAMPS

Save 6c on each pair! All are attractive patterns. A feature of our February Sale! Get plenty now! Children's Hosiery—Main Floor

**SOCKS 13c pr.**

boys' and girls' 13c

**Save 20% to 50%! Fur Coats**

IN A MOST SPECTACULAR SPECIAL PURCHASE AND SALE!

**\$159 to \$269 Values!**

**\$128**

BUY NOW for Next Season! Limited Quantity! HURRY!

Black Caracul Skunk Chubbies Mink-Dyed Muskrats

Jap Weasels Gray Kidskin Sable-Dyed Squirrels

Natural Fitch Black Persians Safari Alaska Seal

Kaffa Caracul Natural Leopard Natural Squirrels

Silver Muskrats Silvertone Muskrats Dark Muskrats

Gray Kid Caracul Hudson Seal Dyed Muskrats

Russian Marmink Dyed Marmots

The line-up reads like a list of the season's best-selling fur fashions! Chubby coats, pencil line swaggers, full swaggers, princess models! Buy now at large proportion savings... finish out this season smartly... and congratulate yourself next Winter on your thrifty foresight! Every Coat in the group measures up to Fashion Center's widely known high standards!

A DEPOSIT, PLUS SALES TAX, HOLDS YOUR PURCHASE!

Fur Shop—Fourth Floor

**FAMOUS-BARR CO.**

OPERATED BY THE MAY DEPT. STORES CO. WE GIVE AND REDEEM EAGLE STAMPS

Don't Allow Them to Testify as to Union Preference or Attendance at CIO Strike Meeting.

COMPANY PROTESTS; TO SEEK COURT WRIT

Dudley, Hearing Case, Had Sought Stipulation to Shorten Parade of 650 Employees to Stand.

Don't Allow Them to Testify as to Union Preference or Attendance at CIO Strike Meeting.

COMPANY PROTESTS; TO SEEK COURT WRIT

Dudley, Hearing Case, Had Sought Stipulation to Shorten Parade of 650 Employees to Stand.

Don't Allow Them to Testify as to Union Preference or Attendance at CIO Strike Meeting.



PART TWO

W. R. B. EXAMINER  
DECIDES TO LIMIT  
FORD WITNESSES

Won't Allow Them to Testify as to Union Preference or Attendance at CIO Strike Meeting.

COMPANY PROTESTS;  
TO SEEK COURT WRIT

Dudley, Hearing Case, Had Sought Stipulation to Shorten Parade of 650 Employees to Stand.

Examiner Telford E. Dudley, presiding at the National Labor Relations Board hearing of labor practices at the Ford assembly plant, announced today he would limit the testimony of witnesses for the company, which had stated it would call 600 employees who would say they would prefer having no union rather than be represented by the CIO United Automobile Workers.

The trial examiner had urged attorneys to consider a stipulation on testimony to halt cumulative evidence at the hearing, which is in its thirty-third day. Failure of counsel to agree on a stipulation, he said, necessitated his making a ruling that company witnesses could not testify on the following four points: The date they joined the CIO union; the fact they joined the Liberty Legion of America; a statement of preference for the Liberty Legion over the CIO; and whether they attended CIO strike call meetings last year.

Dudley explained that the first two questions are answered in the documentary evidence of the two organizations, which are in evidence, and the second two are not relevant.

Daniel Bartlett, company attorney, protested against the trial examiner making a ruling and demanded he would seek a writ of prohibition in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals against limitations on his evidence.

Bartlett and his associate, Thomas W. McDermott, had expected to show through the testimony of about 650 Ford workers that fewer than 150 Ford workers attended the November strike meeting. Union witnesses testified that nearly 700 Ford workers were there and that only 16 did not attend the strike, which was called Nov. 24.

Each of the 13 witnesses questioned by Ford counsel yesterday declared he had joined the CIO last summer because of fear of violence from organizers. They testified that it was a case of "join or else," and told of violence and threats which they said had accompanied the union's organizational efforts. The 13 men said they joined the Liberty Legion of America to the CIO local, and that under no circumstances did they want to belong to the latter union.

The Liberty Legion, intervenors in the case, is alleged by the CIO to be a Ford "company union." Attorneys for the N. L. R. B. asserted the CIO objected repeatedly, asserting that an "election by secret ballot" was the only proper method of determining employee preference.

O. Fenry, representing the United Automobile Workers, declared the witnesses could not be expected to answer frankly as many company plant executives and foremen were in the courtroom.

One of the witnesses, Carl Runyon, declared he joined the CIO last June because "everybody was joining." He added: "The go was that if you wanted to work you would have to join." Another witness declared he was informed "something might fall on me if I didn't join."

Declaring he was beaten severely by three CIO men on Nov. 27, Runyon was emphatic in asserting he preferred "nothing" to joining the Liberty Legion.

Gets League Post



—Wide World Photo.  
MISS DOROTHY KENYON

WHO has been appointed by the League of Nations Council to a fact finding committee of eight to report on the legal status of women in various countries. Miss Kenyon is a New York attorney.

N. L. R. B. CITES FORD  
KANSAS CITY PLANT

CIO Complaint Charges Dismissal of 1400 Members for Union Activities.

By the Associated Press.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—A complaint was issued today, against the Ford assembly plant here by the regional director of the National Labor Relations Board, on the basis of charges filed by the United Automobile Workers of America that more than 1400 of its members had been dismissed or forced out for union activities.

The complaint required the Ford Motor Co. to answer within five days. The hearing was set for Feb. 10.

The union, a CIO affiliate, conducted a brief sit-down strike inside the plant last April, and called a strike Dec. 10.

Before reopening the plant last October after a seasonal shutdown,

Ford company officers charged that City Manager H. F. McElroy had failed to provide adequate police protection for men entering the plant, and said operations would be taken to another city unless it was provided. McElroy conferred with Henry Ford at Detroit, and later assured him in writing the protection would be given. After the plant reopened, police were stationed at the entrances and others escorted men to work. When attempts were made to picket the plant, police arrested the pickets, including a few women and children.

E. J. Eagen, regional director of the Labor Board, said the 11-page complaint charges that over 1400 employees were discharged, laid off, locked out or forced to resign "for the reason that they joined, formed and assisted and were members of the Automobile Workers' local."

Plant officers repeatedly have said operations have been normal since the reopening in October and that they recognize no strike because there is no evidence of one in effect. More than 1000 men have been employed since reopening.

The U. A. W. A charged the Ford plant aided in the formation of a "blue card union" by paying organizers for time spent in organization work, informing employees "membership in the said blue card union

was a condition of employment" and supplying the blue card organizers with addresses of Ford workers.

The union charged that officials "caused rumors to be circulated among its employees that the plant would curtail normal operations

until said blue card union had secured a membership at least 51 per cent of all of the employees engaged in the operations" in Kansas City, and that blue card union organizers were promoted to favorable positions in the plant.

The U. A. W. A alleged the company informed employees the Kansas City plant "would never operate as long as its employees were members of the CIO."

It also alleged the plant manufactured or made available to employees "black jacks, lead knuckles, lead pipes and other instruments of violence."

Guardian of Christy Walsh's Son. By the Associated Press. LOS ANGELES, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Madeline Souden Walsh, divorced wife of Christy Walsh, sports writer, was granted guardianship yesterday of their 11-year-old son, Walter Walsh Jr.

TODAY IS POST DAY

"Guess who dropped in today! ...a BLACKMAILER!"



Good Old Julia  
by MARGERY SHARP

Sir William almost choked over that one. Would his wife never take things seriously? Just because she'd once been a showgirl was no excuse. And then to give the bouncer a fiver—"What's the matter, darling," asked Lady Julia, "wasn't that enough?" ... It was plenty. Look what happened. (Look in the Post, on page 8.)

How Mexico  
Uses U.S. MONEY  
TO UNDERMINE U.S. INTERESTS

Revolution on a  
Silver Platter  
by FRANK L. KLUCKHOHN

Is the New Deal playing Santa Claus below the Rio Grande... to finance attacks on American businesses and landowners in Mexico? By buying silver above the market, we hand Mexico 13% of its total income, and accelerate a program that jeopardizes an American investment there of one billion dollars. The New York Times Mexico City correspondent shows you how being too good a neighbor can be a boomerang.

SHOULD I JUMP?



Imagine yourself in a plane 5000 feet up. Suddenly the engine sputters, and dies. Should you bail out—or stick to the ship and risk a landing? That's the question a flyer has to answer time and again. An Army Air Corps pilot tells you how it feels to have to make that decision—especially at night, with a sea of blackness below. Turn to your Post this week for his exciting story of the tensest moment in flying.

by  
LT. BEIRNE LAY, JR.



THE SATURDAY  
EVENING POST  
An Illustrated Weekly  
Founded by Franklin D. Roosevelt  
FEBRUARY 5, 1938  
5c the Copy

SHOULD I JUMP? By LT. BEIRNE LAY, JR.

Enjoy the  
Post Tonight!

ROMANCE

NEWS

ADVENTURE

POLITICS

HUMOR

WAR

ALSO

IN THIS ISSUE:

**MAKING A KILLER CONFESS.** Not so hard, maybe, if you're a policeman. But definitely hard if you're a reporter, like Luke Morrow, with a gun in your ribs and a "useless" debutante on your hands. Read *Pipe Lines*, a short story by Lew Dietz, a new Post author.

**IMAGINE A SWEDEN NAMED McGARRIGLE!** A sailor wanted by the Barbados police should have known better than to call himself that. Picture his surprise when he shipped aboard the *Grace Ellis*, and met a real McGarrigle. A short story, *The Cousins McGarrigle*, by Richard Howells Watkins.

**PLUS** Editorials, serials, cartoons, and news about Post authors, and stories in the making, on the Keeping Posted page. On your newsstand today.

Why It Means War To  
BOYCOTT JAPAN

People love to join movements. Boycott Japan? "Sure," they say. But what happens then? Embargo and boycott are equivalent to blockade—in fact, are blockade. And blockade means war. A writer who has studied the strategy behind American and Japanese diplomacy reports on the steps we are taking along a familiar road.

We Love a Crusade  
by GEORGE FIELDING ELIOT  
Formerly Major, Military Intelligence Reserve

CIRCULATION NOW  
HIGHEST IN HISTORY

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Opening Our New  
s Thrift  
ss SHOP

clusively to smart,  
ashions for women!



Large Figure—  
That perennial  
Spring favorite, a  
risky or Clipper  
Blue rayon sheer.  
This one has flat-  
tering yoke of lace  
and boxy jacket.  
\$9.98

Welcome news for style  
and value conscious St.  
Louis women! An entire  
thrift department, ready  
to cater entirely to women!  
Newest styles that  
look young, adapted to  
fit and flatter you who  
wear women's sizes. The  
jacket and bolero frocks  
shown are typical of the  
fashion-right dresses  
you'll find here!

Women's Thrift Dress Shop  
—Fourth Floor

RY SALE



CO.  
AND REDEEM EAGLE STAMPS















ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1938.

PAGES 4-8C

PART THREE

# LEAHY QUESTIONED NAVY BUILDING PLANS OF JAPAN

Admiral Says U. S. Has  
No Knowledge Tokio Is  
Constructing 43,000-Ton  
Ships.

TESTIFIES AGAIN  
AT HOUSE HEARING

Asserts This Country Will  
Be Forced to Increase  
Size of Vessels if Other  
Powers Do.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Admiral William D. Leahy, chief of naval operations, told the House Naval Affairs Committee today the United States would build battleships larger than the 35,000-ton limit fixed by the London treaty if other powers disregarded the limitation.

"It is almost certain," he said, "that the treaty nations would increase the size of their ships if other countries were doing so."

Leahy made his statement in the second day of hearings on legislation to carry out an \$800,000,000 naval expansion program proposed in response to President Roosevelt's recommendation for a flat 20 per cent increase in the size of the fleet.

Earlier, he told the committee of official reports to the navy that Japan is building 43,000-ton battleships. This information, he said, had been published in Italy.

The knowledge of Super Ships, as they are called, was obtained from a report by Representative Mott (D., Oregon), whether the intelligence service did not know whether Japan was building such super ships, Leahy replied:

"We have an intelligence department that has not been able to get the information in Japan." He asserted this Government knew nothing of the tonnage or gun caliber of the new Japanese ships.

The proposed United States naval expansion program includes three 35,000-ton battleships and Leahy said the United States has no present intention of building larger ones unless forced to do so by the activities of other powers.

Questioned by Representative Hamilton (Dem., Virginia), as to how the navy would defend the national capital if the fleet were cut in the Pacific, Leahy said he believed that would have to be left to the army until the fleet could reach the scene.

Leahy again dividing fleet. Leahy emphatically opposed division of the fleet between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans although Hamilton said many members of Congress believed there should be two fleets because of the vulnerability of the Panama Canal.

"That, of course, would involve a much greater increase than that proposed," Leahy asserted.

Representative Cole (Rep., New York), asked whether any country had a combatant ship of more than 35,000 tons built or building.

"So far as we know," the Admiral said, "no nation has a ship larger than 35,000 tons or one under construction, although information has been published in Italy that Japan is building ships very much larger than that."

(Admiral Leahy evidently referred to ships classed as battleships. The British Hood is 42,100 tons but navy officials said the Hood is classed as a battle cruiser.)

Three Capital Ships Planned.

Cole also asked how many new ships were contemplated under the expansion bill. Leahy told him that if the present tonnage limitation of 35,000—fixed by the London naval treaty—were continued, three more vessels could be built.

Chairman Vinson (Dem.), Georgia, said that the purpose of the expansion program was to "keep us on an even keel with other nations."

Leahy agreed, asserting it would be "difficult for any other nation to successfully attack us as long as the present ratio is maintained."

Representative Sutphin (Dem.), New Jersey, wanted to know whether battleships larger than 40,000 tons could pass through the Panama Canal. Leahy declined to answer positively, but expressed belief they could.

In response to questions from Representative McGrath (Dem.), California, Leahy said he would like to see the navy build facilities in the interest of national defense. McGrath told the committee he planned to offer an amendment providing for allocation of part of the proposed building program to West coast yards.

Monroe Doctrine and Navy.

"What is the ability of our present naval strength to enforce the Monroe Doctrine?" Cole asked.

"That would be dependent absolutely on the amount of force used," Leahy replied.

Asked if any nation had a fleet strong enough to "destroy" the United States navy, Leahy said that

## Naval Operations Chief Before Committee



ADMIRAL WILLIAM D. LEAHY (left) testifying before the House Naval Affairs Committee in Washington yesterday.

while he did not like to admit that any navy could do so, "the British navy is much more powerful than ours at present." He repeated, however, that it would be "exceedingly difficult" for any single navy to destroy the United States fleet.

Vinson drew from Leahy a statement that while the United States would need a naval increase three times the size of that proposed in order to wage an aggressive campaign, that would not be true of most other nations because they had much less coast line to defend.

U. S. Program and 5-3 Ratio.

Leahy repeated that the complete building program would not bring the fleet up to the 5-3 (United States-Great Britain-Japan) ratio established by the defunct 1930 London and Washington treaties. He emphasized it would not restore the 5-3 ratio with Japan.

Leahy said, in response to a question by Representative Scott (Dem.), California, that the navy did not know the whereabouts of every Japanese warship. Scott abandoned that line of inquiry, however, when Vinson suggested it might lead into "confidential" fields of information.

When Scott asked why the Admiral had linked the fleets of Japan, Italy and Germany for purposes of comparison with the United States navy in his testimony yesterday, Leahy replied those countries "are in some kind of an agreement."

"It is because they are the war countries," Scott inquired.

"I made no such statement," Leahy replied.

Expansion Plan Questioned.

Some members of the committee expressed doubts that American foreign policy requires an \$800,000,000 fleet expansion.

Representative Mass (Rep.), Minnesota, ranking minority member of the committee, and Kniffin (Dem.), Ohio, were especially critical of some aspects of the 20 per cent increase recommended by President Roosevelt.

"In what way is our national policy endangered and by whom?" Mass repeatedly asked Admiral Leahy at yesterday's hearings.

Kniffin told the committee he was opposed to using the fleet as "a police force" or as "a subsidiary for some organization that wants to exploit people on the other side of the globe."

Leahy replied that the proposed building program contained nothing that would permit of "aggressive action, of policing the world, or of projecting an attack against the territory of any other naval power."

## ARMED BANDS CLASH WITH MEXICAN TROOPS

Governor of Tamaulipas Says  
Incidents Were Minor and  
Minimizes Talk of Unrest.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Feb. 1.—Gov. Marte R. Gomez of the Mexican State of Tamaulipas said today that clashes between armed bands and Mexican authorities were minor incidents, and said the Dorados, or Gold Shirts, were "trying to make the American people think there is unrest in Mexico."

The Governor, who flew yesterday to Matamoros, across the border from here, from Victoria, capital of Tamaulipas, said he was sure the situation would be under control within a few days.

"They couldn't even take a settlement, much less a state or nation," he said of the Gold Shirts, an organization opposed to the present Mexican Government.

Four men were killed and at least two wounded in clashes between Mexican Federalists and the armed bands.

Tension was high in Matamoros after the fights and the populace stayed indoors most of the day. The situation quickly changed, however, when Gov. Gomez arrived. He strolled around the plaza several times with Mayor Ladislao Cardenas Jr. and other officials. Soon the people were out taking their evening stroll.

Federal troops and agrarian reservists killed two members of one armed band at La Rosita, 15 miles west of Matamoros. Troops killed another in a similar clash at El Solisano ranch.

Kniffin told the committee he was opposed to using the fleet as "a police force" or as "a subsidiary for some organization that wants to exploit people on the other side of the globe."

Leahy replied that the proposed building program contained nothing that would permit of "aggressive action, of policing the world, or of projecting an attack against the territory of any other naval power."

## RUSSIA'S COAST DEFENSES BUILT UP IN LAST 5 YEARS

Number of Fortified Zones Increased 3-Fold, Commissar Writes.  
New Pacific Commander.

MOSCOW, Feb. 1.—Soviet Russia's coast defenses have been strengthened during the last five years, the Navy Commissar disclosed today.

Writing in the Communist party newspaper Pravda, Commissar Peter Alexandrovich Smirnov says:

"The number of our fortified zones which protect the most important political and economic regions on Soviet shores has been increased three times. It is very important that those fortified zones have been supplied with heavy artillery."

Mobile batteries have been established, and coast defense guns have been increased one and one-half times, the articles says.

"The navy has developed both in quantity and in quality, particularly the submarine fleet," Smirnov writes.

He states that Soviet battleships, built in 1914 and 1915, have been modernized, and that a new command, under the name of the Pacific fleet, has taken charge of the Pacific fleet, succeeding Admiral Grigory Kiriev.

## 15 ARMY PLANES ON TRAINING FLIGHT STOP AT LOUISVILLE

Squadron, Which Started From  
Field Near Detroit, Plans to Cross  
16 States in Seven Days.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 1.—Fifteen army pursuit planes paused here today, their first stop on a seven-day training flight across 16 states.

The squadron left Selfridge Field near Detroit, plans to cross 16 states in seven days.

By the Associated Press.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 1.—Fifteen army pursuit planes paused here today, their first stop on a seven-day training flight across 16 states.

The squadron left Selfridge Field near Detroit, plans to cross 16 states in seven days.

By the Associated Press.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 1.—Fifteen army pursuit planes paused here today, their first stop on a seven-day training flight across 16 states.

The squadron left Selfridge Field near Detroit, plans to cross 16 states in seven days.

## BILL FOR U. S. TO MAKE OWN WAR MATERIALS INTRODUCED

Wisconsin Representative's Resolution  
Intended to Take Profit  
Out of Munitions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Representative Withrow (Prog.), Wisconsin, proposed today that the Government manufacture all munitions and implements of war for the army and navy.

Withrow said he was "convinced that one of the best ways to prevent war is to take the profit out of the manufacture of munitions."

He introduced a resolution to prohibit, after July 1, 1939, expenditure of War and Navy Department appropriations for purchase of any munitions not manufactured in Government plants.

## FIRST DEVIL'S ISLAND ESCAPER IS ORDERED OUT OF LONDON

Eddie Guerin, 76, Who Once Shot  
a Chicago Detective, Banished  
for Three Years.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Eddie Guerin, 76 years old, who acquired international notoriety in 1905 when he became the first man to escape from Devil's Island, the French penal colony, today was banished from London for three years. He was charged with loitering in a Postoffice with intent to steal handbags.

Guerin, whose real name is Fox, lived in Chicago in his youth, but fled the United States after shooting and wounding a Mexican.

He often has been in jail here, the most recent conviction being in October, 1935, when he was sentenced to one day's imprisonment for stealing stockings.

## E. N. BROWN DENIES BANK AGREED TO HOLD RAIL STOCK

Frisco Ex-Chairman Testifies  
There Was No Pact  
to Support Value of  
Rock Island Shares.

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Edward N. Brown, former chairman of the St. Louis-San Francisco (Frisco) Railroad, testified today that Speyer & Co., a banking firm, had made no agreement to hold Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway stock indefinitely in order to support the value of the shares.

His statement centered on one of the main points of controversy in the \$10,000,000 suit instituted by the Frisco trustees against Brown, Speyer & Co. and J. W. Seligman & Co. on the allegation that the manipulated the purchase in December, 1925, and January, 1926, of a block of 275,000 shares of Rock Island stock in the open market in such a way that the Frisco was damaged financially.

Of the whole block, the Frisco board of directors approved the purchase of two-thirds, or 183,333 shares, while the remaining third was held by Speyer & Co.

The trustees contend that Speyer agreed to hold his shares so that the entire number of proxies could be used to elect several directors on the Rock Island board. They also contend that while the Frisco held its shares and lost money, Speyer & Co. sold their shares over a period of one and one-half years, making a profit of \$2,500,000, and that the Seligman firm participated in the sale.

Brown asserted, under cross-examination by Wolfgang S. Schwabacher of counsel for Speyer, that there had been no agreement by the Speyer firm to hold the stock beyond the May 1926 meeting of the Frisco stockholders.

The testimony of the 76-year-old former chairman, who had testified previously that "I lost my shirt" in the collapse of the railroad securities was enlivened by frequent acrimonious exchanges among counsel.

Schwabacher accused Mortimer Hays, counsel for the trustees, of using "sneaky tactics" in objecting to points in his cross-examination.

Hays, on his part, objected to Schwabacher describing work of counsel for the Association of Railroad Executives in Washington, D. C., as "lobbying activities."

Former Appellate Judge Joseph M. Proskauer, counsel for Seligman & Co., said he resented Hays using the term "lobbying activities." Hays replied spiritedly that he was told that was exactly what they were.

That particular controversy centered around letters between Brown and Alfred F. Thom, counsel for the Association of Railroad Executives, in which were discussed methods for obtaining the passage of the Frisco bill in 1926 and 1927.

A bill which, both sides intimated, might have made possible the consolidation of the Frisco and the Rock Island.

Brown testified one of his main motives in the stock transaction was to prevent the Rock Island from selling a subsidiary, The Choctaw Line, to I. F. Loree, Southwestern railroad magnate. Had Loree acquired the Choctaw, he said, it would have been bad for the Frisco.

The former Frisco head said he conferred on the subject with Charles Hayden, chairman of the board of the Rock Island, and they composed together the final draft of a letter to Loree in which the Rock Island management refused to sell the Choctaw.

## 98 Ships and 260 Planes Begin U. S. War Games Off San Pedro

New Commander to Put Fleet Through Five  
Days of Tactical Exercises Based on  
Defense of Harbor.

By the Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The United States deployed units of its naval forces over a wide area of the Pacific today and moved toward strengthening its Hawaiian defenses with more men and bombing planes.

Ninety-eight warships and 260 fight planes began five days of intensive war games off Southern California in the fleet's initial test by its new Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Claude C. Bloch.

The fleet went to sea at dawn in the longest sortie ever held from San Pedro harbor. The warships will engage in tactical exercises aimed at defending the harbor. Problems of search and tracking will be worked out with the fleet divided into theoretical attacking and defending units.

Five planes of the naval bombing squadron VP-16 are at Sitka, Alaska, after a 1,000-mile flight from Seattle. Naval authorities said the flight, in which a sixth plane was lost in a forced landing off Goose Island, B. C., was a "routine maneuver." Five men aboard the wrecked plane were rescued.

Fifteen hundred marines stationed in Shanghai are under transfer order to Hawaii, defenses of which will be augmented by the addition of 13 big army bombing planes from Hamilton Field, California. The marines will transfer this month. The 30 officers and 180 men making up the army bombardment squadron sail today from San Francisco for Honolulu.

Naval officials, in announcing the transfer of marines, did not disclose whether the force permanently would augment the Pearl Harbor garrison. Some sources said the transfer might be connected with spring fleet maneuvers.

The marines were sent to China from San Diego last August to reinforce the fourth regiment in the war zone.

The army bombardment transfer is permanent, more designed to raise Hawaii's air defenses up to full strength. The 13 planes, twin-motored craft of the latest design, will be sent to the islands by boat.

The transfer will give Hawaii about 228 fighting planes, including 48 bombers the navy has sent to the islands from the mainland in the last year.

## CUMMINGS DEFENDS HOLDING COMPANY REGISTRATION RULE

Files Brief With Supreme Court,  
Saying Congress Has Power to  
Prevent Chicanery With  
Publicity.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Government declared in a brief filed with the Supreme Court today that registration provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act are a simple and direct exercise of congressional authority under the commerce clause and postal power.

The brief was filed in advance of arguments next week in the case of the Electric Bond & Share Co. and 26 subsidiaries which challenged the validity of the act's registration provisions.

"Experience has demonstrated," said the brief, signed by Attorney General Cummings, "that publicity is an effective deterrent to financial chicanery and abuse; and the Congress, therefore, enacted the registration requirements to prevent such chicanery and some of the grave injuries and abuses with which it was attempting to deal."

## MISSOURI EX-SPEAKER DIES

W. J. Ward Succumbs at 85 in  
Sparks, Tenn.

BLOOMFIELD, Mo., Feb. 1.—William J. Ward, 85 years old, former Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives, died at his home near Sparks, Tenn., yesterday, relatives here were notified today. He represented Stoddard County in the Legislature 10 years and was elected Speaker at the Fortieth General Assembly. In 1907 he moved to Tennessee.

**Drosten**  
Jewelry Company  
FOR THE HOUSE OF  
JULIUS JURGENSEN  
HAMILTON  
LONGINES  
GRUEN  
WATCH AND JEWELRY  
REPAIRS

1913 • 25th ANNIVERSARY • 1938

**THE TWO-WAY BANK OFFERS  
YOU TWO WAYS TO HAVE \$300**

1. Pay in \$25 a month, and have \$300, plus interest, in one year.
2. Take \$300 now, less discount, and pay in \$25 a month for one year.

Both are good business, and both plans can be used on any amount you want, from \$100 upward. When you have money or when you need money, see the two-way bank.

2% on Savings, too

**Industrial Bank**  
NINTH AND WASHINGTON • ST. LOUIS

Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

## KENTUCKY GOVERNOR TO FIGHT BARKLEY

Says People of State Will Re-  
fire Democratic Senate  
Leader at Next Election.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Gov. A. B. (Happy) Chandler of Kentucky accepted today a challenge of Senator Alben W. Barkley, Democratic floor leader, to a political battle, and predicted the defeat of Barkley, when he seeks re-nomination.

"If I read the signs aright," Chandler said, "the people of Kentucky will retire Barkley at the next election. He is going to have an opponent of strong opposition in the campaign."

Chandler said he would not announce until his return home whether he would seek the senatorial nomination.

Chandler called on President Roosevelt yesterday. Later two anti-Chandler Kentuckians, John Young Brown and Thomas S. Rhea, visited the White House. When they left, they declared the President had left no doubt that he favored Barkley's re-election.

Then Barkley issued a formal statement saying:

"For months I have been threatened from Frankfort (capital of Kentucky) with opposition in my race for re-election unless I entered into a conspiracy which would have involved Senator Logan, the President of the United States, and me; to find some way to eliminate Senator Logan from the Senate by appointing him to something else."

A vacancy exists on the bench of the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals. There had been talk that Logan might be appointed and that Chandler then might succeed him in the Senate.

Logan declared, however, that he would not accept the appointment if it were offered and that he would support Barkley for re-election.

"I have never requested Senator Barkley, Senator Logan or the President to do anything for me," said Chandler.

Chandler's Sister in Shanghai.

By the Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, Feb. 1.—Countess Tomoko Ohtani, younger sister of the Empress of Japan, arrived in Shanghai today to visit sick and wounded Japanese soldiers.

Countess Tomoko Ohtani, younger sister of the Empress of Japan, arrived in Shanghai today to visit sick and wounded Japanese soldiers.

**In About Every Twelve Years**

JUST about so often tragedy enters the average home. A loved one passes away. But because this period can only be determined by looking backward, there can be no hard and fast rule for anticipation.

Accidents only too frequently shorten the interval.

It is during the years of vigorous manhood and womanhood that funeral details should be worked out and settled upon.

Then when the inevitable comes the rush of quick decisions amid intolerable heartaches is avoided. The way to peace is eased and sorrow more readily merges into consolation if spared the intrusion of business discussions.

It is the reason why the Robert J. Ambruster Pre-arranged Funeral Plan has been acceptable to so many.

The consideration of this plan is fully as important as that given to the making of a will, to taking out life insurance, to the formation of a trust, or to any other way of providing for one's dependents.

The Robert J. Ambruster Pre-arranged Funeral Plan involves no payment in advance.

It furnishes a knowledge of funeral values—the kind of casket preferred, the nature of the vault most suitable, the order of service favored; in fact, every requisite detail, within an amount deemed adequate.

With this memoranda in keeping, all that is necessary is to notify the Robert J. Ambruster Mortuary and every thing is immediately attended to. There is no confusion. The orderliness is most gratifying.

This knowledge in advance of need is extremely helpful when the emergency arises. Particularly it is valuable if it be the husband who passes away, because by his request the expenditure is thus limited, so conserving funds that otherwise would probably be overspent. In the absence of some such control the conscientious Funeral Director, knowing the needs of widowhood, has not infrequently a difficult time urging moderation.

Inquiries entail no obligations whatsoever. The interview is frank and confidential. The relief that a duty has been done will prove most grateful. Evening appointments, if desired.

TELE-FUNERAL SERVICE  
For those who cannot attend to  
funeral details in person  
Full information on request.

**ROBERT J. AMBRUSTER • FUNERAL DIRECTORS**  
CLAYTON ROAD AT CONCORDIA LANE—CABINET 2122

**Okay meet you at the hotbrau**  
AMUSEMENTS  
Leading Theatre of St. Louis  
See Office Open Nov. 9 to 6  
SUNDAY NIGHT—WEEK ONLY  
GEORGE ABBOTT'S  
**Room Service**  
463 LAUGHS  
SMASH! SEATS NOW!  
BROADWAY SEATS NOW!  
NIGHTS: Orchestra \$2.50; 1st Bal. \$2.25; 2d Bal. \$1.50; 3d Bal. \$1.00  
Matinee Wed., Sat., 5:00-5:15-5:25

Win the Villain! Chase the Hero!  
Golden Rod Show Boat  
Presenting the Old Time Show  
"Driven From Home"  
Nightly at 8:15—Mat. Sun. 3 P. M.  
Foot of Locust St. at Third St. GA. 9375

PHOTOPLAY THEATRES  
ANSEL BROS. THEATRES  
**EMPIRE**  
OLIVE ST. GRAND  
OPEN 11:30 A.M.  
DOW TON 8 P.M.  
STARTS 6:10  
★ TWO GIANT HITS ★  
**AWFUL TRUTH**  
★ IRENE DUNNE ★  
★ CARY GRANT ★  
**LOMBARD-MARCH**  
★ NOTHING SACRED ★  
★ IT'S A LUFFY RIOT! ★  
**RITZ**  
2149 S. GRAND  
OPEN 6:30  
STARTS 7:00  
The greatest comedy  
in the history of the  
stage  
★ LESLIE HOWARD ★  
★ JOAN BLONDELL ★  
**STAND-IN**  
★ Plus This Giant N. G. M. HIT ★  
★ JUDY GARLAND ★  
★ THOROUGHBREDS DON'T CRY ★  
**SHENANDOAH**  
★ TIVOLI ★  
★ DOUBLE FUNK DOUBLE ENTERTAINMENT! ★  
**BING CROSBY**  
★ MARINA RATE ★  
★ With Andy Devine & Mary Corliss ★  
★ Plus This Thrilling Drama ★  
★ JOHN LEE & ANN GREENGLASS ★  
★ 'ALCATRAZ ISLAND' ★

TER SHOWED TO  
★ MARCO AND  
★ USEMEN' CO Theatres ★  
★ HENIE Don AMECHE ★  
★ Marshall-Wally Vernon-Cesar Romero ★  
★ 'HAPPY LANDING' ★  
★ Show Last Night 9 P. M. ★  
★ Walter-Gloria Truitt-Tylo TALBOT ★  
★ In 'Change of Heart' ★  
**MAE WEST**  
★ 'EVERY DAY'S A HOLIDAY' ★  
★ Langford-Edna Lewis-Chas. Butterworth ★  
★ HARRY MORE—NIGHT CLUB SCANDAL ★  
★ 'INSIDE NAZI GERMANY' ★  
**'STAGE DOOR'**  
★ ERS-Katharine HEPBURN-Adolphe MENJOU ★  
★ Plus First-Run Feature ★  
★ TRAVIS in 'LOVE IS ON THE AIR' ★  
★ WARD-Bette Davis-Olivia De HAVILLAND ★  
★ 'IT'S LOVE I'M AFTER' ★  
★ ASTAIRE-BURNS and ALLEN ★  
★ 'A DAMSEL IN DISTRESS' ★  
**DOUBLE OR NOTHING**  
★ Martha RAY ★  
★ Mel-Ann Sheridan—'Alcatraz Island' ★  
**'STAND-IN'**  
★ Joan BLONDELL ★  
★ Thoroughbreds Don't Cry ★  
★ JUDY GARLAND ★  
**OPER-George RAFT-Frances DEE**  
**SOULS AT SEA**  
★ Joan BLONDELL ★  
**THE PERFECT SPECIMEN**  
★ T-Warner BAXTER 'Vogues of 1938' (8:30 only) ★  
★ U-Ging-Tony Rogers, 'Second Honey' ★  
★ E-CANTOR in 'All Stars Go to Town' ★  
★ WAYS-Henry FONDA, 'That Certain Munk' ★  
★ Rescue Karna, 'PARTNERS IN CRIME' ★  
★ NES-Evelyn Brent 'Sudden Bill Dore' ★  
★ TRACY-Lulu RAINER 'The Big City' ★  
★ Barrie-Walter Pidgeon 'Girl With Ideals' ★  
★ Jack BENTLEY-PATRICK-Ida LUPINO ★  
**'Artists and Models'**  
★ Loretta YOUNG ★  
★ Tyrone POWEN ★  
★ 'Second Honey' ★  
**HILLO-John PARKER—'The Barrier'**  
★ Jones Family in 'Barrowing Trouble' ★  
**NETT-W. BAXTER, 'Vogues of 1938'**  
★ JANE WITHERS in '45 Fathers' ★  
★ K JONES in 'The Best of Lonely Valley' ★  
★ City-Corradina Smith 'Tender Heart' ★  
**EDDIE-Neilson Eddy, 'Rene Marie'**  
★ Keith-Allyn Brook 'Mister Madman' ★  
**'The Firefly'**  
★ ADAM JONES ★  
★ Hutchins-G. Murphy, 'Women Men Marry' ★  
★ WARINGS-Pennsylvania 'Varsity Show' ★  
★ YCK-H. MARSHALL 'Breakfast for Two' ★



## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULTZER

December 17, 1877

The Pulitzer Publishing Co.  
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my platform will make no difference in the cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULTZER.

April 26, 1907.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

## Criticism Labor Policies.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

It is easy for me to understand why unemployment is steadily increasing. If men are not allowed to manage their own business, they will not put money into it. The intolerable efforts of the labor racketeers to create distrust and hostility against those who employ them has demoralized the entire labor field. These racketeers operate on the theory that all employers of labor are brutal and cruel, etc. To compel men to join unions, even in St. Louis, you have reported that at least one man was beaten to death. Others are terrorized and intimidated. I grant the right of every man to refuse to work if he so chooses, but no organization should be allowed to prevent others who want to work from doing so.

In the housing industry, the unions again have practically stopped work by demanding such wages that some buildings cannot be rented for enough to pay the building costs. If organized labor would channel its efforts to proper purpose, it would not be so bad, but to afford a place of escape to trifling, inefficient and shiftless workers, who, when dismissed, cry that they lost their places because of union activities is an intolerable condition. Unless some restraint is put on these demoralizing and disturbing elements in the ranks of labor, even worse times may certainly be expected.

## CONSTANT READER.

## Where Does the Money Come From?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

THE medical profession talks about free service for the poor. Where does the money for this come from?

In the fall of every year, many poor people give money to the United Charities, the Red Cross and then buy Christmas Seals.

Where does this money go? It doesn't go to the food industry or the coal industry or the clothing industry or the poor landlord.

A large per cent of this money goes to hospitals. Besides, there are large personal donations for these institutions. And there are the taxes that go to the City Hospital and the County Hospital.

## AN INDIGENT WHO KNOWS.

## Partition of Palestine.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A GAIN the partition of Palestine is before the eyes of the world. England did not expect such stubbornness from the Arabs when the Balfour declaration was issued after the World War. England was undoubtedly under the impression that, after helping the Arabs to organize five free states of their own, the Arabs would be glad to give the Jews the smallest state of them all, that is, ancient Judea. Even Transjordan, a part of Palestine, was given to the Arabs, who never owned it before.

But the Arabs, bolstered by the enemies of England and totally disregarding the humanitarian side of the issue—that Palestine is Jewish and the Jews must have a place to emigrate—are blocking in every possible way Great Britain's good intentions.

The Arabs will eventually learn that a neighboring Jewish state in Palestine will bring the Orient, commercially and otherwise, to the front, and Great Britain will have a friendly population to guard her life line in that part of the world.

## MEYER HURWITZ.

## East St. Louis.

## Opposes City Gas Tax.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

EACH time Comptroller Nolle makes his report to the Board of Aldermen showing gasoline tax returns, and the gallage shows an increase, he remarks: "This is in spite of the fact that the 1-cent tax has been in effect since Dec. 1, 1934."

Mr. Nolle should know that the independent dealer's retail price on gasoline is the same in the city as charged in the unincorporated areas where there is no 1-cent tax. Consequently, the city tax comes out of the pockets of the individual filling station operators. If we attempted to collect the 1-cent city tax from our customers, his report to the Board of Aldermen would show a decrease in gallons. The city gasoline tax should be abolished.

## INDEPENDENT DEALER.

## The People Should Decide.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

If we are still a democracy, our people who would wage a war, have not only the right to voice their decision by vote, but the further right to know what would be behind a declaration of war and how its costs would be met. The President has declared himself against war; he said he hated war; to be consistent, he could have no objection to a vote by our people as to their sentiment.

So far as our politicians are concerned, I for one do not care to trust their decision for or against war. Our paramount interest is to prevent invasion and certainly an army in China would have little to do with our protection at home.

The personnel of financial and commercial interests who make their livelihood in foreign parts should be subject to the laws governing those parts and not dependent on the Government to declare war on their account. If we are to fight to protect big business, let us fight as and not the taxpayers at home; pay those who go.

B. G. C.

## DEMOCRACY AND THE POLL TAX.

The South is giving an encouraging amount of attention, as shown in an article reprinted on this page yesterday, to the need for broadening the base of democratic government by abolishing the restrictions with which the franchise is surrounded in much of that section.

Although it is levied nowhere else in the country, eight Southern states continue to require the payment of a poll tax as a condition of voting. More onerous still, the poll tax laws of several of these states contain a cumulative clause which requires that when a citizen gets behind, he must pay, not only for the current year, but for all the years for which he is in arrears, before he can vote. In a section where poverty is as widespread as it is in the South, the poll tax, particularly in its cumulative form, is indefensibly burdensome and restrictive.

It is so obviously restrictive, in fact, that its retention can hardly be explained otherwise than in terms of factions of interests which want to keep the franchise limited in order to remain in control of the machinery of government.

How the poll tax limits the number of voters is shown vividly by a comparison of the vote in the last presidential election in Arkansas, which has a poll tax, and in Missouri, which has none. Excluding the Negro vote, which is subject to particular restrictions in the South, we find that the ratio of white voters to the total number of the members of that race eligible to vote was 25 per cent in Arkansas, as compared with 80 per cent in Missouri. In the eight states which levy a poll tax—Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia—the ratio of white voters to the total of such citizens eligible to vote ranged from 24 to 40 per cent, against an average of 63 per cent for the nation as a whole.

The percentages for all citizens, regardless of race, are even more disparate. In the eight poll-tax states, only 21 per cent of all citizens above 21 years old voted in the 1936 general election. By contrast, in North Carolina, where the poll tax has been abolished in favor of a literacy test, the number of voters constituted 60 per cent of all adults and 75 per cent of all white adults.

Beyond question, the arbitrary limitation of the franchise through the poll tax explains, in part, the backward condition of the Deep South. Undoubtedly it has contributed to the defeat of needed social legislation.

Originally enacted in the Reconstruction period as a device for excluding the Negro from the franchise, the cumulative poll tax admittedly is no longer needed in that connection, but is retained to deprive large sections of the white population of a voice in governmental affairs.

The rule adopted at the last Democratic national convention apportioning delegates to subsequent conventions on the basis of the number of Democratic votes cast in each state should accelerate the move to broaden the franchise in the South. Otherwise, the section will find its influence in party councils drastically curtailed.

The prime concern, however, is not democracy spelled with a capital D. It is primarily a matter of giving fuller effect to the principles of representative government. Democratic principles are definitely compromised in states where only one adult in five exercises a voice in the selection of public officials.

## A RULING UNDER THE WAGNER ACT.

The decision of the Supreme Court sustaining the power of the National Labor Relations Board to hold hearings on complaints of violation of fair labor practices followed inevitably in the wake of the decisions upholding the Wagner Act itself.

With the law constitutional and hearings expressly provided by Congress as the means for determining whether fair labor practices were being disregarded, the Supreme Court could not consistently have ruled otherwise.

The constitutional question aside, it is difficult to see how the complaining company, the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, might have expected the Wagner Act to work without machinery for hearings. The hearing, moreover, and the right of the company to appeal from the conclusions based on the hearing, protect the rights of those who are affected by the Wagner Act. Similarly, the board, in order to enforce its orders, must appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals for affirmance.

Accept the principle of the Wagner Act and the hearing becomes a necessity. Justice Brandeis' opinion, from which there was no dissent, serves further to define the positions of employer and employee.

## MASCULINE FASHION NOTE.

Some people carry their wallets in their hip pockets, but this should be discouraged unless the wallet is very thin and flat. *Esquire* in the Post-Dispatch Daily Magazine.

Wallets this season seem to be mostly that on-the-hip model.

## GENTLE PRESSURE ON RUMANIA.

England and France have given warning to Rumania on its new Government's anti-Semitic policy, but the warning is a gentle one, and no discomfiture before the League Council is contemplated at present.

There are several reasons for the delicate approach. The two Powers wish to give no impetus to Rumania's obvious drift to the Rome-Berlin axis. They want also to avert another blow to the League, such as Rumania's withdrawal or her denunciation of a treaty. For the anti-Semitic program is a clear violation of the 1919 minorities pact, in which Rumania guaranteed full civic and political rights to the Jews. The major Powers consider it more politic, however, not to mention this aspect.

Premier Goga responds by repeating King Carol's statement of a few days ago: that there will be no pogroms in Rumania. This is scant assurance for the victims of the edicts issued or in preparation. Germany, too, it will be recalled, has had no pogroms in the usual sense of the word—organized massacre with official sanction. Instead, there has been the "cold pogrom," the ousting of Jews from business, professions and employment, their exclusion from schools and civil liberties. These things are under way in Rumania as well, with all the refined tortures and hopelessness that the Nazi "racial laws" have inflicted upon Germany's helpless Jewish population.

In the Russian, "pogrom" originally meant "devastation." That is essentially what the fanatical racial theories that produce official anti-Semitism mean to

their victims. But the rights of minorities are disregarded in this instance because the League and its dominant members prefer to follow their frequent policy of sidestepping the issue.

## HELP THE SYMPHONY CAMPAIGN!

Only \$44,837 was pledged in the first week of the Symphony Society's campaign to raise a \$140,000 maintenance fund. It was reported at a meeting of solicitors yesterday. This means that the drive is doomed to failure unless, in the four days remaining, the rate of subscriptions is greatly accelerated.

Failure in this campaign would be a serious blow both to the orchestra's future and the city's cultural welfare. No orchestra anywhere is self-sustaining. Because of the heavy costs of a skilled musical ensemble, an outstanding conductor, stellar soloists and a proper concert hall, box office receipts can never meet the total expense. Symphony orchestras began as the exclusive property of noblemen and wealthy citizens. They are open today to all the people, but the plan of public subsidy persists in Europe and in some American cities. The St. Louis orchestra, however, depends upon its friends to contribute the necessary maintenance fund.

If the campaign now falls short, retrenchment will be necessary. This may mean a smaller orchestra, lesser solo artists, fewer concerts for children and students, curtailed tours to other cities or elimination of the newly revived "pop" concerts. The orchestra is so great a civic asset, so substantial an upholder of St. Louis' tradition of musical culture, that any lowering of its standards would have a distinctly unfavorable reaction. It is up to the music-loving public to contribute what it can, so that the Symphony Orchestra may not slip backward.

## WIRE-TAPPING AGAIN.

Has the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, sitting at Boston, created a "No Man's Land" with respect to the use of evidence obtained by wire-tapping? It seems a strong likelihood. Ruling 3 to 1 that evidence thus taken by Federal agents within Massachusetts is legal, the majority went on to say that the Massachusetts statute prohibiting eavesdropping "does not in terms render evidence obtained by wire-tapping inadmissible" and that if it did, "it would not control in the Federal courts."

This goes beyond the recent bench opinion of the New York Court of Appeals, which held that, notwithstanding the 7-to-3 decision of the United States Supreme Court last December, outlawing wire-tapping in the enforcement of Federal law, such evidence was admissible if it involved only intrastate communications. The Massachusetts ruling says not only that the Federal law does not apply if the communications by wire do not cross the State line. It also says that these intrastate conversations are not reached by the State law prohibiting eavesdropping for the reason that state rules of evidence do not control in the Federal courts.

There is little doubt as to the intention of Congress in making the outlawry of wire-tapping an important part of the Federal Communications Act of 1934. And it is plain on reading the now accepted dissent of Justices Holmes, Brandeis and Stone in the prohibition wire-tapping case of 1928 that the minority felt that the agents of the United States had no right to violate the statutes of the State of Washington prohibiting wire-tapping.

The Massachusetts case ought to be taken to the Supreme Court promptly, in order that the present confusion over the Government's role in law enforcement may be cleared up.

## JEFFERSON ON FARMERS.

If Thomas Jefferson were living today, what would he think of the existing system of farm subsidies and crop curtailment? The question is prompted by a quotation from Jefferson's writings which we have run across:

Cultivators of the soil are the most valuable citizens. They are the most virtuous, the most independent, the most vigorous, and they are tied to their country and welded to its liberty and interests by the most lasting bonds.

Today the vigor of the farmer is impaired by the fact that he is paid not to extend himself in the production of crops. His independence is impaired by his acceptance of Government subsidies. These subsidies, in turn, presuppose regimentation, which is dangerous to liberty. Worst of all, the bounties place farmers in the category of special beneficiaries of the Government, and special beneficiaries are historically noted for placing their own interests before those of their country.

We are forced to the conclusion that the A. A. A. Soil Conservation Act and similar measures, if long continued, will leave few farmers who can qualify under Jefferson's eloquent definition.

## END OF A FOUR-YEAR FIGHT.

Four years ago, two confused Italians at Oakland, Cal., found themselves in the Federal toils because they had rented a corner of their little spaghetti parlor to the publisher of an obscure Anarchist newspaper. One of the prisoners, Dominic Salitto, had been in this country 14 years; the other, Vincent Ferrero, 30 years. Despite evidence that neither was an Anarchist, and that the radical group concerned did not advocate overthrow of the Government by force, both were found guilty of sedition and ordered deported. Salitto and Ferrero were plain-spoken anti-Fascists, so return to Italy would have meant long prison terms, or worse, and they could get passports to no other country.

An organized campaign, described in an extended Post-Dispatch news article two years ago, began immediately to prevent their deportation. So rigid is the law and so cumbersome are the processes involved, however, that it was not until a few days ago that the Department of Labor, agreeing at last that Salitto had never been proved to be an Anarchist, dropped its charges against him. Ferrero is at liberty on \$1000 bail, and a private bill to free him has been introduced in Congress by Representative Celler of New York.

The case proves again the need for reform in the deportation and citizenship laws. It is wholly unjust that two men should be jailed, threatened with never punishment and, with their dependents, subjected to four years of nerve-racking suspense because of a remote connection with a radical group. Under the amendments proposed, the country could rid itself of undesirable without the long delays and the hardships often inflicted upon innocent persons by the present procedure.

Six students go 100 hours without sleep at Athens. That's one the original Athens never tried.



HUMAN STAKES.

## Need of Statesmanship in Business

Will and wisdom to preserve the country must come from corporation directors' rooms, as well as from Washington, says writer in financial publication; declaring blame for "present mess is ample to go around," he cites incidents to explain public resentment against business; counsels spirit of compromise and tolerance of reform.

James Truslow Adams, Author and Historian, in *Barron's Weekly*.

THE year 1938 poses one question which, to my mind, overshadows all others. That is the question whether or not our leaders, business as well as political, will be able to approach our problems in the spirit of statesmen instead of politicians jockeying for position or of business men seeking the advantage of some particular enterprise.

The meetings between the President and groups of business leaders, of which the papers are full at the moment, are encouraging as far as they go, but everything will depend on the breadth of views which may be developed in the next few months. Americans do not want a mere dictated armistice between government, business and labor, like that with the Germans in 1918. We are tired of passion and want statesmanship.

But on the other hand, although I am not Red, or even "pink," but an old-fashioned liberal, I know, as many millions of other Americans know, that there has been, and still is, much wrong with business. Naturally, on the whole, business men are reasonably honest, or business simply could not go on at all. Where, however, a good many business organizations and spokesmen make their mistake, I think, is in refusing to admit that there is anything wrong in business, thus forcing a good many into the opposite camp who would not otherwise be found there, and fostering what business considers hostile or destructive regulation.

The average American also has his regular or occasional contacts with business bigger than his own, and has his experiences. To illustrate what he may come to feel, allow me to recount a few of my own, simply because examples are better than generalities.

An estate which had been very badly handled by a trust company in 1929 was brought to me to save, if possible, in 1932. Among the securities I retained, although certainly not a woman's investment, was some preferred stock in a public utility holding company selling at about 18, but still paying some dividends. It was picking up and the price rose to around 40, when I suddenly got word in London that the directors had passed the dividend on account of the unyielding securities—and so had to sell, which I did and got only 20. In a few weeks, the annual report came out, showing about twice the net earnings of the preceding year; dividends were restored and the stock rose to 60.

Within the past few weeks I have been advised by a company in which I own a little stock that the president, besides his salary—unnamed—is to have 5 per cent of the profits over \$2,000,000 (it is not said whether gross or net), and a call on 50,000 shares of treasury stock at 15. The stock sold some months ago around 25, so that, in part at my expense, he can make a profit of \$500,000 if business merely returns to the level of less than a year back, although I am

quite uncertain as to whether my dividend will be continued or not.

I mention these, among many incidents which I might have chosen, to show why vast numbers of ordinary Americans who are not radical at all, and whose lives and fortunes may be wholly bound up with business, become willing to put curbs on it.

There is another fact, which is merely the old one that "the world do move." Legislation in this country has lagged far behind that of many others in such matters as social security in various forms, housing, and so on. There are several reasons to account for this. There is our tradition of "rugged individualism." Moreover, although we are as a people daring innovators in some lines, we have been notoriously conservative politically.

Again, there is the dread of a good many, like myself, who believe in social advance, but fear the political effect of our pressure groups when there is money to be guzzled at the public trough. England, for example, can have war pensions and old-age benefits, and handle such things firmly and decently, but our war-pension history makes us fearful of forms of social security which we might otherwise welcome for a new age.

Nevertheless, 1937 is not 1938, and these things are bound to come, whatever the economic consequences. In fact, many are here now, with the consequences already apparent. If the consequences, or by-products, are worse than they should be, it is, in part, the fault of all Americans who for a century have been so anxious to make money that they have taken it from government wherever they could get it, on the one hand, and, on the other, have preferred the profits of private business to taking active part in public life.

If the word politician has a bad smell, it is not all the fault of public officials. We have enjoyed, bought or used them—politicians, boards of aldermen, state legislators, Congressmen—for private purposes of one sort and another. If manufacturers get high tariffs, it is hard to stop when the sugar men, silver men, farmers, ex-service men and others ask for theirs.

The people at large do not know much about sound economics nor the technique and difficulties of large-scale business, but that does not mean that their shrewd instincts are necessarily wrong. The politicians can see faults in business, and also have to follow the people. The business leaders do know business, and if the politician has to deal with the people, so must they. I believe that the only hope lies in an understanding and conciliatory attitude.

Very large problems with regard to capital and labor and the relations of business to government have got to be worked out in the immediate future. They cannot be in an air filled with hurling epithets, bricks and dead cats. Capital and management have got to yield something to the spirit of the age and its new conditions. They can take their choice between the French method of no compromise and yielding only to force, or of the English, who have maintained a peaceful continuity by always knowing when to compromise and doing it with good feeling.

## Trade Agreements Vindicated

From the *Wall Street Journal*.

DESPITE the Cassandras who had forecast an overwhelmingly "unfavorable" balance of trade in 1937 as a result of the reciprocal trade agreements, final figures reveal that nothing of the sort occurred. Instead, the small "favorable" balance of \$20,000,000 in 1936 was raised to one of \$37,000,000 last year.

It will be argued that bumper crops this year, combined with relatively poorer harvests in other parts of the world, were largely responsible in two ways for our gain: we not only did not have to import as in 1936, but actually had an export balance. This is correct; but it is not also true that it was the abnormal crop condition of 1937 which made the previous comparison an unfair one.

Last year, we sold goods to a value of \$2,445,000,000, which was \$889,077,000 more than in the previous year. Expressed percentage-wise, the dollar value of sales abroad in 1937 was 36.2 per cent ahead of 1936. Does it seem likely that domestic business figures for the year will show any such rate of gain over the preceding twelve-month period?

Apart from any long-range considerations of the value of the reciprocal trade agreements in promoting peace, sheer hard-headed realism would seem to dictate that, in this of all times, we should seek further to expand our markets abroad, accepting whatever necessary the obligation to buy as well as sell. The figures now released demonstrate to what extent it is merely good business to do so.

## WHAT! NO HIGHER-UPS?

From the *Kansas City Journal*.

ELECTION fraud is almost exclusively a precinct affair. The Federal fraud evidence is largely a story of precinct captains, judges and clerks running wild to manipulate the vote, without proper check or control. Improve the quality of precinct officials and the chances for honest elections are correspondingly increased.

The Election Board reports that a high percentage of business and professional men drafted for service as judges and clerks had responded. To many of them, duty at the polls will mean no small sacrifice. They are willing to do more than pay only lip service to honest voting. They are ready to take their places on the firing line.

The only way to obtain honest elections is to fight fraud at its inception. Even a criminal prosecution cannot undo fraudulent counting after it has been committed. By improving the precinct personnel, the Election Board has wisely used its most effective weapon.

## VALUE OF COMMUNITY FORESTS

From the *Dallas Morning News*.

ADVANTAGES of community forests in America are commonly maintained in Europe, are pointed out in a recent report of the United States Forest Service. Already, 100 towns and counties in 27 states have such forests, with an aggregate area of 2,580,000 acres. These communities develop valuable forest properties that pay for themselves and serve as work reservoirs.

Enabling legislation enacted in numerous states makes it easy for towns and counties to acquire land for forest purposes. State and Federal forest services assist in the development of community forests, and relief labor is available in many places for the unskilled work involved. Timber grown on submarginal, tax-delinquent land is likely to provide much more income than the land would be derived from taxes, even assuming that they could be collected.

## ON THE

By DOROTHY

## Thoughts on Incr

THE first condition of power in international affairs is not the size of one's army or navy. The first condition is the clarity of one's policy. Long ago, when we were far, far weaker than we are now, we laid down a program, the Monroe Doctrine, that the Western Hemisphere should be kept free of European adventures. We meant it, and the world knew that we meant it, and that constituted the strength of that policy.

Today the power in international affairs of certain countries, such as Germany, does not rest primarily upon their economic might or even upon the size and number of their armies. The world is afraid of Germany because the world thinks Germany means what she says.

The loss of prestige of Great Britain, the United States and France is not due to the fact that they are unarmed; they began to lose prestige long ago, before the rapid armament of Italy and Germany constituted any real military threat. They began to lose it when it became more and more apparent that they had committed themselves to grandiose promises which, if challenged, they would abandon.

Right now, for instance, it is impossible to guess to what extent any of the democratic countries mean what they say. Czechoslovakia has a military alliance with both Russia and France. If Czechoslovakia is attacked by Germany, will either country come to her aid? Is the answer in the least certain?

The independence of Austria was guaranteed by the League of Nations, that is to say, by all the Powers of Europe. But when in 1938, that independence was threatened by a Nazi coup, only one European nation demonstrated visibly that it would act, and that was another Fascist nation: Italy.

The British played a most distinguished game with Ethiopia, listening quite sympathetically to Mussolini's dreams in the 1920's, when Austen Chamberlain was Foreign Minister, when the British policy was anti-Russian, and when Britain and Italy were warming up to each other.

It reversed that policy when Ethiopia was actually invaded, then behind the back of the League of Nations, the British Foreign Minister Sir Samuel Hoare, and the French Foreign Minister, Laval, tried to make a deal with Italy; this was rejected by public opinion at home, calling for sanctions; the sanctions were not really applied, partly because the British policy intelligence believed that Mussolini would get stuck in Ethiopia anyhow, and the result was another lamentable loss of prestige.

Similar cases could be cited almost indefinitely, and they all add up to the conclusion that aggression is on the march in the 1930's, not because there are not sufficient arms or sufficient military power to stop it, but because there is not a real policy.

The question which must arise in everybody's mind in considering the proposal to greatly increase our navy is: For what purpose are we increasing it? Are we really increasing it because we do not think we have sufficient power to defend our own seacoasts?

I am under the impression that we already have a fighting establishment.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—President Roosevelt said yesterday there had been distinct progress toward a "spiritual awakening" in this country during the last four years.

The United States, he said, had made strides "towards a greater human security and a greater social justice" and in doing so has had a "great influence on other nations."

He expressed this view to more

## "That Mea



—Garmack in















# REBOUND IN STOCK LIST LEADERS IN QUOT TRAIL

Profit-Taking Flurries Are Frequent as Recent Buyers at Lower Levels "Cash In"—Gains Up to 2 Points.

By the Associated Press. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Quiet but persistent buying reappeared in today's stock market and leaders were lifted fractions to 2 points generally. There were one or two up 6 or 8 at the best.

Profit realizing flurries were frequent, with in-and-out traders who got about at last week's lows inclined to cash in on the two-day rally. While the ticker tape moved lethargically throughout, analytical quarters seemed encouraged by the ability of the list to absorb offerings and it was not overlooked that relatively active intervals were on the up side. Transfers totaled 691,900 shares.

Selected steel, rail, copper, oil, motor and specialties were in front, these being picked up, it was said, partly on the belief their recent lengthy decline probably had discounted the slide in earnings.

Extremes advanced, although many issues finished near top levels of the session. Bond strength as help. Speculative circles, looking to Washington for market clues, found nothing particularly inspiring in this quarter, but there were reports Chairman William O. Douglas of the S. E. C. speaking at Chicago tonight, might have something to say that would please the financial sector.

A buoying influence for the stock department was renewed strength in bonds, especially secondary railroad loans. Major commodities also pointed higher. Wheat at Chicago was up 1/4 to 1 1/2 cents a bushel and corn gained 1/4 to 1/2.

Stocks favored the greater part of the day included Bethlehem Steel, National Steel, Santa Fe, Great Northern, Pennsylvania, Anaconda, Kennecott, Cerrito de Paeo, American Smelting, International Nickel, Phelps Dodge, Mack Truck, General Motors, Douglas Aircraft, J. I. Case, International Harvester, U. S. Rubber, Westinghouse, du Pont, Allis Chemical, Johns-Manville, Canada Dry, U. S. Gypsum, Standard Oil of New Jersey, Phillips Petroleum and Texas Corporation.

On the rising side at the last were Monsanto Chemical, Howe Sound, Crown Cork, Pullman, Owens-Illinois, American Locomotive and Climax Molybdenum.

At mid-afternoon the French franc was up 20 1/2 cents, at 3.28 1/2 cents. Sterling was down 1/4 of a cent, at \$5.01 1/4.

Cotton was off 5 to 10 cents a bale. Gold mines stepped forward at the start, with Domes touching a new high, but they subsequently lost rallying vigor.

Utilities, on the whole, were content with minor improvement. American Telephone was an exception, but selling tended to dry up in this issue.

News of the Day. Inflation rumors were once more heard in board rooms as the dollar continued to move erratically against principal European currencies. The ability of United States Governments and high-grade corporate bonds to edge higher, though, was a contradictory influence here.

The steady flow of 1937 and fourth quarter earnings statements disclosed uneven results, but a number of concerns ended the year new high, but they subsequently lost rallying vigor.

Copper shares were enlivened by heavy foreign sales of the metal at prices recently prevailing. Overnight Developments. Followers of the stock derived comfort from forecasts that, while input production may record another small dip next week owing to hand-to-mouth purchasing, the mill operating rate is likely to reverse its advancing trend before the end of February.

With steel inventories dwindling in virtually all lines, trade observers believed consumers would be forced to place larger orders over the next several months. It was thought the matter of second quarter prices and the drop in steel output before March business due, thus encouraging jobbers and miscellaneous customers to take on needed tonnages.

## COMMODITY INDEX AVERAGES

Other statistics showing economic trend.

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The Associated Press daily wholesale price index of 30 basic commodities.

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

	1937	1938	1937	1938
Monday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Tuesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Wednesday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Thursday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Friday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Saturday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31
Sunday	72.31	72.31	72.31	72.31

## TODAY'S NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Total sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to 691,900 shares, compared with 757,980 yesterday. 535,450 a week ago and 2,439,500 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were 24,846,801 shares, compared with 63,454 a year ago and 74,292,664 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions, giving sales, high, low, closing prices and net changes:

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Change
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Change
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Change
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Change
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4

Stocks and Bonds	High	Low	Close	Change
Am. Steel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tobacco	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Wire	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Zinc	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Copper	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Lead	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Tin	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Nickel	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Silver	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4
Am. Gold	12 1/2	12 1/4	12 1/2	+1/4

Chl & On	15	33	33 3/4	%																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							</
----------	----	----	--------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	----



## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1938

## NEW YORK BOND MARKET TRANSACTIONS

## UNIT QUOTATIONS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—In the following table will be found the quoted range of prices within which dealers in particular issues are reported willing to trade the units of their respective classes.

## BUTLER BROTHERS RAIL PRICES NETS \$1.12 SHARE HELP OTHER BONDS

Earnings Compare With 1936—Inventory Loss in Cotton Price Drop.

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Butler Brothers, a merchandising organization, reported today that its earnings for the first quarter of 1937 were \$1,100,000, compared with \$1,100,000 in the same quarter of 1936. The company's volume was also greater, but a cotton inventory loss of \$1,000,000 was a factor in the lower earnings. Directors voted regular quarterly dividends of 10 cents on the common and preferred stock, payable March 1, 1938.

## Chicago Stock Market

By the Associated Press.  
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Following is a complete list of transactions in the Chicago stock market today, giving sales, high, low and closing prices on all stock and bond transactions:

STOCKS	Net	High	Low	Close
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## NEW YORK BOND MARKET TRANSACTIONS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Total bond sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to \$7,855,725, compared with \$5,852,500 yesterday, \$8,888,375 a week ago and \$12,969,000 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were \$178,785,825, compared with \$370,253,000 a year ago and \$317,832,000 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions, giving sales, high and closing prices:

## U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Following is a complete list of transactions in the U. S. government bond market today, giving sales, high, low and closing prices on all stock and bond transactions:

STOCKS	Net	High	Low	Close
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## NEW YORK BOND MARKET TRANSACTIONS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Total bond sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to \$7,855,725, compared with \$5,852,500 yesterday, \$8,888,375 a week ago and \$12,969,000 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were \$178,785,825, compared with \$370,253,000 a year ago and \$317,832,000 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions, giving sales, high and closing prices:

## U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Following is a complete list of transactions in the U. S. government bond market today, giving sales, high, low and closing prices on all stock and bond transactions:

STOCKS	Net	High	Low	Close
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## NEW YORK BOND MARKET TRANSACTIONS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Total bond sales today on the New York Stock Exchange amounted to \$7,855,725, compared with \$5,852,500 yesterday, \$8,888,375 a week ago and \$12,969,000 a year ago. Total sales from Jan. 1 to date were \$178,785,825, compared with \$370,253,000 a year ago and \$317,832,000 two years ago.

Following is a complete list of transactions, giving sales, high and closing prices:

## U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS

By the Associated Press.  
NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Following is a complete list of transactions in the U. S. government bond market today, giving sales, high, low and closing prices on all stock and bond transactions:

STOCKS	Net	High	Low	Close
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100
Admiral	100	100	100	100

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.

## ST. LOUIS STOCK MARKET

By the Associated Press.  
ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—Over-the-counter stock market today was quiet, with few transactions reported.







## UNIONISTS BREAK UP LINE OF JOB SEEKERS

Man Applying for Work Cleaning  
Alton Lake Site  
Reported Beaten.

Registration of applicants for jobs clearing trees from the Alton Lake site, across the Mississippi River from Alton, was halted today by about 100 members of a St. Charles labor union, who broke up the line of waiting applicants and threatened physical violence if they started work. One applicant was reported beaten and the automobile of another turned over and damaged.

Owen Farmer, organizer for the International Hodcarriers' Building and Common Laborers' Union, local 680, at St. Charles, said the organization had demanded that the Government pay the union scale of 67 cents an hour, instead of 44 cents as planned. The lake is to be formed by closing the Alton dam, which is virtually completed.

The St. Louis office of the Engineer Corps, in charge of the work, said work would begin tomorrow scheduled, with about 400 men employed. It had been announced Friday that 4250 acres on both sides of the river would be cleared by men hired directly by the Engineer Corps, following rejection of private bids on the ground they were excessive.

## JURISDICTION ESTABLISHED IN MOTHER'S SUPPORT PLEA

Probate Court to Decide Whether Son's Estate Shall Aid Mrs. Margaret Kemp, 84.

The St. Louis Court of Appeals ruled today that Probate Court has jurisdiction to decide whether Mrs. Margaret Kemp, 84 years old, is entitled to a monthly allowance from the guardianship estate of her son, James L. Kemp, who contributed to her support before he was adjudged of unsound mind last May.

Probate Judge Glendy B. Arnold had dismissed Mrs. Kemp's claim on the ground that a parent is not provided in the statutes. The Court of Appeals adopted the report of Commissioner Walter E. Bennick, holding that the law compelling support of dependents is broad enough to include provision for Mrs. Kemp in this case.

Kemp, now in Alexian Brothers Hospital, resided for many years with his mother at 5839 Lotus avenue, giving her \$35 a month. His estate has been valued at \$23,000 and he receives a substantial monthly pension as a retired railroad employee.

One-Man G. A. R. Chapters Now Can Now Constitute a Chapter of the Grand Army of the Republic so rapidly is time thinning the ranks of the organization. A new rule reducing from five to one the number of members required for a unit was promulgated yesterday by G. A. R. National Commander Oreston H. Menet of Los Angeles. Of the 2,500,000 Union soldiers in the Civil War, 6000 remain and there are dying at the rate of 150 a month.

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI.

In the matter of St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company, Debtor, in proceedings for reorganization of a railroad.

NOTICE TO ALL CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company, St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company of Texas, and Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, Debtors:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on May 27, 1938, an order was entered in the above entitled proceedings, reading as follows:

"The petition of Berryman Henwood, Trustee of the properties of the Debtors, St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company of Texas, and Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, for appointment as Trustee of the properties of the Debtors, St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company of Texas, and Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, as Trustees of the Manhattan Company, as Trustee of the First Mortgage Bonds of Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, and the answer and cross-petition of the Manhattan Company, Trustee, being this presented to the Court, and the Court having fully advised in the premises, it is ordered:

"1. That said petition and answer be cross-petition be and they hereby are for hearing in this Court at 10:00 a. m. on February 21, 1938, or as soon thereafter as the Court may hear the same."

"2. That Berryman Henwood, Trustee, is hereby directed to give notice of the Order to creditors of the Debtors, promptly causing its publication to be made once in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper published in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the City of New York, State of New York, and in the Dallas News, a newspaper published in the City of Dallas, State of Texas, and the Trustee is to direct to mail copies of this order to the several mortgage trustees or to counsel and to interviewers, and to other parties in interest who are on the mailing list of the Trustee, accompanied by printed copies of the orders entered in these proceedings:

"3. That President and Directors of the Manhattan Company, Trustee of the First Mortgage Bonds of Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, be and they are hereby directed to give notice of the Order by serving notice thereof and copy of the answer and cross-petition filed by President and Directors of the Manhattan Company, by registered mail upon certain persons believed to hold certain First Mortgage Bonds of Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company, whose names and addresses are as follows:

Society for Savings, Cleveland, Ohio; Niagara Reservoir Society, Niagara Falls, New York; Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, Springfield, Massachusetts; Hudson County National Bank, Jersey City, New Jersey; Security National Bank, St. Louis, Missouri; C. E. Schumacher, 950 Bigg St. St. Louis, Missouri.

"4. That any party in interest may upon application to this Court file an answer or cross-petition to the Trustee within twenty days from the date of the Order; and

"5. The Court reserves jurisdiction to make from time to time such further orders amplifying, limiting or otherwise modifying this Order as in the Court may at any time seem proper."

BERRYMAN HENWOOD, Trustee, St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company, St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company of Texas, Stephensville North & South Texas Railway Company.

Dated February 1, 1938.  
Published by order of the Court.

# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH DAILY MAGAZINE

PART FOUR

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1938.

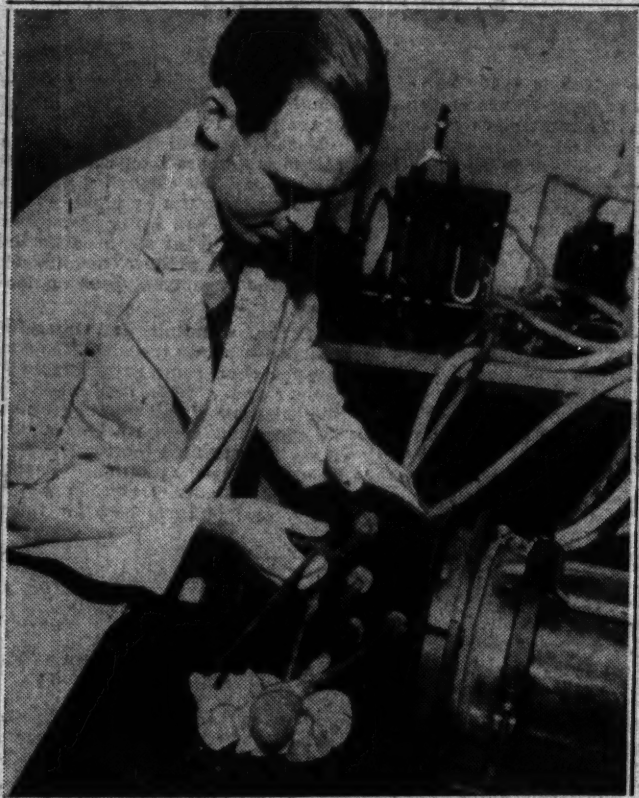
PAGES 1-6D

## "FIREMAN SAVE MY CHILD!"



Firemen "rescuing" show window dummies from a Trenton (N. J.) children's furnishing store during a recent fire.

## MACHINE KEEPS HEART AND LUNG ALIVE



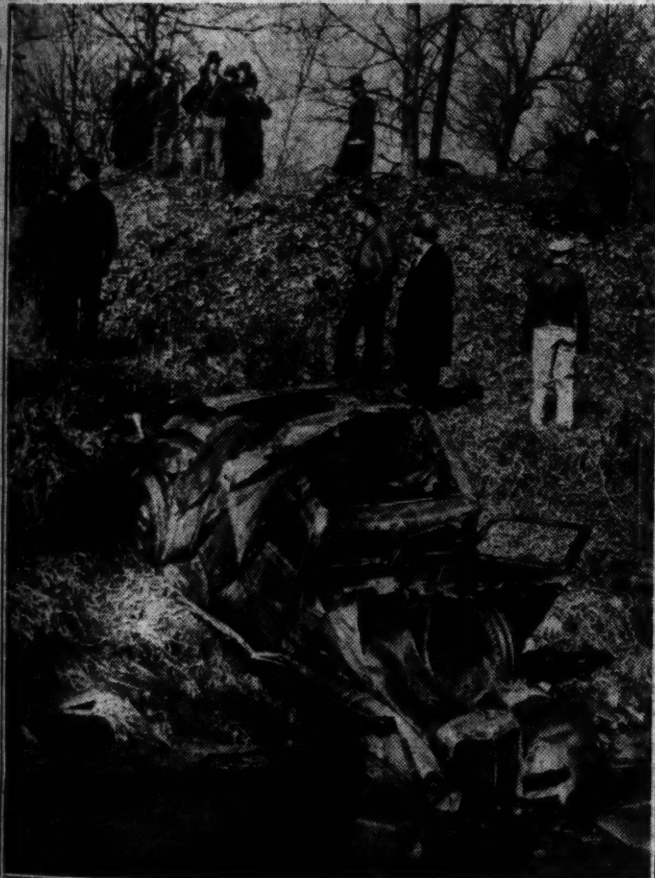
An animal's heart and lung being attached to tubes before being put into air-tight container of machine built by University of Minnesota scientists. It keeps them functioning for 24 hours and was developed to allow them to study the organs in action.

## FILLING STATION DAMAGED BY EXPLOSION



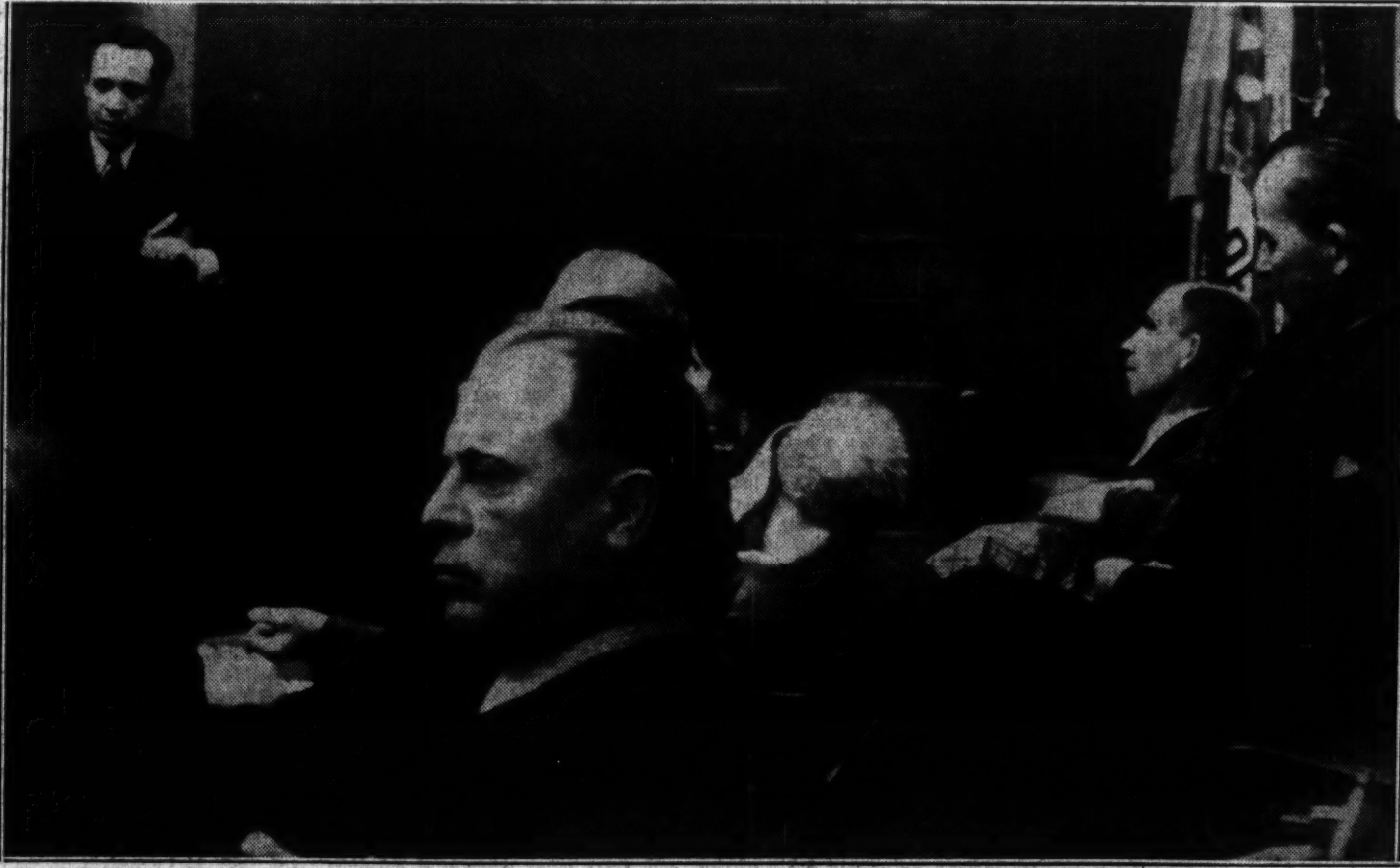
Damage to gasoline station at 505 Des Peres avenue, operated by Morris Passer. Police found two lengths of burned fuse and two battered cans which had contained ether.

## CAR IN WHICH TWO WERE KILLED



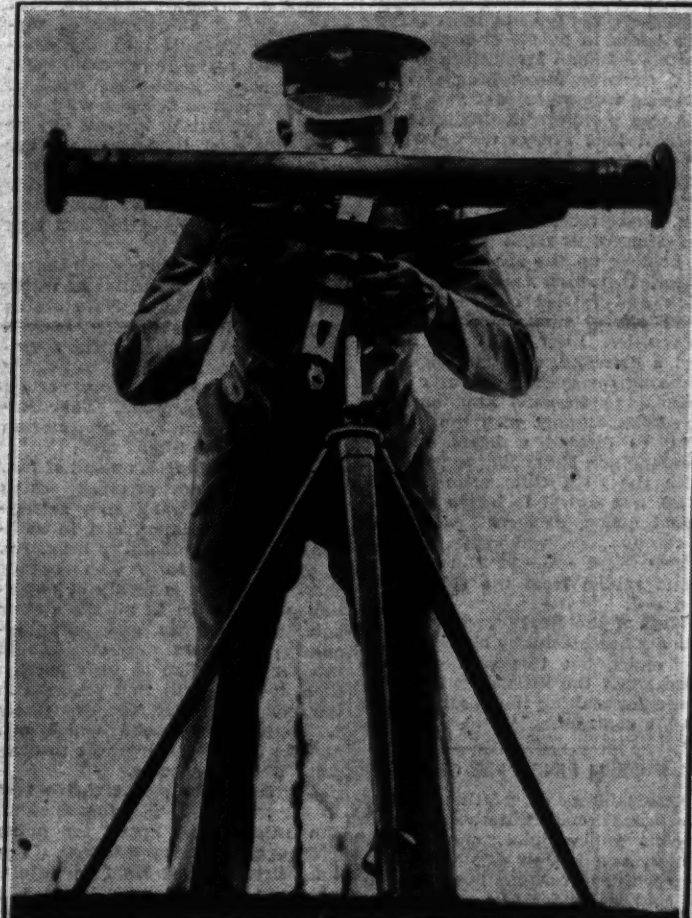
Wreckage of machine that left highway and plunged into Coldwater Creek, beside Highway 99 in the northern part of St. Louis County. The victims were Walter C. Libby and Edward Grieshaber.

## AIRPORT MANAGER ON STAND AT MURDER TRIAL



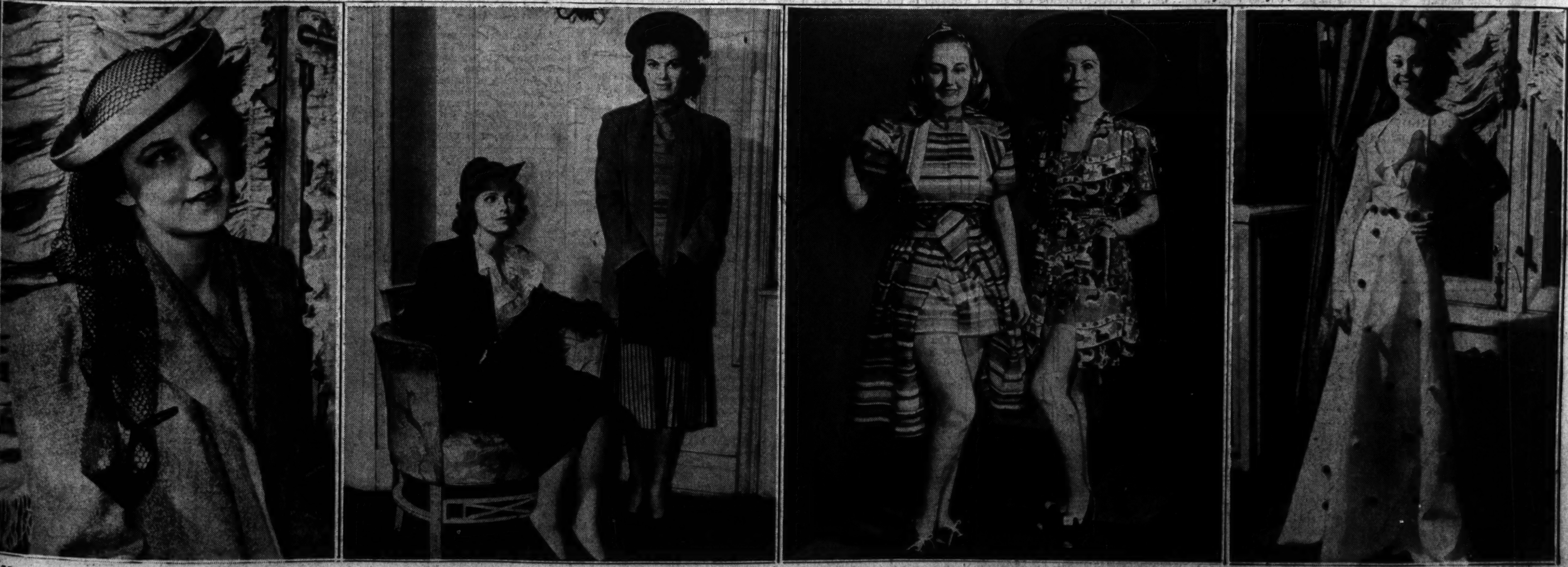
Paul Wright (extreme left) testifying today in Los Angeles court where he is on trial for killing his wife and John B. Kimmel. In the foreground are members of the jury.

## GETTING THE RANGE



Cadet Jack McNeese peers into a range finder during winter exercises at the Valley Forge Military Academy at Wayne, Pa.

## SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES AT RETAILERS CONVENTION AT HOTEL JEFFERSON



Mercedes Dewes wearing a Breton sailor hat with dark veil. Jane Webb and Ada Soffer showing silk suits. Nina Thomas wears a striped play suit with hood to match and Muriel Lacker, a Babylon print with large sun hat. Nola Caplin showing a sharkskin dress trimmed with woolen pompons.

## WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By BOB BURNS

SUPPOSE Los Angeles has more soap-box orators than any other city of its size in the country. Every evening they gather in a square downtown and each one of 'em seems to have the solution to the world's problems. It seems like they all want a stamp out somethin'.

The other day I heard one of 'em talkin' for over an hour, and the only one that listened to him was an old

man. Finally the orator looked down and he says, "Brother, are you with me to stamp out this political evil?" The old man says, "No, I ain't interested." The orator says, "Well, then why have you stood there all this time?" And the old man says, "Well, Brother, I'm a stranger in town and I jest got a little lonesome."

(Copyright, 1938.)





Hold-Up  
Plays in  
Bridge  
By  
Ely Culbertson

(Copyright, 1933.)  
HOLD-UP plays are valuable devices and, when properly used, account for the success of many a contract. Like every other good thing, however, they can be overdone. When declarer can count sufficient sure tricks for his contract he should rarely, if ever use a hold-up play. To do so usually is to lose the chance for extra tricks. Note the declarer's correct technique in the following hand:  
South dealer.  
Match-point duplicate.  
Both sides vulnerable.  
Q108432  
K9  
A10986  
K9  
NORTH  
WEST  
EAST  
SOUTH  
K97  
A764  
K  
AKQJ5  
The bidding:  
1 club Pass  
1 heart Pass  
2 no trump Pass  
North's two club bid was too conservative. Surely his hand merited something better than a mere preference between hearts and clubs. True, a three club bid would have been a shade risky because of the over-present danger that an opening club bid is made as a prepared bid with a three card suit. As between the aggressive course of three clubs over one heart and the ultra-conservative two clubs, there is little doubt that the former was preferable.  
As may be seen from the most cursory analysis, six clubs would have been a laydown, merely upon finding the spade ace "right." And even if it had been in West's hand over the king, the slam still might have been worked out by a favorable break in hearts or a very favorable diamond break. But, at any rate, declarer found himself in a three no trump contract and, since this was match-point duplicate, he realized that every trick would count.  
West opened a low spade. East played the ace and returned the suit. Declarer now could count 10 top tricks, thus there was no point in holding up the spade king. Declarer, therefore, took the second trick and rattled off four clubs. West almost immediately was in difficulties. First, he let go a heart and a diamond, then two spades, blanking the queen. Declarer then cashed the diamond king and entered the dummy with the heart king to discard a heart on the diamond ace. Returning to his hand with the fifth club, upon which West was forced to let go his diamond queen, declarer used the carefully preserved spade nine to throw West on lead and force a heart return from the Q-10 up to the A-J.  
Two of the North-South pairs in the duplicate actually bid and made six clubs, but this particular declarer had the satisfaction and reward for making the absolute limit in his contract.

**FROZEN PINEAPPLE CREAM**  
One tablespoon gelatine, two tablespoons cold water, two tablespoons lemon juice, one-half cup water, one beaten egg white, one cup whipped cream. Soak gelatine in cold water for five minutes and dissolve over hot water. Add to the gelatine one cup of drained crushed pineapple. Add remaining ingredients, mixing well. Pour into the tray of the electric refrigerator and freeze for four hours.



LUCKY, indeed is the person who receives one of the loveliest of gifts—a potted plant or bowl of bulbs. If the plant were equally fortunate in its new home, everything would be fine. What often happens, however, is that after a few days of beautiful blooming, the plant begins to droop, then finally goes into a complete decline despite the most tender care its owner may give it.  
The needs of most plants are very simple; principally the proper amount of sunlight, moisture, heat and soil. Yet the ability to supply these necessities in the average heated home is far from easy. What happens in many cases is that the plant is deluged with water one day, left to become dry as a bone the next, then given another overabundance of water. Sometimes it is placed over a radiator where it becomes completely parched from overheating and lack of moisture.  
Plants differ in their needs; some of them require quantities of water and lots of sunshine while others need very little sunshine and a small amount of water. The essential thing, therefore, is to know what special treatment is needed by your particular plant. Your florist can give you this information if you will ask him.  
Indoor gardening is no end of fun. Having a living, growing thing with which to work is a satisfying pastime in itself, and in addition, you have something beautiful. If you happen to be an ardent gadgeteer, there is plenty of opportunity to indulge in all the flower pots, plant stands and paraphernalia your heart desires. Should interior decoration be your passion then, too, you will find pleasure in the colored flower pot or finely fashioned plant stand which can add the last necessary note to complete a color scheme.  
A great many plants thrive best in the sunshine. The flower shelf, illustrated, gives space for many plants in a sunny window. The long broad metal shelf is adjustable and, therefore, can be used in windows from 25 inches to 46 inches in size. It is eight and one-half inches wide with a decorative rim three inches high. A single screw at each end holds the shelf firmly in place on the window sill.

ABOVE, A WINDOW BANKED WITH FLOWERS MAKES THE DAY GAY.

AT RIGHT, TRAILING IVY PERCHES IN BEAUTY ON THIS SHELF.

Care of Plants and Bulbs Is Satisfying Pastime That Will Give an Added Beauty to the Home.

By FERNE HICKMAN

problem which is easily solved by the use of plant stands or hanging baskets. Plant stands that accommodate several plants can be obtained in colored or wrought iron finish in ornamental design. Hanging baskets and the flower pots with wire frame on which vines can twine are especially nice for the popular ivy.  
A watering pot with long spout for convenience in watering house plants can add a decided decorative note to the indoor garden. They can be purchased in almost any size and color desired, as well as in gleaming copper, in plain or ultra modern design with scroll top and handle.  
A rubber bulb atomizer is needed for spraying the leaves as some plants need moisture for leaves as



place quickly, then more care is necessary to prevent waterlogging of the plant roots.  
Most plants will thrive in a room at average house temperature during the day, but they need a much lower temperature at night, 50 degrees F. or lower being preferable. Turning the plant so a different side faces the window once a week will keep them from growing lopsided.  
If the watering and sunshine problem becomes too much for you, yet you want some living plants in your room, a terrarium might be the solution. Small plants growing in a covered glass bowl or aquarium, if planted correctly, need practically no attention. Partial sunlight is most favorable and a fairly cool place is best for them.

"Home Better Happy Than Dressed-Up"

Boys Are Often Clumsy, And Suffer From Too Much Neatness.

By Angelo Patri

"NOW look what you have done." "Just look!" "Could I help it?" "You could if you were just a little careful. I've told you a hundred times if I've told you once, not to look around the room when you are eating. Why you can't learn to eat like a human being is beyond me. Move your plate. Sit over there until I get this mess wiped up. This makes the third cloth in four days. If you had to wash and iron them, or pay for having it done, you'd look wise. Now here I am, never in all my life."

"Bang! The slam shook the pictures on the wall and rattled the dishes in the cupboard. John Henry was stamping off to his room, outraged, choked, ready to snap, zip and tear.  
"Now what's the use, Mary? The boy didn't mean to spill his milk." "That's right. Take his part. You know yourself that he never sits down to a meal without doing something of the sort before he finishes. I've something else to do beside do up table cloths."

"I know, I know; but he's only a boy and a clumsy one at that. He'd break his neck to do something to please you." "I'm not asking for his neck. As I know, I know. Housekeeping is more important than the boy's peace in his home. Well." Father went upstairs the picture of misery. Mother finished clearing the table in silence. Granny silently helped wash the dishes and then they sat down to rest in the quiet of the empty living room, both very conscious of the two exiles in the rooms above. Mother squirmed in her chair, Granny sighed.

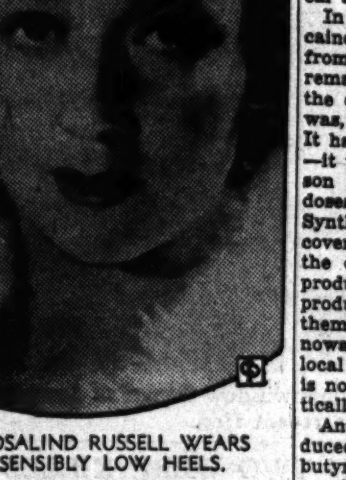
"What can I do, mother? I can't have the place look like a hurrab's nest." "I was thinking, Mary. Maybe we could dress the house more suitably." "Suitably? What in the world?" "Now wait. Maybe you won't like what I'm going to say, but I do think it might help. Suppose you bought one of those tablecloths that you can wash off, and used paper napkins instead of using the good linen." "I think you might get used to it and like it. And cover the chairs in the living room with pretty chintz covers instead of using them as they are and worrying about them. Then, when you wanted to drop up your child—" "What is that child—11 he is now, remember—going to learn to use a house like a house? If he gets into the habit of slopping his food all over an oilcloth cover, putting his feet on the chairs because they have covers that can be washed—" "He won't. The table-covers are pretty. He really wants to do what you want done, but just now he is dreamy and clumsy. Give him a chance. He will get over this, and then you can dress the house as you like. When you have to do your own work it is better to simplify it as much as you can. It's more important to keep a home happy than to keep it dressed up."

High Heels

By Gladys Glad

BACK in the seventeenth century women were just as fond of high heels as some girls are today. Indeed, if you ask me, they were slightly balmy on the subject, for in Venice in that era, a belle wore such high heels that she couldn't stand up. And so, whenever she wanted to walk even short distances, she had to have a hired lackey on whose shoulder she could lean. Did I hear you say anything about the birth of the gigolot?

Of course, heels of such height would seem ridiculous to any woman today. But some of the heels



ROSALIND RUSSELL WEARS SENSIBLY LOW HEELS.

that our modern ladies trot around on are anything but sensible. Since I've been out in Hollywood I've discovered that the stars of the silver screen have far more heel sense than the average girl. Of course, they don't all flat-heel it, a la Garbo. But they don't tester around on stimulated stilts, either. They use good judgment in the selection of their heel heights. And more power to 'em, I say!

Rosalind Russell is one star who deprecates the fact that modern women do not select their footwear wisely. Her heights, Rosalind says, have a great deal to do with posture, foot health and leg shapeliness. She is very sensible about the heels she selects for her footwear. For evening and dress wear, of course, she does wear high heels, though not the ridiculously high contraptions, but for street, sport and spectator sports wear, Rosalind prudently wears heels of a moderate height only.

Many of Best Modern Drugs Are Synthetic

Chemists Improve on Nature by Their Laboratory Discoveries.

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

SAID in a previous article that in ancient times doctors had to depend on the drugs they found in nature. As a matter of fact, the word "physis" in its Greek form means "nature," and those who believe that the treatment of disease by drugs is unnatural and who say "Throw physic to the dogs" are really saying "Throw nature to the dogs."

Nowadays, however, with our remarkable knowledge of chemistry, we are able to make drugs in the chemical laboratory that are in many respects far superior to those found in nature. Among the most remarkable achievements in this line has been the production of local anesthetics.

In 1864, Dr. Karl Koller found cocaine, which is obtained in nature from the vegetable kingdom, had remarkable properties in deadening the endings of sensory nerves and was, therefore, a local anesthetic. It had, however, two disadvantages—it was quite toxic and could poison people, sometimes in small doses, and it was habit forming. Synthetic chemists started to discover what particular radicals in the chemical structure of cocaine produced these undesirable by-products, and were able to replace them with other radicals, so that nowadays we have as the favored local anesthetic, novocaine, which is not habit forming and has practically no toxicity.

Another local anesthetic produced by the synthetic chemist is butyl, which is also non-toxic and non-habit forming. There is practically no limit to what modern synthetic chemists can do. They rearrange formulas almost at will. Another artificial series of drugs which have been made entirely by synthesis are the hypnotics, or sleep producers, such as veronal, luminal, medonal. These are all barbituric acid derivatives, and the chemist simply knicks out one radical from the barbituric acid group and puts in another, so that he can produce a compound to fit any requirement.

**QUESTIONS FROM READERS**  
F. L. B.: "What is the cause of itching of the skin?"  
Answer: The skin of the eyelids may itch, just as the skin in any other part of the body, which may possibly be due to bites from absorption of some food or dust. So-called athlete's foot and so-called Doble itch are the same, but Doble itch was in this country long before the soldiers came back from the Philippines.  
**EDITOR'S NOTE:** Seven pamphlets by Dr. Clendening can now be obtained by sending 10 cents in coin, for each, and a self-addressed envelope stamped with a three-cent stamp, to Dr. Logan Clendening, in care of this paper. The pamphlets are: "Three Weeks Reducing Diet," "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

IF YOU ASK MY OPINION

By Martha Carr

Dear Mrs. Carr: I THINK you are a very wonderful woman. You give the outside world such sound advice and with never an angry word. I have something I would like to say to all your readers. I am so fed up on hearing men about unemployed men suffering women and children. And this has come from reading about dying by their own hand; simply because they have spent so many years in the school room through their parents' sacrifice—yes those old worn-out parents who give their all that their children may prosper. And what do we parents get—no kindness and no care, but a disappointed son who expects the same not to step up to school and land him the world. Well, this falls of course, and some morning we get up and see his picture on the front page; he has stolen or committed murder and off to prison he goes. When he returns he is like a branded cow. Part of the trouble, too, is that the women have the jobs. I have lifted the town and I know what I'm saying; the boys can't get jobs and they don't do well in the kitchen. I say put the women back in the HOMES. Now Mrs. Carr, you can give me thunder, but this is the way I see it. I have 16 sons, grandsons and stepsons.

**BUT STILL SMILING.**  
What home? Many women would be glad to follow your advice to the letter—provided the money could be found. There are some who should not take jobs of a kind that men can fill for the money to frivil away, but the percent is very small.

Dear Mrs. Carr: PRACTICALLY everywhere I go I am well-liked. The boys date me and I have a marvelous time. As soon as they know me a few weeks they merely say "a" as they pass by. There is something I do or say that is not right. Can you tell me? JUDY D.

Perhaps my folder, "Popularity," may help you. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for it.  
Dear Martha Carr: LADY friend of mine wrote to you asking if you could get her boys a place in the country with good families. Thanks to you, she has four of them in the country now. Since you have helped her do you think you could help to get my grandson a place? His mother can buy clothes he needs, but wouldn't be able to pay any board for him. He is nearly 10 years old, is over four feet tall, and weighs more than boys his age. He is a school sick. We would be so thankful if you do find room in your column for this. MRS. L. B.

Someone may write in about this and both you and they must be prepared to give best references. You might find such a place through the Children's Aid Society in this way you would be sure of the proper protection for your grandson.  
I WISH to become a songwriter. Upon my graduation last June, I went into this field in earnest but found the doors to the publishing offices closed. I have written 15 songs, both words and music. I'm not liked. I'm only 18 and I keep on fighting until I reach the age. But maybe working alone is the answer and that's why I write this letter. Maybe one of your readers has ambition to become a songwriter also. Perhaps if we would merge our efforts, we'd both reach success.  
So, any writer of songs, who would like to join up with me, get in touch with me through this column. Another thing, Mrs. Carr, these songs have never been played in public, so maybe some amateur musical show is planning to feature me. I gladly give the songs to the group, just to find out how the public reacts to them. I leave my name and address with you. SKYWARR BOUND.

ROOM AND BOARD

By Gene Ahern



Jumping the Reservation

By Arthur "Bugs" Baer

We've just returned from a week's ski jumping in the hills of Vermont. That's just one jump. It takes six days to dig you out.  
People have jumped into Niagara Falls and folks have leaped off the Empire State Building. That's straight hopping. Ski jumping is suicide on the diagonal.  
You put bed slats on your feet and grab hold of a rope which pulls you up the mountain, where you make your first mistake. You should never let go of the rope.  
Then you slide down the mountain until you come to the take-off, which is a diving-board without water. You are now sailing through the air without visible means of support and there ain't enough feathers in the world to keep you there. You must land some place and land there pronto. Your journey has just started. After you strike terra firma you slide 11 miles on your momentum and 18 more miles on your back.  
You finish in a snow drift far from the center of population. If you hate real estate booms this is

Brain Twizzlers

By Prof. J. D. Flint



WE HEARD that recently the teacher in a small country school gave a special test to her students. The formalities of school were over so she devised this little test to occupy part of the time during the last day of school. This was the test: The teacher put on the blackboard two words, "new door." She then pointed to the word out of that and you may leave for your vacation." None of the children were able to until teacher showed them how. Can you do it? Answer on Page 4, Column 1.

Muscular Rheumatic Pains

It takes more than "just a salve" to draw them out. It takes a "counter-irritant" like good old Mustero's—soothing, warming, penetrating and helpful in drawing out the local congestion and pain when rubbed on the aching spots.  
Muscular lumbago, soreness and stiffness generally yield promptly. Better than the old-fashioned mustard plaster, Mustero's has been used by millions for 30 years. Recommended by many doctors and nurses. All druggists. In three strengths: Regular Strength, Children's (mild), and Extra Strong.



BEN LANGAN

SAVES YOU MONEY ON WEST BOUND SHIPMENTS OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS

	Rail Rate	Our Rate
Portland	100 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Seattle	\$3.74	\$3.20
Spokane	3.74	3.20
San Francisco	3.74	3.20
Los Angeles	3.68	3.20
Salt Lake City	2.37	2.15
Ogden	2.37	2.15
Denver	2.29	1.85

Shipments forwarded promptly. Please use for rates to any western coast point. Ship furniture and other household goods. Protect your valuables in our sturdy lockers.

Exclusive St. Louis Agent  
**MAYFLOWER VANS**  
Licensed to Operate in Every State  
For Free Estimate  
PHONE FOREST 0922

**BEN LANGAN**  
STORAGE & MOVING

5301 Delmar Corner of Chestnut

Dear Mrs. Carr: WILL you please tell me if it is correct to give a shower for a daughter-in-law? I know that a sister or daughter, and I think a daughter-in-law, may give one for a daughter-in-law. My son was married recently and several people have asked if I didn't intend to give the shower for his wife? She is from another town and has no friends here, but they suggested that I invite my own. I cannot seem myself to do this without a function, for I feel it is asking presents for my own family. WILL-INTENTIONED. MOTHER-IN-LAW.  
Your feeling is absolutely right. Giving presents for our family is



## Many of Best Modern Drugs Are Synthetic

Chemists Improve on Nature by Their Laboratory Discoveries.

By Logan Clendening, M. D.

SAID in a previous article that in ancient times doctors had to depend on the drugs they found in nature. As a matter of fact, the word "physis" in its Greek form means "nature," and those who believe that the treatment of disease by drugs is unnatural and who say "Throw physis to the dogs," are really saying "Throw nature to the dogs."

Nowadays, however, with our remarkable knowledge of chemistry, we are able to make drugs in the chemical laboratory that are in many respects far superior to those found in nature. Among the most remarkable achievements in this line has been the production of local anesthetics.

In 1854, Dr. Karl Koller found cocaine, which is obtained in nature from the vegetable kingdom, had remarkable properties in deadening the endings of sensory nerves and was, therefore, a local anesthetic. It had, however, two disadvantages—it was quite toxic and could poison people, sometimes in small doses, and it was habit forming.

Synthetic chemists started to discover what particular radicals in the chemical structure of cocaine produced these undesirable by-products, and were able to replace them with other radicals, so that nowadays we have as the favorite local anesthetic, novocaine, which is not habit forming and has practically no toxicity.

Another local anesthetic produced by the synthetic chemists is butyn, which is also non-toxic and non-habit forming.

There is practically no limit to what modern synthetic chemists can do. They rearrange formulas almost at will.

Another artificial series of drugs which have been made entirely by synthetic chemists are the hypnotics, or sleep producers, such as veronal, luminal, medonal. These are all barbituric acid derivatives, and the chemist simply knocks out one radical from the barbituric acid group and puts in another, so that he can produce a compound to fit any requirement.

QUESTIONS FROM READERS  
P. L. B.: "What is the cause of itching eyelids? Are athlete's foot and the itch called 'double itch,' brought back from the Philippine Islands by soldiers during the war, the same?"

Answer: The skin of the eyelids may itch, just as the skin in any other part of the body, which may possibly be due to hives from absorption of some food or dust. So-called athlete's foot and so-called Double Itch are the same, but Double Itch was in this country long before the soldiers came back from the Philippines.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Seven pamphlets by Dr. Clendening can now be obtained by sending 10 cents in coin, for each, and a self-addressed envelope stamped with a three-cent stamp, to Dr. Logan Clendening, 1500 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. The pamphlets are: "Three Weeks' Reducing Diet," "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

"Good Furniture Deserves Good Care"  
BEN LANGAN  
SAVES YOU MONEY ON WEST BOUND SHIPMENTS OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS

Exclusively St. Louis Agent  
MAYFLOWER VANS  
Licensed to Operate in Every State  
For Free Estimates  
PHONE Forest 0922

BEN LANGAN  
STORAGE & MOVING  
5201 Dolmar, Corner of Clarendon

## IF YOU ASK MY OPINION

By Martha Carr

Dear Mrs. Carr: I THINK you are a very wonderful woman. You give the outside world such sound advice and with never an angry word. I have something I would like to say to all your readers:

I am so fed up on hearing and reading about unemployed men, suffering women and children. And all these sweet young men going to prison or becoming criminals or dying by their own hand; simply because they have spent so many years in the school room through their parents' sacrifice—yes those old worn-out parents who give their children what they can afford. And what do we parents get—no happiness and no care, but a disappointed son who expects the same one to step up to school and take the world. Well, this kind of course, and some morning we get up and see his picture on the front page; he has stolen or committed murder and off to prison he goes. When he returns he is like a branded cow.

Part of the trouble, too, is that the women have the jobs. I have asked the town and I know what I'm saying; the boys can't get jobs and they don't do well in the kitchen. I say put the women back in the HOMES. Now Mrs. Carr, you can give me thunder, but this is the way I see it. I have 16 sons, grandsons and stepsons.

BUT STILL SMILING.  
What homes? Many women would be glad to follow your advice to the letter—provided the homes could be found. There are some who should not take jobs of a kind that men can fill for the money to frivil away, but the percent is very small.

Dear Mrs. Carr: I AM well-liked. The boys date me and I have a marvelous time. As soon as they know me a few weeks they merely speak as they pass by. There is something I do or say that is not right. Can you tell me? JUDY D.

Perhaps my folder, "Popularity," may help you. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for it.

Dear Martha Carr: LADY friend of mine wrote to me asking if you could get her a place in the country with good families. Thanks to you, she has four of them in the country now. Since you have helped her, do you think you could help to get my grandson a place? His mother and his clothes are needed. But wouldn't be able to pay any board for him. He is nearly 10 years old, is over four feet tall and weighs more than boys his age. He is seldom sick. We would be so thankful if you do find room in your home for him. MRS. L. E.

Someone may write in about this and both you and they must be prepared to give best references. The might find such a place through the Children's Aid Society. And in this way you would be sure of the proper protection for your grandson.

WISH to become a songwriter. Upon my graduation last June, I delivered into this field in earnest and found the doors to the publishing offices closed. I have written 15 car, both words and music. But, are: "Three Weeks' Reducing Diet," "Indigestion and Constipation," "Reducing and Gaining," "Infant Feeding," "Instructions for the Treatment of Diabetes," "Feminine Hygiene" and "The Care of the Hair and Skin."

No, any writer of songs, who would like to join up with me, get in touch with me through this column. Another thing, Mrs. Carr, some songs have never been played in public, so maybe some amateur musical group is planning to put on a musical show in the near future. I'd gladly give the songs to such a group, just to find out how the music reacts to them. I leave my address with you. RICHARD BOUND.

Dear Mrs. Carr: SOMETIMES ago I noticed an article in your column in which a lady offered to teach girls, anyone at all. Do you know of willing to spare a few hours in the afternoon to teach a small group of girls to sew? We girls are all 15 years of age. We enjoy your column very much. RUTH S.

I can send you the name of a school of this kind if you will mail me a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Dear Mrs. Carr: WILL you please tell me if it is correct to give a shower for a daughter-in-law? I know that a shower should be given for a daughter or daughter-in-law and I think it just as bad to give one for a daughter-in-law. My son was married recently and several people asked if I didn't intend to give a shower for his wife? She is from another town and has no friends here; but they suggested I invite my own. I cannot give a shower for my own family. WELL-INTENTIONED MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Your feeling is absolutely right. Presents for our family is

## "Trust Your Own Courage And Fineness"

An Injunction for Meeting Life's Problems in the Face of Fear.

By Elsie Robinson

(Copyright, 1938.)  
I WAS never to see him again. Clutching each other, we stood there, waiting on the lonely pier, my father and I—with the gray night closing over the marabes and the gray tide mumbering between the rotting piles.

A country child... ignorant, bewildered... going out alone into the unknown terror of marriage and the vast wonder of a world she had never seen. I can feel my heart hammering yet, lurching in great thumps against young ribs... the accustomed weight of my long hair, "done up" for the first time... the pride in the bulging "telescope basket" at my feet.

But, clearest of all, I can see the tear-dimmed, fearfulness of his face... the friendly comfort of his broken hand. My father! Of all the gallant heroes I have ever known, you stand most tall and shining. And yet the world saw only one more poor man, in a ragged coat... who spent his scanty dimes and falling breath for others' needs.

The twilight deepened. Around the bend there came the train's long, wavering wall. A seagull screamed... a brakeman crossed the track, his lantern lit. And then... my thin young arms were clinging to his neck. Frantic, I sobbed for him to let me stay—and felt him gulp and tighten, fighting for the thing to say... those words which were the only gift he had, to set me on my way. The wall again. His quivering face on mine. And then—

"No, darling, you must go. That's life. We must go onward—if we want to live. I wish I'd something that would make it easier, dear. You'll meet so many things that will seem cruel or queer. And you're so young, untrained—people will laugh and sneer. You're headstrong, too—people will hurt and hate. But here's one rule—just keep the balance straight with your own self. No one but God can tell you what is right or wrong, but this will help you as you go along—Be your own self... the best and the bravest self that you know how to be—stand tight!"

And then he'd gone... through the night. A handful of words 30 years ago. But in all my life I'd heard no deeper wisdom... clutched no higher truth.

Be true to your own self! Keep your own balance straight! Don't fear... don't crawl... don't copy or cringe or jump in circles for the other fellow.

Be your own original self! You weren't born bad and warped, vile and crooked. You were born right—in the image of all rightness.

Trust that rightness which is in you. Trust your own fineness, although others laugh at you. Trust your own courage, although others scoff! Trust your own comeback, even though the whole world says you're a hopeless fool.

Trust—and stand tight! You have forgotten. Possibly they have. But the best and bravest self that you were meant to be!

TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE by WYNN  
For Wednesday, Feb. 2.  
GOOD vibrations rule business hours, with tendency in late afternoon and evening to veer toward the impractical or even toward the slightly underhanded. Don't be on either end of a doubtful deal. Socially stiltish in P. M.

Unknown Assets.  
Every year we see bank advertisements telling of money left on deposit for 10 or 20 years by people who have gone without giving a forwarding address. Possibly they have forgotten. Possibly they have died. The bank does not know how to reach the rightful owners. And in each of us are similar deposits of character-money that are seeking us, asking that we put them to use.

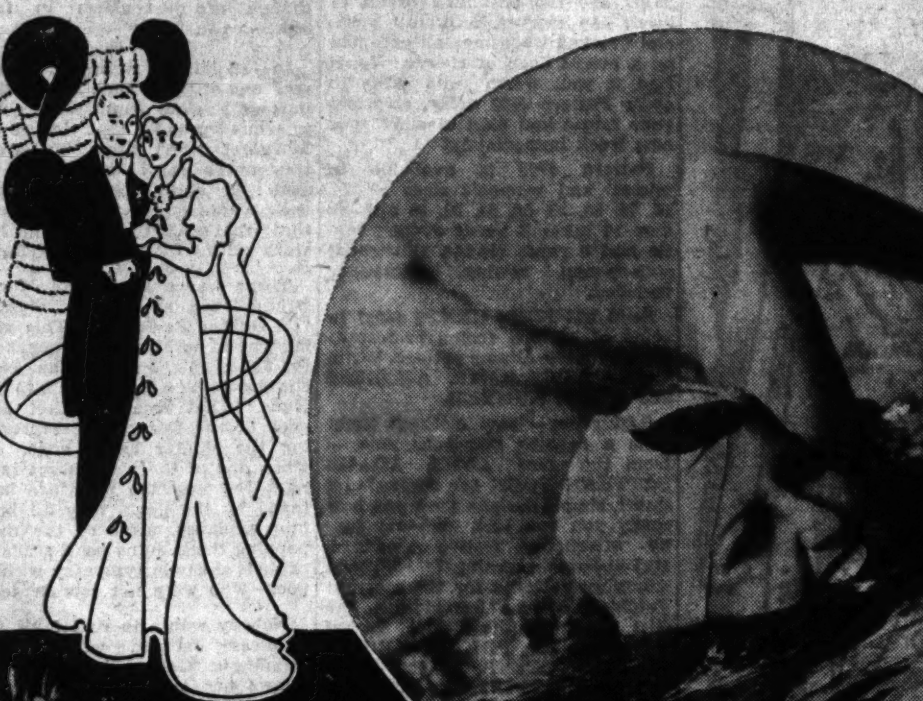
Your Year Ahead.  
Your year ahead is most promising, if this is date of your birth. Push and plan, collect and try, but avoid heavy new estate moves and the same in home. Train mind for profit. Dates: March 23-May 2; July 29-Sept. 28; Dec. 24-Feb. 14, 1939.

Thursday.  
Hold emotions, especially re finances; improving in later hours. Always had taste. And certainly, when a girl marries her son she becomes a member of your family.

Letters intended for this column must be addressed to Martha Carr at the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. Mrs. Carr will answer all questions of general interest but, of course, cannot give advice on matters of a purely legal or medical nature. Those who do not care to have their letters published may enclose an addressed and stamped envelope for personal reply.

## FROM FUR COATS TO FAME IN FILMS

● Posing in Them During Hot Weather Proved So Uncomfortable That Jeanette MacDonald Gave Up Modeling for a Small Role on Stage—Now She's a Favorite Singing Star on Screen.



JEANETTE AND HER HUSBAND GENE RAYMOND, IN THE GARDEN OF THEIR HOME.  
This is the eighth story of a series on the turning points in the careers of movie stars.

By H. H. Niemeyer  
Staff Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

HOLLYWOOD, Feb. 1.  
WHEN you see Jeanette MacDonald all wrapped up in ermines and things at a Hollywood premiere you might imagine that fur coats play a big part in her life. And they do. Or rather they did. Played the biggest part, after a fashion because, in the aizzling heat of a New York summer she posed in 'em, day after day, for a commercial photographer. But for those coats, which were not here, and the heat, she might never have become one of the leading cinema singers of today. If it had been winter the posing wouldn't have been so bad, but it was summer and the fur coats proved to be the turning point in Miss MacDonald's career. The discomfort spurred her on to look for another career so when an agent mentioned a role in something called "Fantasia Fricassee" she thought it looked a lot better than being bundled up in furs in August. It wasn't much of a show to be sure, but a little thing being done, rather amateurishly, down in Greenwich Village. You see parts in shows that year had been few and hard to get and Jeanette had turned to posing which paid pretty well. But the heat and the furs drove her back to grease-paint.

While she played in "Fricassee," fate stepped in as it was destined to do two or three times later. Zelda Sears, the playwright, and her husband, who was general manager for Henry W. Savage, the biggest musical comedy producer of

the time, dropped into the theater one night. Both were tremendously pleased with the emerald-eyed, copper haired girl who had a voice way above the rest of the cast. Several days later, Jeanette received a call from the Savage office which offered her a small part in "The Magic Ring." At the end of that engagement she was cast immediately into "Tipicosa," also a small role, but her real chance was only a short distance ahead. For she was soon handed the prima donna role, her very first, in "Sunny Days." This production established Jeanette, and the sailing for her was comparatively smooth thereafter.

With her ever increasing popularity on the musical comedy stage, Jeanette's operatic ambitions waned. In place came a new ambition—the concert stage, which she was to realize also after stage appearances, in "Yes, Yes, Yvette" and "Angela."



ABOVE, JEANETTE MACDONALD WEARS A NEW GOWN BY ADRIAN, FASHIONED ENTIRELY FROM CLEAR CRYSTAL BUGLE BEADS. AT LEFT, SWIMMING IS HER PRINCIPAL FORM OF EXERCISE.

And in 1929 Jeanette and her mother packed their bags and came to California to start a career, the magnitude of which she had never dreamed in her wildest childhood dreams.

"The Love Parade," it is needless to mention, was a hit. Swiftly on its heels came "The Vagabond King," "Let's Go Native," "The Lottery Bride," "Monte Carlo," and many more. But as time went on, Jeanette's enthusiasm began to wane. She combined her singing with the quality of "The Love Parade," and then, too, she felt that she was not progressing artistically.

"I seemed to have reached a dead end," she said between scenes of "The Girl of the Golden West," in which she is now appearing at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. "Perhaps it was the business of being so close to the forest that I could not see the trees. I do not know. One thing was certain, and that was I was not satisfied with the progress of my career. I was at the point where I could advance or decline. Uncertain as to exactly what to do, I packed my bags and left for Europe, not caring especially if I returned to pictures or not."

But Jeanette was not idle on pleasure, and in the end it turned out to be a concert tour, this "getting away" jaunt of hers.

WHILE she was abroad, her original contract had expired. But fate, ever lurking at the corner of her life, was there again in the person of Irving G. Thalberg, who happened to be in Europe at the same time. Through Thalberg, Jeanette signed a contract with Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. Her first picture under the new arrangement was "The Cat and the Fiddle," with Ramon Novarro.

"The Cat and the Fiddle" was fun," says Jeanette. "I had seen Novarro during my trip to Europe, so beginning at a new studio was not like working with strangers at all." Her next film was "The Merry Widow," and in it she was reunited with Maurice Chevalier with whom she had made her screen debut. And at this point in her career it seemed that the star had completed a circle. Subby Tals had sent out an advance agent a sort of forewarning in the case of her being teamed again with the man with whom she had become a star. It was as though the final chapter of another phase in her career had been written, and that she was again to step out into something new.

For her next film brought about the most important development in her career to date. In "Naughty Marietta," the first adventure-musical of the screen, Jeanette appeared opposite a comparative unknown, Nelson Eddy. And it was a critical time in her career to

go to a puppet maker and had him chisel a dummy out of a block of hickory. Well, Charlie McCarthy (the dummy) put his Daddy through college!

After Charlie and Eddie graduated (that's the way Charlie puts it), they got a job in vaudeville. But at that time Charlie was a poor ragamuffin, just an ordinary slapshoe tramp. Then an idea came to Eddie—class! Charlie had been through college! So Charlie was born again, and this time he was the swankiest foff on the avenue.

Suddenly and dimly vaudeville went to pieces. No job. And one-half of this team had to eat. Eddie tried to get a place in radio, but everywhere he was told that people wouldn't be interested in a dummy. "But Charlie's got class."

Eddie proffered. "That's what makes him different from the others in the field." "No," they said, "that's not enough to distinguish him."

## Reception Is Too Large for Toast Drinking

Appropriate Only When Gathering Is Comparatively Small.

By Emily Post

Dear Mrs. Post: OTHER is giving a reception here at home soon, in order to announce my youngest sister's engagement. I have been told by the others in the family that since I am the eldest son and we have no father, I am supposed to give a toast or a speech or something on this occasion. Will you tell me just what it is that I am supposed to do.

Answer: A toast is very seldom drunk at a reception and since at a very large one it would be difficult to attract the attention of all the people in the room, it would make the drinking of the toast rather forced and theatrical. In other words, you would have to go around through the entire assembly giving every one a filled glass, let them wait at attention, and certainly spoil the spontaneity essential to the spirit of a toast. It is not necessary to make any definite announcement. At the reception your sister would be standing next to your mother and her fiancé next to her, and the fact that he is receiving with her and that she introduces him to every one should make the engagement apparent, or she can of course say to strangers, "My fiancé, Mr. Jones." The friends of your mother can be told as they arrive, "So glad you could come. I am announcing Mary's engagement to John Jones." On the other hand, if the tea is a very small one and every one is gathered in the dining room and you want to propose a toast, there is no reason why you should not do so. And it would, moreover, be appropriate.

Dear Mrs. Post: You wrote recently that when a son invites a girl to visit his family, his invitation should at least be seconded by his mother, or someone acting in her place as hostess. Will you tell me about my own case. I am a girl, and a boy has invited me to visit them over a week-end. His sister wrote "seconding" his invitation, but he also has a mother. Is the sister's letter sufficient? She said they were all looking forward to my coming.

Answer: Unless his sister is much younger than you, her letter telling you that you are expected by the family is sufficient. In other words, one young girl has a right to invite another young girl and therefore it would be caviling, unless there were some reason to suppose that his mother might not completely endorse you, to ask that his mother add anything to the daughter's letter.

(Copyright, 1938.)  
Grandmother used it, and I wouldn't be without it. Mother recommends it. FOR FINE FLAVOR AND ECONOMY DR. PRICE'S Vanilla

SCALLOPED OYSTERS  
Two dozen oysters with juice, two cups breadcrumbs, one-half cup milk and cream mixed, two tablespoons butter, one teaspoon salt, one-fourth teaspoon pepper. Grease a baking dish and cover bottom with crumbled breadcrumbs, then place the oysters in evenly, season and cover with remaining breadcrumbs. Pour over milk, oyster juice and dot the top with butter. Bake in a hot oven from 20 to 25 minutes. Serve en casserole.

STEP INTO FLORIDA TOMORROW

Take the new DIXIELAND Fastest of all... and only one-night train St. Louis to Florida

Step on the DIXIELAND and springboard right into Florida... with a single sleep in between! Ride the Dixie Route, straight through the best in Southern scenery and Southern history. Luxury costs less the DIXIELAND way.

Lv St. Louis (n. n. r. r.) 11:00 am  
Ar Jacksonville (next day) 10:40 am  
Ar Miami 6:30 pm  
Ar Tampa 4:55 pm  
Ar St. Petersburg 5:35 pm

Ship your car at approximately same rate as 141 passenger tickets.  
Ask about All-Expense Tours to Florida and Cuba.  
Two Other Through Dixie Trains Daily  
DIXIE FLYER  
DIXIE LIMITED  
For complete timetables, reservations, literature, etc., write or call on  
G. E. HERRING, D. F. A. L. & N. R. R.  
1900 Southern's South Side  
D. T. O'NEAL, W. F. A. & C. & S. R. R.  
1224 Belmont Building  
Phone CHannel 6527  
CITY TICKET OFFICE  
515 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo. 225-25

DIXIE ROUTE



# DAILY MAGAZINE

Christmas Nears and Mimi and Jerry Make Plans to Celebrate—But They Continue Estranged in Spirit.

TODAY'S PATTERN

ON BROADWAY

By Temple Bailey

By Walter Winchell

It is a pleasure to offer the facilities of this department to Felix B. Thimblethwaite, who claims to be the man in Washington who is responsible for this year's attempts to simplify income tax returns. Mr. Thimblethwaite will now explain what he has accomplished.

"Thank you for this opportunity, which is opportunity A1 this year, and must not be considered a statement bearing on last year's returns, which are known as Forms RA1073-56 and should have been returned not later than March 15, of the year previous to subsequent return for the next fiscal year.

Who may read this statement? All adults, man and wife, or if not married, single persons, if they are to understand changes in forms.

This year we have taken a great step forward and printed, on the envelopes containing blank forms, explanation, separately inserted, postage-free card, together with red insert, an announcement, printed on the large or manilla post-free envelope the following announcement which will be found over name of addressee:

OPEN AT ONCE!  
IMPORTANT NOTICE  
ENCLOSED!

"The purpose of this is explained in inter-department memorandum (No. 32345—file No. 32345) is to simplify returns for taxpayers receiving wrong form for which postage-free card is enclosed and may be dispatched in accordance to instructions thereon. Note that none of the enclosures is in duplicate or, if so, attention should be called to nearest collector of internal revenue before or after Feb. 14 of fiscal year.

Also note Dale Carnegie's words in writing as we are not unaware of vast popularity of "How To Make Friends and Influence People," and have therefore cut number of words in average sentence to seventy-five.

It is our sincere aim to please you and you (and we do mean you), for when all is said and done the Income Tax form is, or should be, in the truest sense of the word, a Collector's Item."

TURN ABOUT  
Not once, but twice, you broke my heart;

And I suppose if you should start To come my way again some day, I'd probably welcome you and say, "Okay."

But please remember this, my pet, That though you have my number, yet There'll come a day, I hope and pray,

When I can look at you and say, "FAMOUS LAST WORDS. All we ask, Mr. Ickes, is that you speak without rancor."

"Isn't it?" —Don Kearns

Answer to Twizzler

It is easy to get "one word" by reforming the letters in "new door."

(Copyright, 1938.)

BELIEVE IT OR NOT

By Ripley

ALTHOUGH THE WATERS OF THE ATLANTIC OCEAN ARE CONTINUOUSLY FLOWING THRU THE STRAITS OF GIBRALTAR INTO THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA—WHICH HAS NO OUTLET—THE SEA LEVEL REMAINS THE SAME!

A DEER TICK WAS IMMERSSED IN SALT AND ALUM SOLUTION FOR 2 WEEKS—THEN PLACED IN SULPHURIC ACID AND SALT FOR 48 HOURS—THEN DIPPED IN BOILING WATER—AND IT STILL LIVED

ROBERT DYCKE  
Dallas, Texas

BARNEY OLDFIELD  
AMUSEMENT EDITOR, NEBRASKA STATE JOURNAL

SAW EVERY MOVIE RELEASED IN 1936 AND 1937

A highly competitive situation in the theaters of Lincoln, Neb., makes it an unusual city in the movie industry, and for the last two years they have shown every picture released on the American market. Barney Oldfield moves almost as fast as his namesake, the great auto race driver, on his job of seeing and reviewing every picture. In 1936, he saw 427 movies, and in 1937 saw 517—spending a total of more than 840 hours watching the flickers.

The Mediterranean Sea not only receives a constant flow of water from the Atlantic Ocean through the Straits of Gibraltar, but also from the Black Sea through the Bosphorus and from the Nile, Rhone, Ebro and Po Rivers. Yet the sea level remains the same as the ocean at all times, because of the fact that the almost constant sunning of that area causes greater evaporation than occurs in the area from which this tremendous flow of water comes.

CHAPTER FORTY-EIGHT.

THERE is no telling what I might have done while the idea of going to France possessed me if Hayes had not fallen ill, and two of the men left because of the loneliness.

I could get no one to take their places, so I was forced to do double duty, going shuttle-like from my desk to the work of the farm. My stories suffered because of my divided mind, and there were fewer acceptances from the editors. I came in at night dead-tired, beaten sometimes by storms, to find Mimi by the fire, quiet and composed, a purring pussy-cat or two on the hearth-rug, the table charmingly set, its orange and gray and black colorful against the golden background of flames.

Resting there, I seemed enclosed in a circle of peace. For that moment, I worked through the day. I wondered if Mimi knew how I worshipped her, as she sat, a tranquil figure, telling me the things she had read in the daily paper, but telling me nothing that was in her heart.

So December came, and Christmas. We were to have a tree for the small Hayesses. Hayes' illness had made Dora the only wage-earner in the family. The ranch supplied food and to spare for everyone, but if there were to be Christmas presents for the children, Mimi and I would have to provide them.

"I've a lot of little things," Mimi told me, "and there are yards and yards of silver ribbon on a dress I shall never wear. And we can make cherry clusters of cranberries, and pop-corn balls and chains."

"And on Christmas day, we will have the dinner here. Mrs. Hayes will come over and cook it."

"Do you mean that you'll invite them to dine with us?"

"Of course," easily, "why not?"

Why indeed? But it was her initial introduction to democracy. In our first days on the ranch Mimi had looked upon the Hayesses as a queen might look upon her vassals. That she called them, now, her friends, was an evidence of a revolution in her social ideals.

"We want the biggest turkey ever," she informed me.

I laid my hand on her arm. I wanted to tell her how I adored her. She drew away, smiling but unapproachable. "We want the biggest turkey ever," she repeated, and I dropped my hand from her arm. "You shall have it," I said.

"The biggest turkey, Jerry?"

"Yes. I'll cut it myself."

But it was not, after all, the biggest tree. We chose the one we wanted several days later, as we rode over a new trail to get our first wide view of the snow-capped range.

It was late afternoon, cold,



House Frock

BEGIN the day by wearing this crisp house frock and you'll go a long way toward starting things off right . . . for yourself and your admiring family! So gay, so refreshing this easily made style—and 'tis as perky as can be stitched up in colorful percale, printed chambray, calico, or gingham! See the charming effect of brief, cap sleeves, a dainty yoke, and notched waistline—all accepted by a bright dash of ric-rac. You'll find it well worth your while to order Pattern 4703 today, so select your fabric and plan to start your new frock immediately!

Pattern 4703 is available in misses' and women's sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40. Size 16 takes 3 yards 36-inch fabric and 2 yards ric-rac. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly SIZE, NAME, ADDRESS and STYLE NUMBER.

Springtime—"new clothes" time! Plan a dash of wardrobe now—from the new ANNE ADAMS PATTERN BOOK for Spring! Its smart, simple designs show you how easily you can look chic on sunny afternoons, festive evenings, staid-home mornings!

"Special slimming patterns for the matron! Fetching designs for kiddies, the Girl Graduate, the Bride! Latest fabric tips, too. PRICE OF BOOK, FIFTEEN CENTS. PRICE OF PATTERN, FIFTEEN CENTS. BOOK AND PATTERN TOGETHER, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Send your order to St. Louis Post-Dispatch Pattern Department, 243 W. 17th st., New York, N. Y.

lower level, they were hard to reach. So Jason stayed, standing wistfully beside Mimi, as I went away, and the next time I saw him my dulled eyes took him for a coyote or for a starved wolf strayed from the timber.

The wind was at my back, and I could feel the force of it bearing me up like broad wings as I made the ascent. I dreamed to think that it would take me back when I faced it on my return.

It changed, after a time, however, and snow came with it—light flakes at first, then the steady drive of them. I was glad of the stiffness after the roar of the wind, and I was glad, too, of the beauty, with the slender aspens, stretching bare arms to receive their white mantles, the evergreens, their dark loneliness half hidden by a pallid veil.

I remember I was in a somewhat solemn mood. I had arrived at a fixed resolve. When the first of the year came I would sail for France. This would release Mimi. She could go back to St. Louis without a sense of humiliation. The sale of the ranch would keep her for a time, in apparent affluence. People need never know that there had been no shining palace. The incident would be, in a sense, closed. When I returned it would be time enough to take up my own problems, and I might never come back. But whatever came, Mimi would be proud of me. That was, after all, the peak of my desire. Perhaps, when I left her, she would see me as something besides a fool and a failure. I might even do something in France which would set me apart from other men.

(Continued tomorrow.)

(Copyright, 1938.)

Second Thoughts on First Nights.

In the hit, "Susan and God," much of the wordage concerns the boozing habits of Susan's husband, who was a nice guy before J. Bartleson threw him. Finally, when his marriage goes smash, he goes off on a honeymoon, but gets nursed into sobriety overnight and returns to his missus looking as chipper as though he'd just blown in from some health farm.

In the late "George and Margaret," one of those mad, mad gatherings of English whimsicalists flustered around praying that George and Margaret won't show up (which they never do) because they are such "brash" bobs. Imagine their astonishment when they read that that's what most of the New work critics thought of THEM!

There was a great spot for a wrong laugh at the first night of "I'd Rather Be Right." This opening was so hot, seats were marketed for \$50 a pair, some of the eager chumps going even deeper into their jeans. That meant a first audience of the fat-cat, representing the stouter bank rolls. But when one of the players got indignant the way the poor are being taxed by the gov't, they all broke into applause, some of the males popping the genuine pearl studs out of their shirts in sympathy with the poor—who were not represented.

Nobody wants to find fault with Frances Farmer, whose adroit mining in "Golden Boy" deservedly allows her to be one of the few Hollywood performers to survive her local critics. But she has one speech that is as phony as a radio announcer's laugh. The one that has her saying "I'm a tramp from Newark." The one thing she isn't in looks or manner, is THAT!

There's been a lot of fantastic casting this year, one of the most amazing pieces being in "Western Waters." Next you spot him dabbling in a breeze. When the others started building up the hero as a rootin', tootin' baby-eatin' son-of-a-gun, who should ankie on but Van Heiflin—as mild a guy as Mr. Milquetoast.

There was a lot of out-loud criticism at the first night of "Siege." At one point a windy old soldier knelt and prayed, for about two hours, it seemed. Later he announced that he was about to say another prayer. "It is a long one," he warned. The groan that escaped the audience put the chill on the show that never lifted.

In "Merely Murder" a fairly interesting homicide gets lost because the two leading characters roam through the proceedings hurling insults and alleged nifties at the other players. What the author seemed to overlook was that while he was neglecting the crime in the story another murder was being committed—on his show.

In the short-lived mishap called "In Clover" one of the characters described as a magazine editor is urging his wife not to get too extravagant in buying a country home. He reminds her that "all we've got saved up is \$18,000," at which point 11 magazine editors had to be carried out and revived. All managed to borrow taxi fare.

The big tragic moment in "Madame Bovary" almost exploded in a howl the first night. When Constance Cummings suicided by swallowing powdered poison, she

played it big, licking her fingers to get the last crumb to make death certain. A movie scout whispered (a movie man's whisper being a shout with other people) to a critic that "once you get to like that stuff, you're sunk." The critic, always the gentleman, hush him up.

In the otherwise excellent "Of Mice and Men," a crew of dirty-neck field hands sit around their shack gabbing about what a tramp Curly's bride is and how they hope she won't come messing around them. Then, when you expect to see a slattern, out comes the ravishing Claire Luce, who only has to nod her blond dome and have half the males in the audience come charging over the footlights.

When Fredric March and Florence Eldridge chose "Your Obedient Husband" for their return to Broadway, they allowed it to be announced that actors owed it to themselves to get back to the theater from time to time as an escape from the movies. So they buy a script from a movie writer and hire a movie director to stage it. And play a week, like most movies on Broadway.

It happens in the movies, too. Take the incident in "Live, Love and Learn." Robt. Montgomery, after getting rich and haughty painting flattering portraits of the moneyed ladies, decides to turn honest and paint something Worth While. Next you spot him dabbling in the likeness of a too cute kid—the typical banality of the pretty picture poster which makes so many artists rich and hacks.

In "Manneguin" Joan Crawford plays a gal from hunger who manages to snare Spencer Tracy, one of the moneyed crowd. But if you happen to come in in the middle of the yarn you'll probably reverse their positions, for Joan is the greatest peasant you've glimpsed, and Tracy looks as though he shares a tailor with Heywood Brown.

In "Stop-Over," Sidney Blackmer

appears as a washed-up romantic actor who comes to the country for a final drunk and then suicide. But before he can get the pistol to his head, his home is overrun with the most irritating collection of nuisances he's ever met. After he spends the night having the jitters from their goings-on, he decides that a world with such delightful people in it is too lovely to leave.

In "Tortilla Flat" you spent most of the first act trying to figure out what kind of a dialect the people were trying to speak. They were described as pascanos, a mixture of various breeds, mostly Latin, and their lingo seemed closer to Mexican than anything. Finally, however, a real Mexican ankie on, and he scrambles the proceedings even more when he spouts in a German dialect almost as thick as Jack Pearl's.

The outstanding example of a title leading with its chin was "Work Is for Horses." As early as the first intermission the onlookers agreed it was work for Cain's horses, and on the first Saturday night they were summoned to cart away the debris.

Just how a plan can be tailored to the wants of a star with a nice wardrobe was shown in "Petitiot Fever." Dennis King, the star, was shown as a radio operator on the coast of Greenland or some where about that far from "it," perishing of boredom. A plane crashes there with a lovely and her erud. King throws a dinner for them and appears in a full dress suit—borrowed, maybe, from one of the dresser Eskimos.

An early season floppo was one called "Too Many Heroes," a shrugging little piece about the brutalities of lynching. It started out okay, but fell apart later and became a bore. Going out, a first nighter wanted to know what the ticket meant. "Maybe," said a bitter ticket buyer, "that refers to us."

ADVERTISEMENT.

## Here's How To Ease Chest Cold Discomfort

Penetro Eases Tightness of Chest Muscles—Loosens Phlegm Due To Colds

Stainless, snow-white Penetro—the only rub-in for relief of discomforts due to chest colds—with an entire base of mutton suet—contains from 118% to 227% more medication than any other nationally sold salve for colds.

Penetro is quick melting when makes it easily absorbed—when rubbed into the chest—it swiftly creates that warm, comforting counter-irritant action that eases the tightness of chest muscles—relieves local congestion—loosens phlegm and relieves stubborn

night coughing due to colds. Hours of much needed, relaxing rest and sleep often result from the soothing vapors and comforting action of Penetro.

Millions of users in 37 Nations rely on Penetro—so can you. Stainless Penetro is guaranteed. Money back if not satisfied. 35¢ jar contains twice as much as the 25¢ size. There's even greater economy in the larger sizes. Sold by dealers everywhere. Demand and get Penetro—made by makers of famous St. Joseph Aspirin.

EMILY POST

Writes on "Good Taste" Each Week-Day in the POST-DISPATCH

"With women, Romance comes first. That's why I always advise: GUARD AGAINST COSMETIC SKIN"

"LOVELY SKIN WINS ROMANCE"—and holds it," says this charming young screen star. "So don't risk Cosmetic Skin. You can guard against it easily as I do with Lux Toilet Soap."

Choked pores cause dullness, tiny blemishes, enlarged pores—Cosmetic Skin. Use cosmetics all you like, but before you put on fresh make-up, ALWAYS before you go to bed, protect your skin with Lux Toilet Soap's ACTIVE lather.

9 out of 10 Screen Stars use Lux Toilet Soap

ANNE SHIRLEY

"With women, Romance comes first. That's why I always advise: GUARD AGAINST COSMETIC SKIN"

"LOVELY SKIN WINS ROMANCE"—and holds it," says this charming young screen star. "So don't risk Cosmetic Skin. You can guard against it easily as I do with Lux Toilet Soap."

Choked pores cause dullness, tiny blemishes, enlarged pores—Cosmetic Skin. Use cosmetics all you like, but before you put on fresh make-up, ALWAYS before you go to bed, protect your skin with Lux Toilet Soap's ACTIVE lather.

9 out of 10 Screen Stars use Lux Toilet Soap

ANNE SHIRLEY

"With women, Romance comes first. That's why I always advise: GUARD AGAINST COSMETIC SKIN"

"LOVELY SKIN WINS ROMANCE"—and holds it," says this charming young screen star. "So don't risk Cosmetic Skin. You can guard against it easily as I do with Lux Toilet Soap."

Choked pores cause dullness, tiny blemishes, enlarged pores—Cosmetic Skin. Use cosmetics all you like, but before you put on fresh make-up, ALWAYS before you go to bed, protect your skin with Lux Toilet Soap's ACTIVE lather.

9 out of 10 Screen Stars use Lux Toilet Soap

ANNE SHIRLEY

"With women, Romance comes first. That's why I always advise: GUARD AGAINST COSMETIC SKIN"

"LOVELY SKIN WINS ROMANCE"—and holds it," says this charming young screen star. "So don't risk Cosmetic Skin. You can guard against it easily as I do with Lux Toilet Soap."

Choked pores cause dullness, tiny blemishes, enlarged pores—Cosmetic Skin. Use cosmetics all you like, but before you put on fresh make-up, ALWAYS before you go to bed, protect your skin with Lux Toilet Soap's ACTIVE lather.

9 out of 10 Screen Stars use Lux Toilet Soap

ANNE SHIRLEY

"With women, Romance comes first. That's why I always advise: GUARD AGAINST COSMETIC SKIN"

"LOVELY SKIN WINS ROMANCE"—and holds it," says this charming young screen star. "So don't risk Cosmetic Skin. You can guard against it easily as I do with Lux Toilet Soap."

Choked pores cause dullness, tiny blemishes, enlarged pores—Cosmetic Skin. Use cosmetics all you like, but before you put on fresh make-up, ALWAYS before you go to bed, protect your skin with Lux Toilet Soap's ACTIVE lather.

9 out of 10 Screen Stars use Lux Toilet Soap

RADIO P

KSD Programs

For Tonight

KSD's program schedule for this evening includes:

At 5 p. m. "Terry and the Pirates" serial.

At 5:15, "Dick Tracy," serial.

At 5:30, "Sportlight," with Roy Buckton and Frank Eschen.

At 5:45, "Little Orphan Annie," serial.

At 6, "Amos and Andy."

At 6:15, "Vocal Varieties."

At 6:30, "Vic Arden's orchestra and soloists."

At 6:45, "Alpine Varieties," Basin Street Blues, Linda Rayer, Hal Bailey, baritone; and Russ David's orchestra.

At 7, Russ Morgan's orchestra, "Johnny the Call Boy" and Charles Martin's "Thrill period." A story of how a pilot outwitted a smuggler of Chinese opium.

At 7:15, Wayne King's orchestra.

At 8, "Vox Pop."

At 8:30, Hollywood Mardi Gras program; Lanny Ross, Walter O'Keefe, Charles Butterworth, Don Wilson and Raymond Paige's orchestra.

At 9, Jimmy Fidler's Hollywood Gossip.

At 9:45, Dale Carnegie, noted writer and lecturer.

At 10, Weather Report and sign off for KFDU.

At 11, Louis Armstrong's orchestra.

At 11:30, Al Jahn's orchestra.

St. Louis station broadcast on the following channels: KSD, 550 kc.; KFX, 1250 kc.; KMOX, 1080 kc.; WIL, 1200 kc.; WEA, 750 kc.; KWK, 1230 kc.

12:00 KSD—MIDDAY SPECIALS: FIVE, WITH FRANK ESCHEN. KWK—Radio City Orchestra. WEA—Farm and Home program. WIL—KWK's "The Big Show." KFX—WFLD (51.5 meg.)—Emerson Club Orchestra.

12:15 KSD—Service. Rev. E. H. Beckman; music: organ. KMOX—Songs of All Churches. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

12:30 KMOX—Armed Grims's Daughter. WIL—Radio City Orchestra. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

12:45 KSD—ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS. MARKET REPORTS.

KMOX—Hollywood in Person. WIL—Voice of Experience. WEA—Radio City Orchestra. WFLD—Radio City Orchestra.

1:00 KSD—LUNCHEON DANCE MUSIC. KWK—Radio City Orchestra. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

1:15 KSD—Armed Grims's Daughter. WIL—Radio City Orchestra. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

1:30 KSD—SPORTS AND IVORY, in Music. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

1:45 KSD—Organ recital. KMOX—The O'Neill sketch. WEA—Radio City Orchestra. WIL—Radio City Orchestra.

2:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

2:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

2:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

2:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

3:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

3:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

3:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

3:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

4:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

4:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

4:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

4:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

5:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

5:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

5:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

5:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

6:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

6:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

6:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

6:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

7:00 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

7:15 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

7:30 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.

7:45 KSD—JULIE AND JANE. WEA—Market and Livestock report.



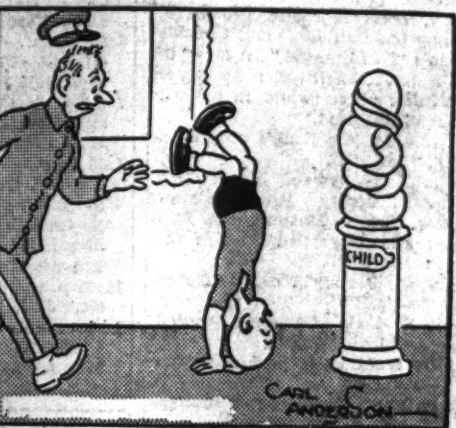




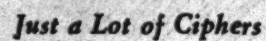
(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



(Copyright, 1938.)



**Parliament Discusses Spanish Government Charge That Italian Craft Sank English Freighter, Killing 10.**

to the Associated Press.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden of Britain called today for rigid enforcement of the three-Power Mediterranean warship patrol to put down a "revival of piracy" growing out of Spain's civil war.

Eden called on France and Italy—sharing with Britain the patrol set up by the Nyon accord of last fall—to join in direct action against the recurring submarine menace.

The House of Commons discussed Spanish Government charges that Italy was responsible for the latest submarine sinking of a British ship. Eden told the House Britain had acted immediately to strengthen the patrol after the sinking of the freighter *Endymion* by an unidentified submarine off Cartagena, Spain, Sunday with the loss of 10 lives. He said he had definite proposals to put to the Ambassadors of France and Italy, whom he had summoned to conference.

Eden's "test" of France and Italy in the *Endymion* sinking was preferable, "For obvious reasons," to handing the question over to the now-moving Non-intervention Com-

**Suggestions From Floor.**

In Commons, David Rhys Grenfell, Laborite, suggested that the Non-Intervention Committee be informed there was "considerable ground for assuming that the attacks on shipping were caused by nations who had pledged themselves to non-intervention."

Eden said the Spanish Government charges against Italy had "nothing to do with the immediate question." He went on:

"I have to deal with a particular incident connected with a submarine—it is for that purpose I am having a meeting this afternoon"—his conference with the Ambassador.

Geoffrey L. Mander, Liberal, interjected: "Will the pirates be represented in this conference?"

Clement R. Attlee, leader of the Labor opposition, proposed a warning to insurgent Generalissimo Francisco Franco that "further outrages on British subjects will be met by confiscation of one or more of his ships."

Eden said it was impossible for him to have information about "30,000 troops in Italy said to be going to Spain."

Advices from the Spanish Government said Italy had placed at Franco's disposal four big destroyers and two submarines, and that was an Italian submarine that sank the *Edmundo*.

**British Search Continues.**

In the Western Mediterranean, eight British destroyers continued their search for the submarine responsible for what Eden called an "unjustified attack on the *Edmundo*."

Eden's proposals were laid before Chamberlain, French Ambassador, and Count Dino Grandi, Italian Ambassador, when they met with him for an hour after he had spoken in Commons.

In commenting on the bombing raids in the Spanish War, Foreign Secretary Eden today placed responsibility for their renewal squarely on the insurgents, whose bombs have killed hundreds in Barcelona, Valencia and other Eastern Spanish cities in the last two weeks.

In the House of Commons, he said:

"In recent weeks raids by insurgent bombing planes have greatly increased in intensity and inevitably have led to retaliatory action."

He said Britain would be ready "any time to join 'any international endeavor' to end the bombing."

Eden's statement followed an announcement by the British Government that it would appeal to both Spanish factions to stop indiscriminate air bombardment of cities beyond the lines. Franco announced similar action yesterday.